

Day 8: Standard Library

Suggested Reading:

<http://perldoc.perl.org/index-functions.html>

“Perl functions by category” + skim a few

Homework Review

Regular Expression Leftovers

Groups

(...) groups a match

```
/(in){2}/    dining, feminine  
             in, ini, nine
```

matching groups are remembered in \$1, \$2, ...

```
if ($phone =~ /(\d{3})-\d{3}-\d{4}/) {  
    $area_code = $1;  
}
```

can use captures in substitutions

```
$string =~ s/(\w+), (\w+)/$2, $1/;  
'a big, great cat' => 'a great, big cat'
```

Alternatives

(...|...) matches one or the other

```
/d(og|im)/ dog, dim, dime  
           dom, dig
```

() optional when | applies to whole pattern

```
/here|hear/ here, there, hear, heart, gatherer  
           her, har, ...
```

gets messy...

```
if (/^((1[0-2])|([1-9])):([0-5]\d)$/) {  
    print "hour: $1, minute: $4\n";  
}
```

And Now...



(Some) Built-In Functions

Numeric Functions

int abs · sqrt exp log · sin cos atan2 · hex oct · srand rand

int(3.14159) => 3

abs(-3) => 3

sqrt(100) => 10

hex('AF') => 175

oct('257') => 175

rand(10) => 6.46860370253311

rand(10) => 9.41780438684997

String Functions

chop chomp · lc lcfirst uc ucfirst · chr ord · tr///
length index rindex substr · sprintf · reverse

```
ord( 'A' ) => 65
```

```
chr(65)   => 'A'
```

```
index( 'start', 'tar' ) => 1
```

```
substr( 'stop', 1, 2)   => 'to'
```

```
substr( 'stop', -3)    => 'top'
```

```
sprintf( '[%5.2f]', 3.14159) => [ 3.14]
```

Array & Hash Functions

push pop shift unshift · splice · split join · reverse
exists delete · keys values each

```
my @a = ( 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 );  
my @b = splice(@a, 1, 3);  
# @a == ( 1, 5 )  
# @b == ( 2, 3, 4 )  
  
splice(@a, 1, 0, 'a', 'b');  
# @a == ( 1, 'a', 'b', 5 )
```

3 Amazing Functions

sort()

Sort a list in *string* order

```
my @a = ( 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17 );  
my @b = sort(@a);  
  
=> ( 1, 11, 13, 17, 2, 3, 5, 7 )
```

Sort hash keys

```
foreach my $key (sort keys %hash) {  
    print "$key => $hash{$key}\n";  
}
```

Custom sort(): The Long Way

```
sub compare_numbers {  
    if ($a < $b) { return -1; }  
    if ($a > $b) { return 1; }  
    return 0;  
}  
  
my @a = ( 10, 5, 22, 3, 1, 17 );  
my @b = sort compare_numbers @a;  
  
=> ( 1, 3, 5, 10, 17, 22 )
```

Custom sort (): The Perl Way

```
my @a = ( 10, 5, 22, 3, 1, 17 );  
my @b = sort { $a <=> $b } @a;  
  
=> ( 1, 3, 5, 10, 17, 22 )
```

grep()

grep BLOCK LIST

grep EXPR, LIST

```
my @list = ( 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12 );  
my @filtered_1 = grep { $_ % 2 } @list;  
my @filtered_2 = grep($_ % 2, @list);
```

```
open(INPUT, $filename) or die "hard $!\n";  
my @comments = grep(/^s*#/ , <INPUT>);  
close(INPUT);
```

```
my $hits = grep(exists $hash{$_}, @array);
```


map()

map BLOCK LIST

map EXPR, LIST

```
my @list = ( 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12 );  
my @new_list = map($_ + 1, @list);  
=> ( 2, 3, 4, 11, 12, 13 )
```

```
sub uniq {  
    my %hash = map { $_ => 1 } @_;  
    return keys %hash;  
}
```

Back to Functions

Input/Output Functions

warn die · open getc <> (readline) read close
print printf · opendir readdir closedir

```
warn "Something bad happened!\n";
```

```
open(INPUT, $filename) or die "... $!\n";  
while (my $character = getc(INPUT)) {  
    # ...  
}
```

```
printf( '[%5.2f]', 3.14159);
```

File and Directory Functions

-X (-r, -w, ...) stat lstat · glob · chdir mkdir rmdir
chmod chown · link symlink readlink · unlink rename

```
my ($dev, $ino, $mode, $nlink, $uid, $gid,  
    $rdev, $size, $atime, $mtime, $ctime,  
    $blksize, $blocks) = stat($filename);
```

```
chdir $new_directory;
```

```
if (-l $path) {  
    my $real_path = readlink($path);  
}
```

Modules

Modules

Perl *Module* = library of pre-written code

```
use Benchmark;  
use POSIX qw/strftime floor ceil/;
```

CPAN : Comprehensive Perl Archive Network

www.cpan.org

search.cpan.org

perldoc.perl.org — “Modules”

File::Basename

Pick apart file paths

```
use File::Basename;
```

```
my $path = '/usr/share/dict/words';
```

```
my $dir = dirname($path);
```

```
my $name = basename($path);
```

```
$dir    => /usr/share/dict
```

```
$name   => words
```

File::Find

Recursive directory reader (like shell `find`)

```
use File::Find;
find(&find_handler, @directories);

sub find_handler {
    return if /\.{1,2}/; # $_ is filename
    if (-f $_) {
        print "In '$File::Find::dir', ";
        print "found '$File::Find::name'\n";
    }
}
```


POSIX 'strftime'

Convert dates to readable strings

```
use POSIX 'strftime';  
strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S', localtime);
```

```
=> 2010-07-23 11:47:32
```

Last 2 Slides...

Other Scripting Languages

- All have standard libraries, functions, etc.
- Just a matter of learning what is available
- Find a good reference (book, website, ...)
- Don't reinvent the wheel!

Homework

- Print interesting info about directories, recursively
- Use built-in functions and modules as appropriate
- Will involve a good data structure, too