

Common Linear Programs and Their Duals  
 CS 787  
 Spring 2018

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \min cx & \longleftrightarrow \max yb \\
 Ax \geq b & yA \leq c \\
 x \geq 0 & y \geq 0
 \end{array} \tag{1}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \min cx & \longleftrightarrow \max yb \\
 Ax = b & yA \leq c \\
 x \geq 0 &
 \end{array} \tag{2}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \min cx & \longleftrightarrow \max yb \\
 Ax = b & yA = c
 \end{array} \tag{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \min px & \longleftrightarrow \max -ub - wf - vd \\
 Ax \leq b & -uA - w - vC \leq p \\
 Cx = d & u \geq 0 \\
 0 \leq x \leq f & w \geq 0
 \end{array} \tag{4}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \min px + qy & \longleftrightarrow \max ud + vq + wk \\
 Bx + Cy \geq d & uB + vE + wH \leq p \\
 Ex + Fy = g & uC + vF + wJ = q \\
 Hx + Jy \leq k & u \geq 0 \\
 & w \leq 0
 \end{array} \tag{5}$$

Sources: (1)–(3) from E.L. Lawler, *Combinatorial Optimization: Networks and Matroids*, pp. 54-55; (4)–(5) from M. C. Ferris, O. L. Mangasarian, and S. J. Wright, *Linear Programming with MATLAB*, pp. 107-109.