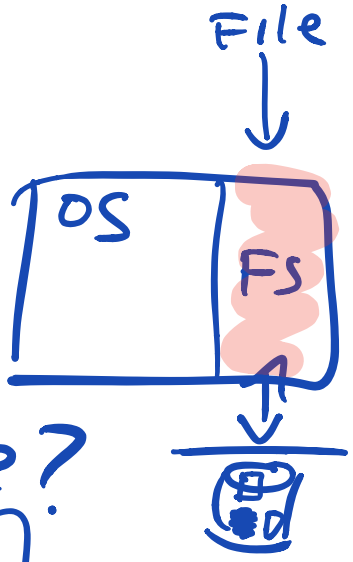
Today (4/11)

=> Files / Directories: ← lecture

=> P4a : MapReduce

Files / Directories:

Abstraction:



File: what is a file?

unix: [array of bytes] ← unstructured
- read/write
- create/delete

has:
- low-level name => number

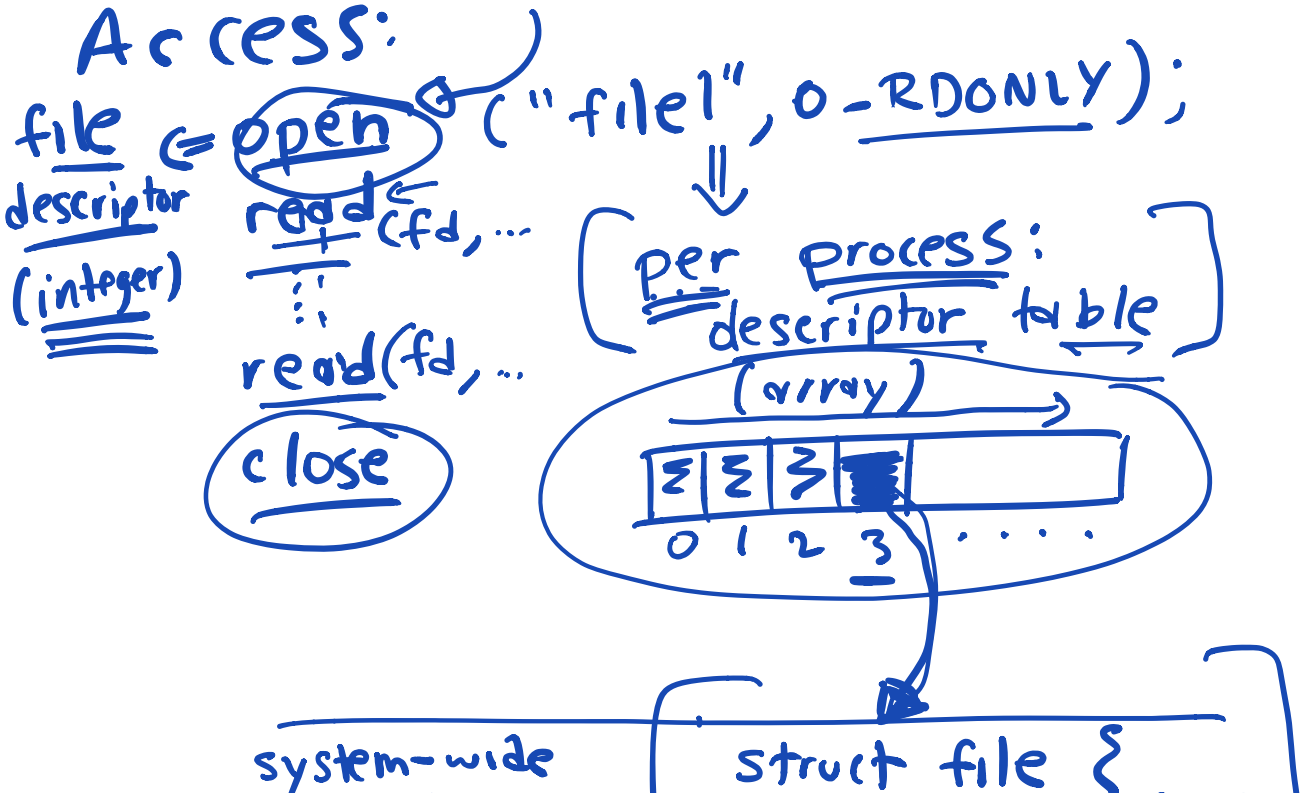
other attributes:
- => size, permissions, when accessed/modified
- => location(s) on disk

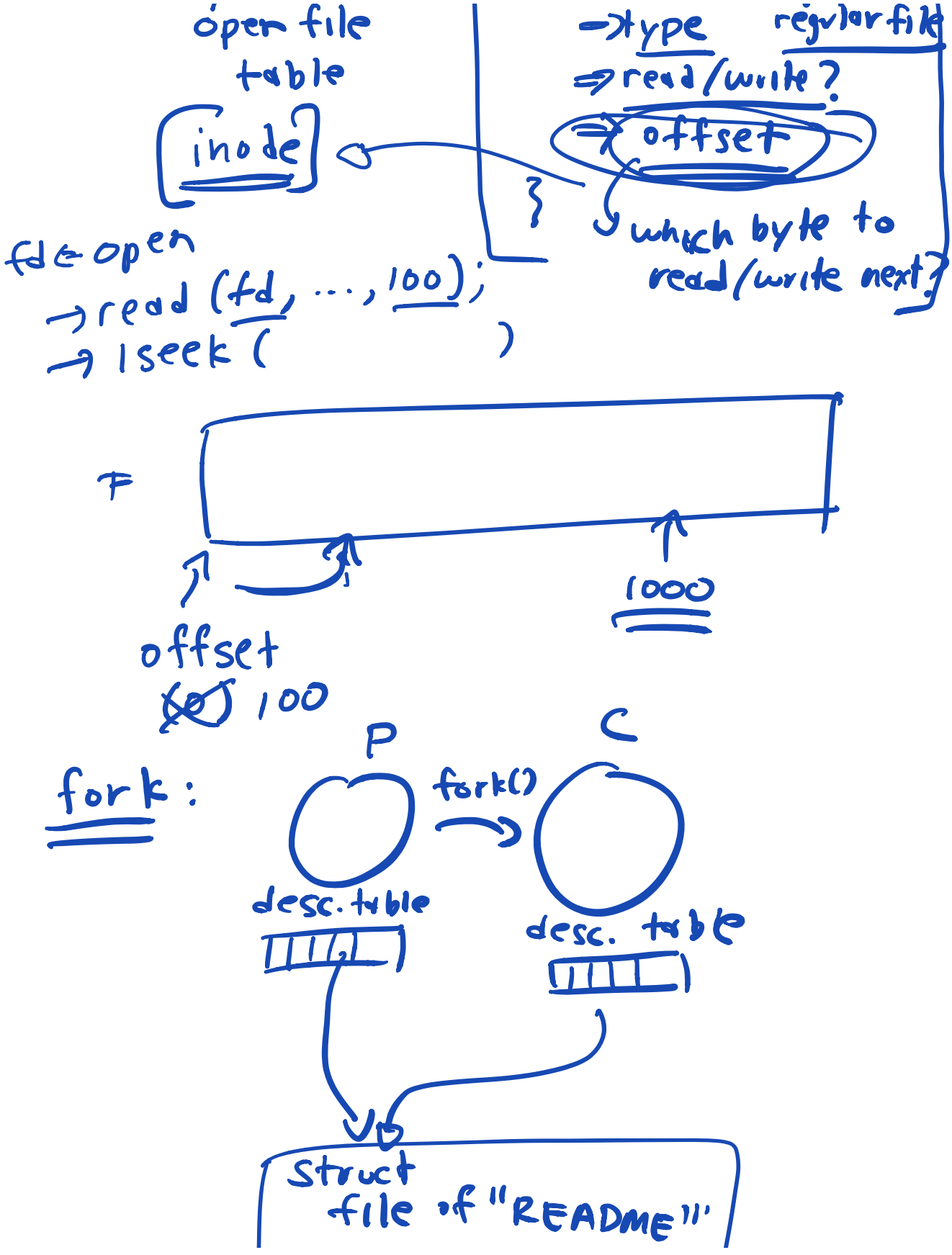
Directory: special type of file

Specific:
array of records (files or dirs)
each record: "name" (human readable) => low-level name (inode number)

Arrange Files + Dirs:
in Tree, w/ root
root has special name: /
(more later)

Access:




open file table
inode
type
regular file
read/write?
offset
which byte to read/write next?
fd = open
read (fd, ..., 100);
lseek (
F
1000
offset
100
fork:
P
C
fork()
desc. table
desc. table
struct file of "README"

offset

remove file:

rm command line program

unlink() (sys call)

why?

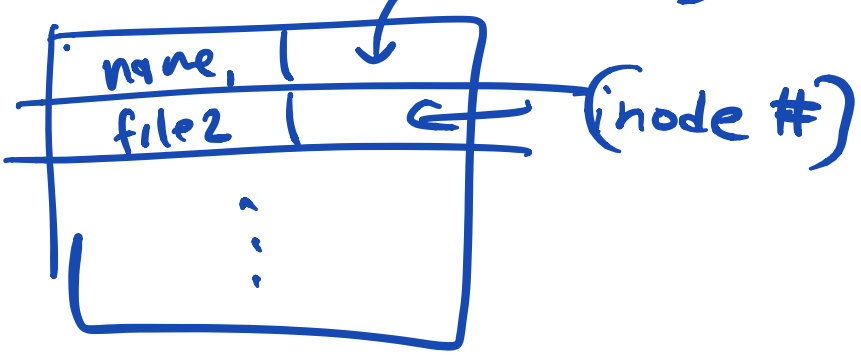
rename

mv cmd line

rename()

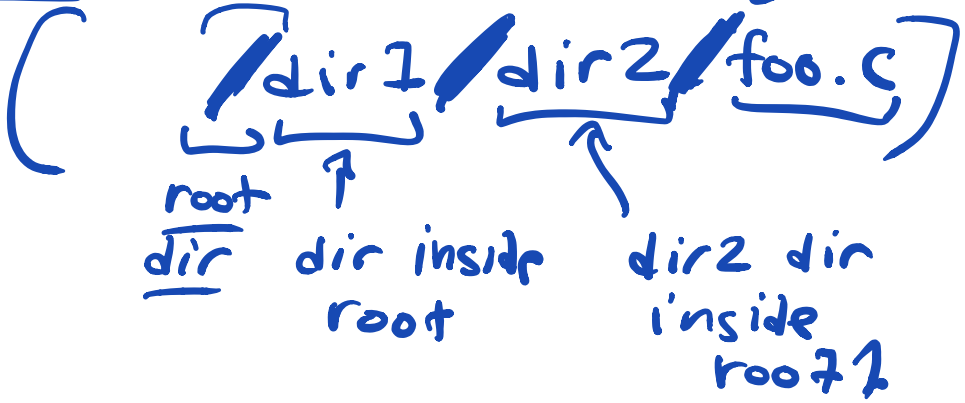
"name" "name2" → low-level name (number)

Directory (inode #)



Pathname:

absolute: starts at root of dir tree



foo.c : file inside dir2

Open ("/dir1/dir2/foo.c", ...)

opens root dir
looks for dir1 => low-level name
opens dir1
looks for dir2
etc.

relative: don't start at root

"file1" [current working dir]

"../foo"
↳ parent dir

special: dir entries

. current dir

.. parent

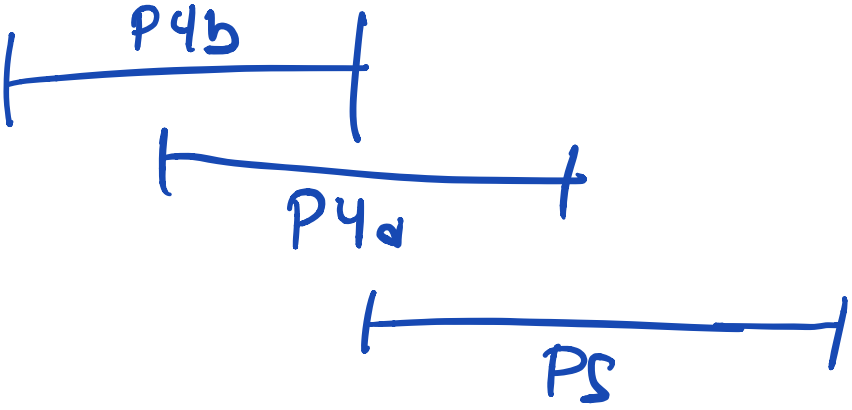
Hard Links:

cmd line prog: ln

ln existing newname

file	7090
file2	7090

P4a:



input file:

OS class is fun class

```
map (file)
   foreach w in file:
      emit(w, "1");
```

↓

OS, 1 ← out of map()

class, 1

is, 1

fun, 1

class, 1

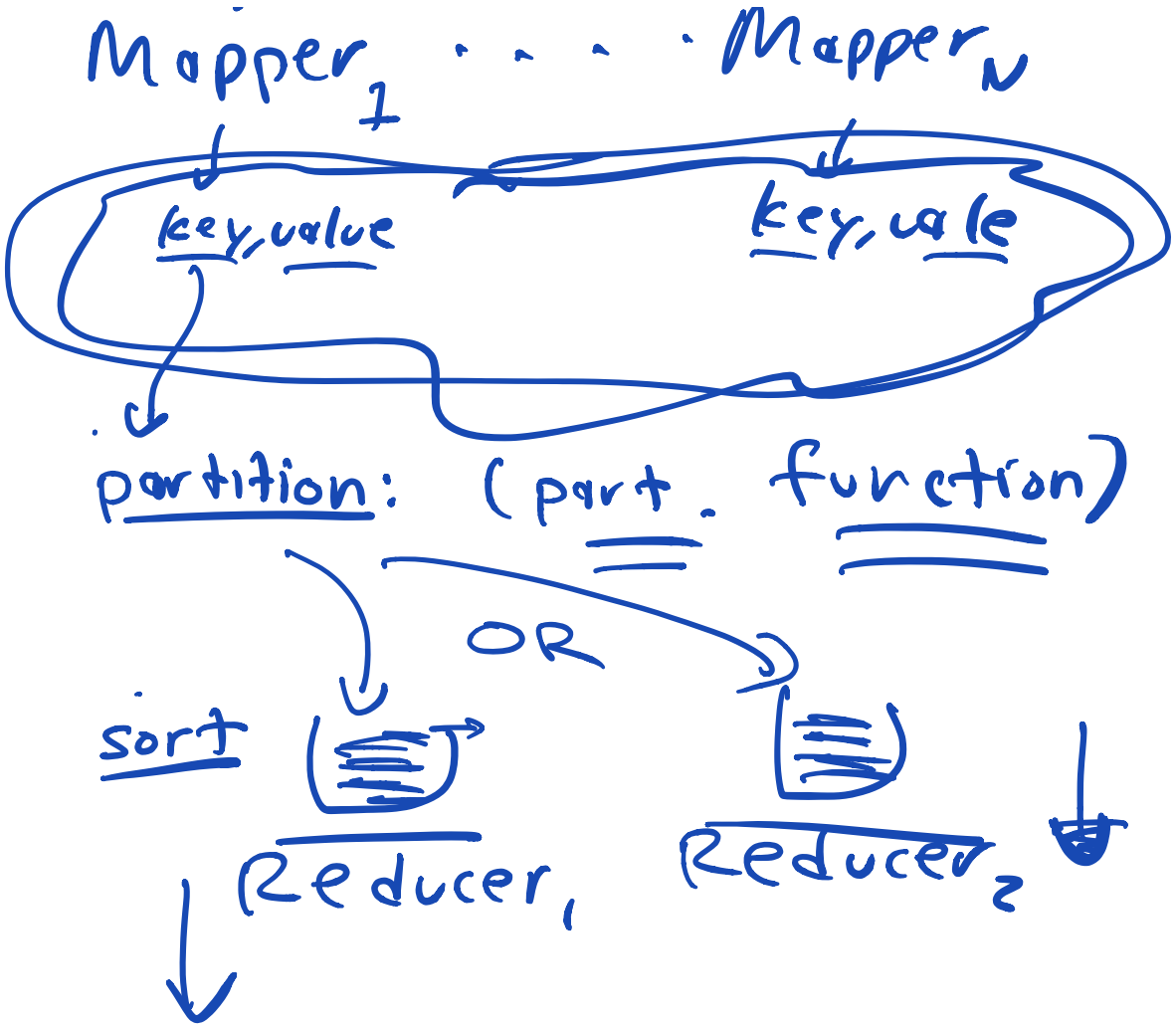
reduce (OS, 1)

print "OS", 1

reduce class, 1, 1

print class, 2

{ {


Mapper 1
Mapper N
key, value
key, value
partition: (part. function)
OR
sort
Reducer 1
Reducer 2