- (1) Determine two distinct best approximations to ()² from $\Pi_{0,2}[-1..1] \subset L_2[-1..1]$ and prove that there are no others.
- (2) Let $X = c_0 := \{f : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{R} : \lim_{n \to \infty} f(n) = 0\}$ be the ls of real sequences that converge to 0. As a closed linear subspace of ℓ_{∞} , it is a Banach space wrto the uniform norm. For M, take

$$M:=\{f_0,f_1,\ldots\},\,$$

(in particular, M is a countable set), with

$$f_j := (\underbrace{1, \dots, 1}_{j \text{ terms}}, 0, \dots), \quad j = 0, 1, 2, \dots.$$

Prove that M is a bounded existence set, yet fails to be nearly compact.

- (3) Prove that compactness of T is essential for the characterization theorem, 30, by considering best approximation from $M = \Pi_0 \subset C((-1..1))$ to the function $g = ()^1$. Specifically, show that, with $m \in \mathcal{P}_M(g)$, no linear functional $\lambda_{U,w} \perp M$ with $\#U \leq 2$ takes on its norm on g m.
- (4) Recall that T is the *circle*. Show that any linear Haar subspace of $C(\mathbf{T})$ necessarily has odd dimension.