Java Reserved Words

A reserved word in Java is a special word that gets recognized by the compiler.

When the compiler sees a reserved word, it is prompted to do a unique task.

Reserved words cannot be used for any other purpose in Java, besides their unique task. Below is a list of the words and their purpose. You may not understand all of the terms listed below, but you should familiarize yourself with them before you start programming.

- 1. <u>boolean</u> used for declaring a type boolean
- 2. <u>break</u> a reserved word in java that will immediately break out of the loop
- 3. <u>byte</u> used for declaring a type byte
- 4. catch used to handle exceptions
- 5. char used for declaring a type char
- 6. <u>class</u> used for creating a new class
- 7. <u>do</u> used to declare a do-while loop
- 8. double used for declaring a type double
- 9. <u>else</u> contains a block of code to do if the "if-statement" is false
- 10. final a reserved word in java that declares a value in java to be a constant
- 11. float used for declaring a type float
- 12. <u>for</u> used to declare a for loop
- 13. if used to make an if statement
- 14. int used for declaring a type int

- 15. <u>long</u> used for declaring a type long
- 16. new used for declaring a new Object, Array, or ArrayList
- 17. <u>private</u> used to declare something as private, or not able to be accessed
- 18. <u>return</u> a word in java used to return a value in a method
- 19. short used for declaring a type short
- 20. static used to declare something as static, or shared
- 21. switch used to declare a switch statement
- 22. throw used to avoid handling the program crashing
- 23. <u>try</u> contains text that will be "caught" and handled if the program crashes
- 24. void declares that a method does not return any value
- 25. while used to declare a while loop