

Labeling Library Functions in Stripped Binaries

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PASTE 2011

Szeged, Hungary

September 5, 2011



Why Binary Code?

- Source code isn't available
- Source code isn't the right representation



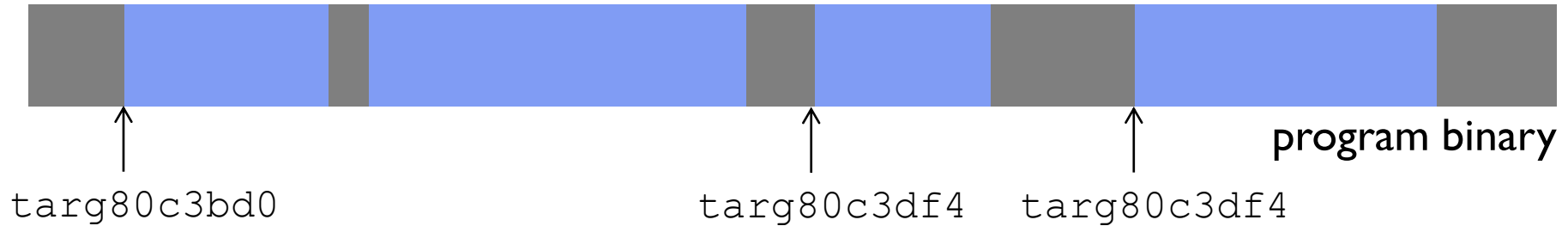
Binary Tools Need Symbol Tables

- Debugging Tools
 - GDB, IDA Pro...
- Instrumentation Tools
 - PIN, Dyninst,...
- Static Analysis Tools
 - CodeSurfer/x86,...
- Security Analysis Tools
 - IDA Pro,...



Restoring Information

Function locations

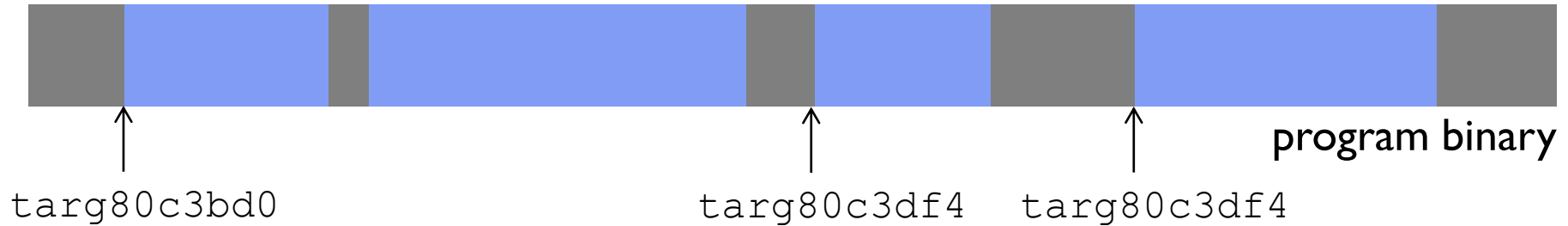


Complicated by:

- Missing symbol information
- Variability in function layout (e.g. code sharing, outlined basic blocks)
- High degree of indirect control flow



Restoring Information



What about semantic information?

- Program's interaction with the operating system
(*system calls*) encapsulated by *wrapper functions*

*Library fingerprinting: identify functions
based on patterns learned from exemplar libraries*



unstrip

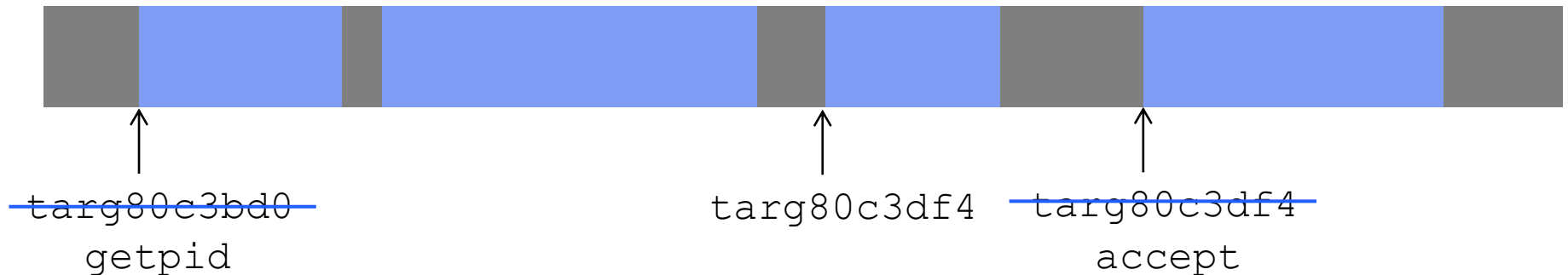
stripped binary parsing

+

library fingerprinting

+

binary rewriting



Save registers

Invoke a system
call

<accept>:

```
mov %ebx, %edx
mov %0x66, %eax
mov $0x5, %ebx
lea 0x4(%esp), %ecx
int $0x80

mov %edx, %ebx
cmp %0xffffffff83, %eax
jae syscall_error
ret
```

Set up system
call arguments

Error check and
return

<accept>:

```
cmpl $0x0,%gs:0xc  
jne 80f669c
```

```
mov %ebx, %edx  
mov $0x66,%eax  
mov $0x5,%ebx  
lea 0x4(%esp),%ecx  
int $0x80
```

```
mov %edx, %ebx  
cmp $0xffffffff83,%eax  
jae syscall_error  
ret
```

```
push %esi  
call enable_asyncancel  
mov %eax,%esi  
mov %ebx,%edx
```

```
mov $0x66,%eax  
mov $0x5,%ebx  
lea 0x8(%esp),%ecx  
int $0x80
```

```
mov %edx, %ebx  
xchg %eax,%esi  
call disable_asyncancel  
mov %esi,%eax  
pop %esi  
cmp $0xffffffff83,%eax  
jae syscall_error  
ret
```

<accept>:

```
mov %e  
mov %C  
mov $0
```

glibc 2.2.4 on RHEL with GCC 2.95.3

glibc 2.5 on RHEL with GCC 4.1.2

```
int $0x80
```

```
mov %edx, %ebx
```

```
mov $0x66,%eax  
mov $0x5,%ebx  
lea 0x8(%esp),%ecx  
call *0x8181578
```

```
mov %edx, %ebx  
xchg %eax,%esi  
call disable_asyncancel  
mov %esi,%eax  
pop %esi  
cmp $0xffffffff83,%eax  
jae syscall_error  
ret
```

```
3,%eax  
ror
```

The same function
can be realized in
a variety of ways
in the binary

<accept>:

```
cmpl $0x0,%gs:0xc  
jne 80f669c
```

```
mov %ebx, %edx  
mov $0x66,%eax  
mov $0x5,%ebx  
lea 0x4(%esp),%ecx  
call *0x814e93c
```

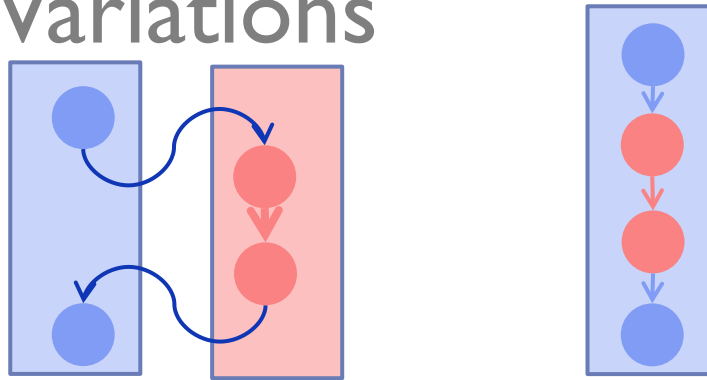
```
mov %edx, %ebx  
cmp $0xffffffff83,%eax  
jae syscall_error  
ret
```

```
push %esi  
call enable_asyncancel  
mov %eax,%esi  
mov %ebx,%edx
```

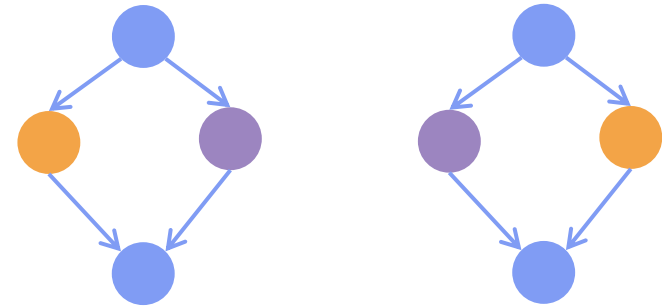
glibc 2.5 on RHEL with GCC 3.4.4

Binary-level Code Variations

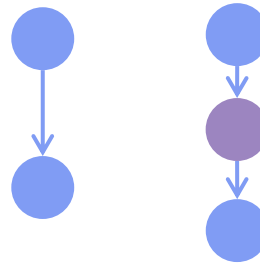
- Function inlining



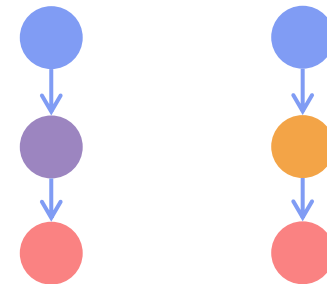
- Code reordering



- Minor code changes



- Alternative code sequences



Semantic Descriptors

- Rather than recording byte patterns, we take a semantic approach
- Record information that is likely to be invariant across multiple versions of the function

<accept>:

mov %ebx, %edx

mov %0x66, %eax

mov \$0x5, %ebx

lea 0x4(%esp), %ecx

int \$0x80

mov %edx, %ebx

cmp %0xffffffff83, %eax

jae 8048300

ret

mov %esi, %esi

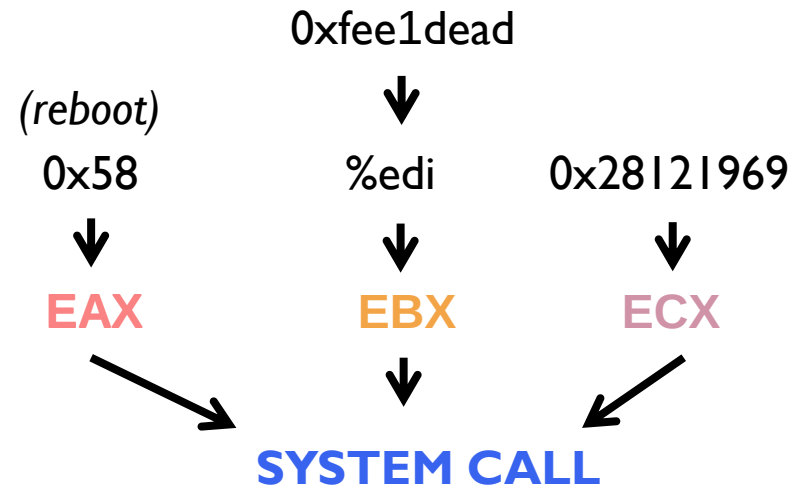
→ {<socketcall, 5>}



Building Semantic Descriptors

binary

```
reboot:
    push %ebp
    mov %esp,%ebp
    sub $0x10,%esp
    push %edi
    push %ebx
    mov 0x8(%ebp),%edx
    mov $0xf0000000,%edi
    mov $0x28121969,%ecx
    push %ebx
    mov %edi,%ebx
    mov $0x58,%eax
    int $0x80
    ...
```

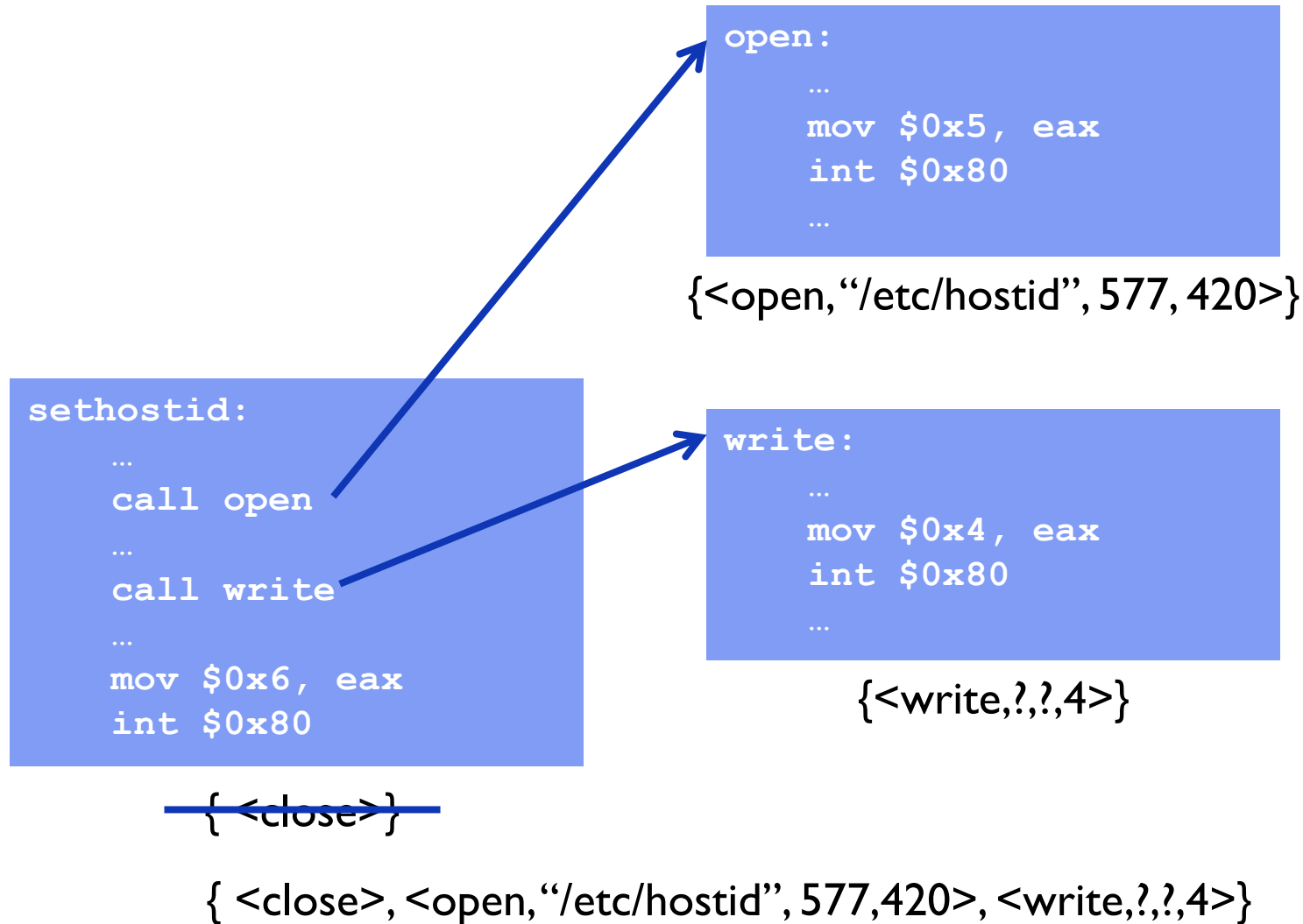


{<reboot, 0xf0000000, 0x28121969>}

We parse an input binary, locate system calls and wrapper function calls, and employ dataflow analysis.



Building Semantic Descriptors Recursively



Building a Descriptor Database

glibc
reference
library



```
<accept>:  
  mov %ebx, %edx  
  mov %0x66,%eax  
  mov $0x5,%ebx  
  lea 0x4(%esp),%ecx  
  int $0x80  
  ...
```

Locate wrapper functions



```
{<socketcall, 5>}: accept  
{<socketcall, 4>}: listen  
{<getpid>}: getpid  
...
```

Build semantic
descriptors

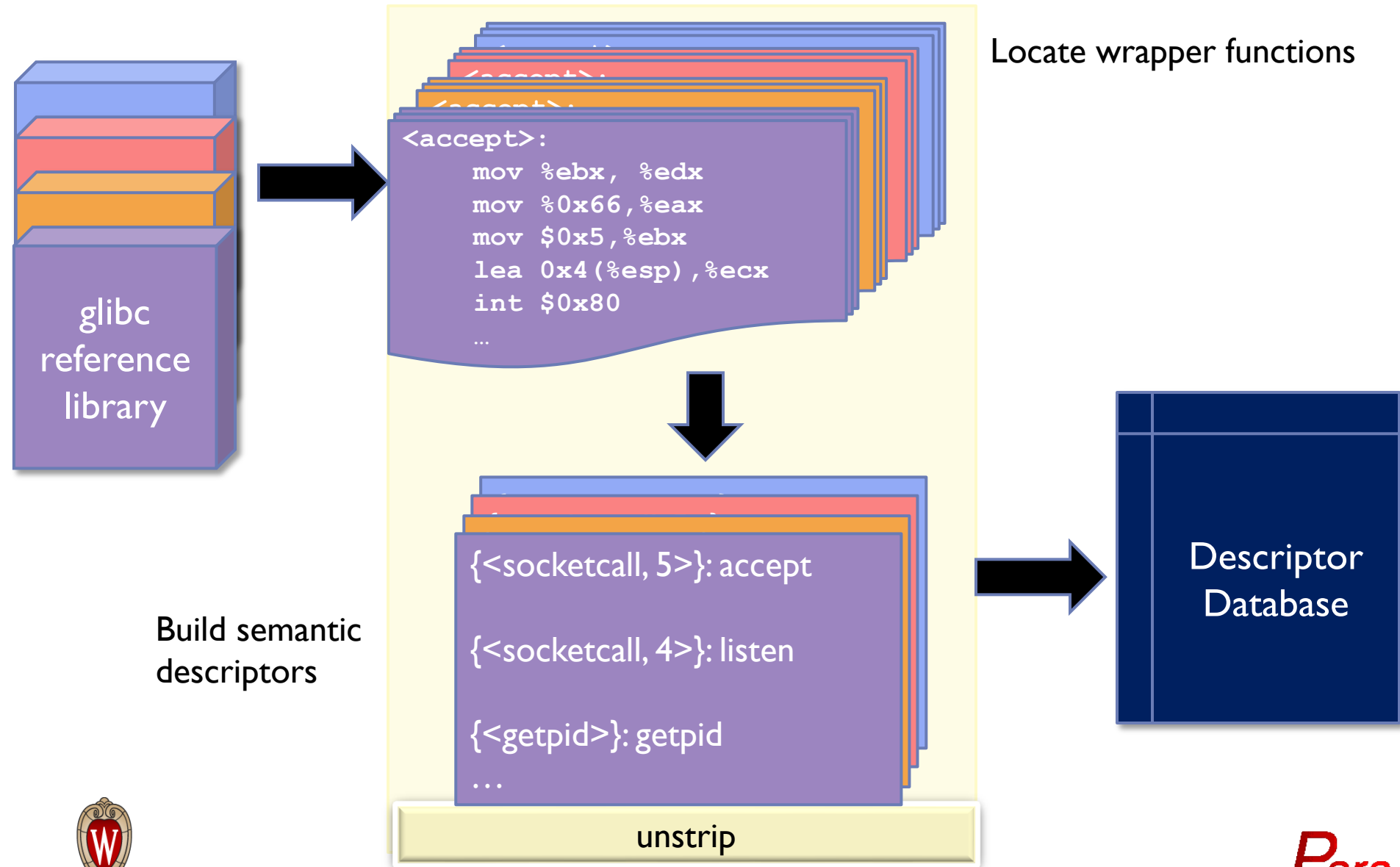


Descriptor
Database

unstrip



Building a Descriptor Database



Pattern Matching Criteria

- Two stages
 - 1) Exact matches
 - 2) Best match based on coverage criterion
- Handle minor code variations by allowing flexible matches



Pattern Matching Criteria

fingerprint from the **database**



A: {<socketcall,5>}

B: {<socketcall,5>, <socketcall,5>, <futex>}



semantic descriptor from the **code**

$$\text{coverage}(A,B) = \frac{|A \cap B|}{|B|}$$

$$A \cap B = \{ b \in B \mid b \in A \}$$

$$\text{coverage}(A,B) = \frac{2}{3}$$

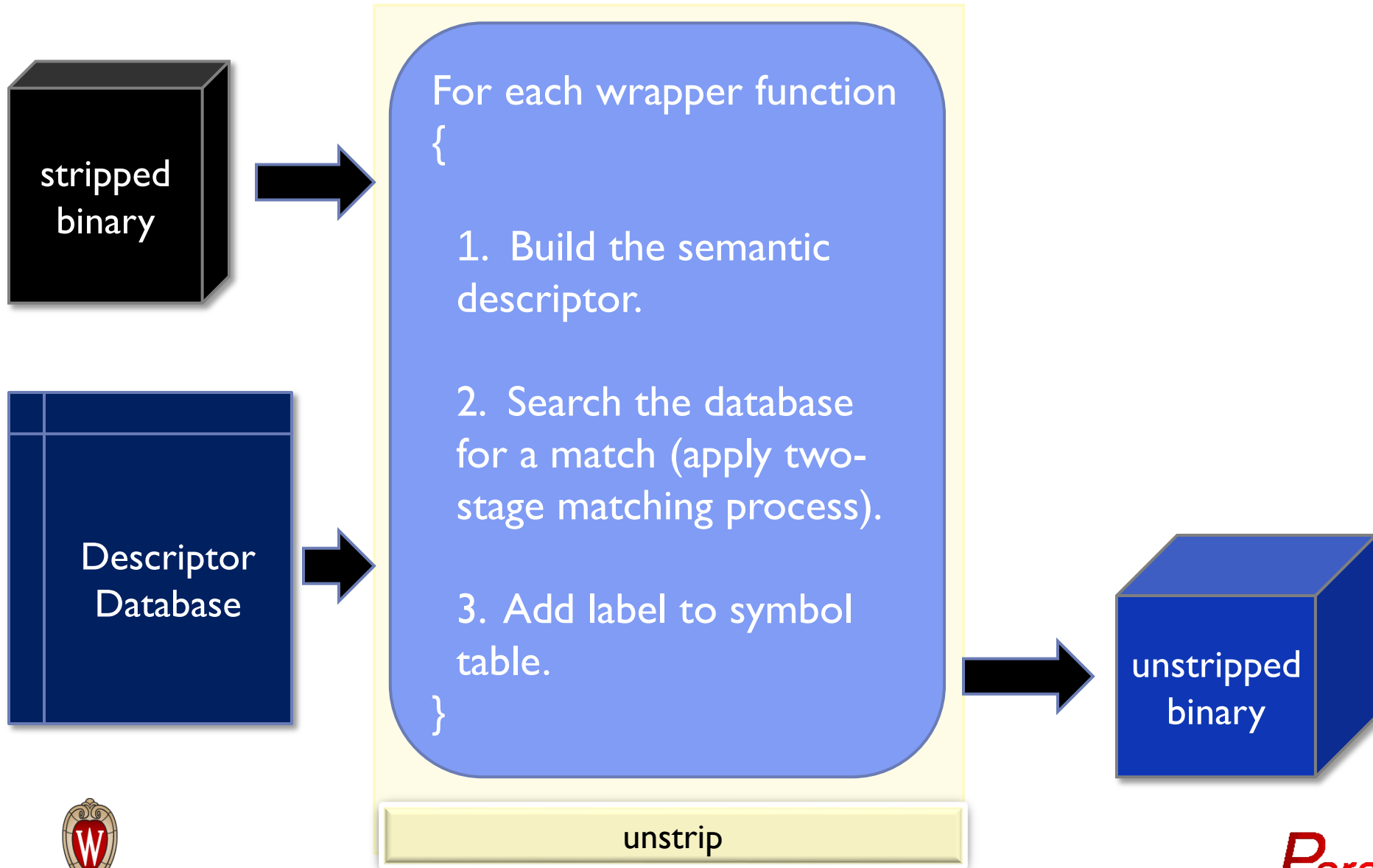


Multiple Matches

- It's possible that two or more functions are indistinguishable
- Policy decision: return set of potential matches
- In practice, we've observed 8% of functions have multiple matches, but the size of the match set is small (≤ 3)



Identifying Functions in a Stripped Binary



Implementation

stripped binary parsing

+

library fingerprinting

+

binary rewriting

Dyninst

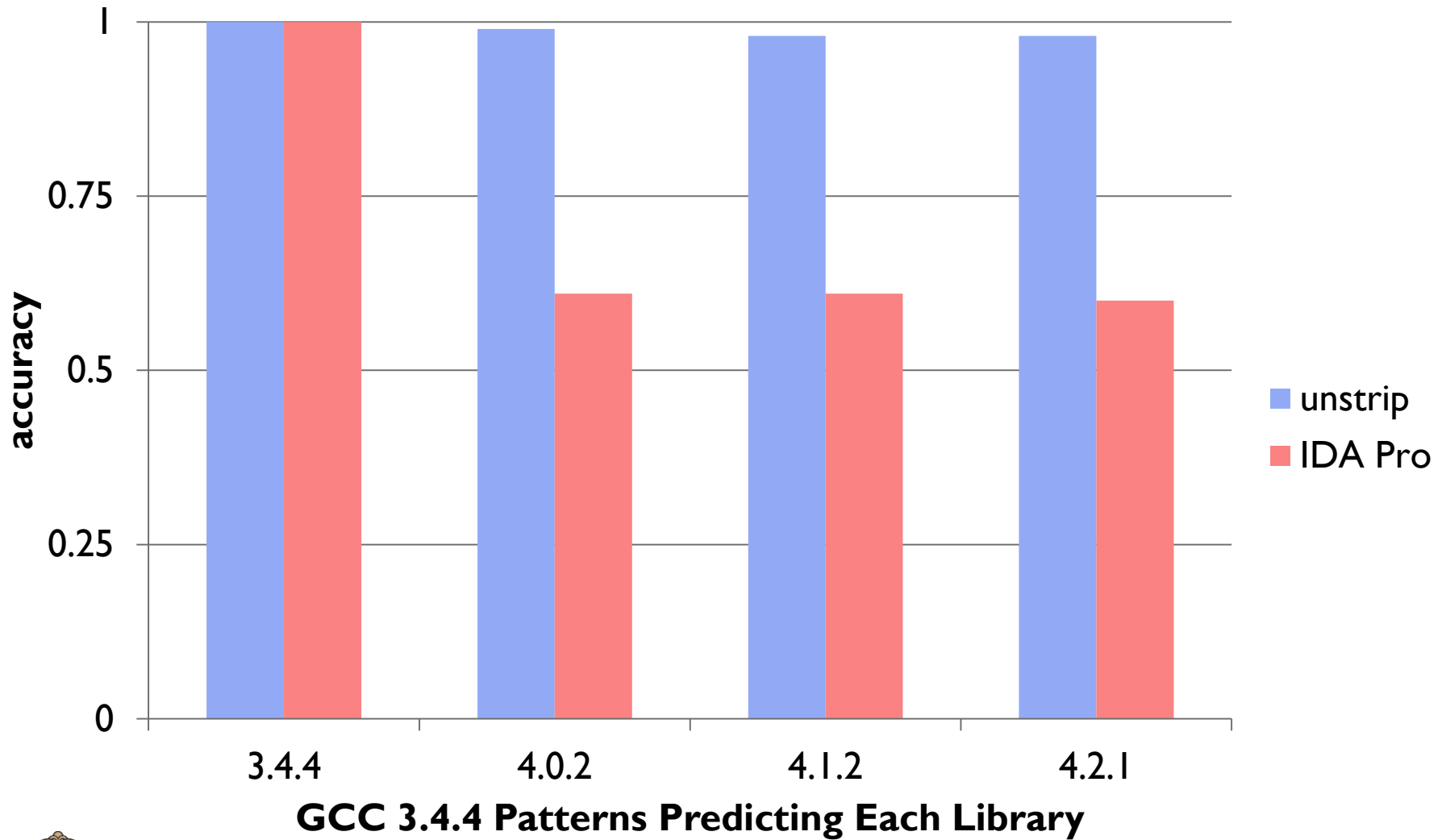


Evaluation

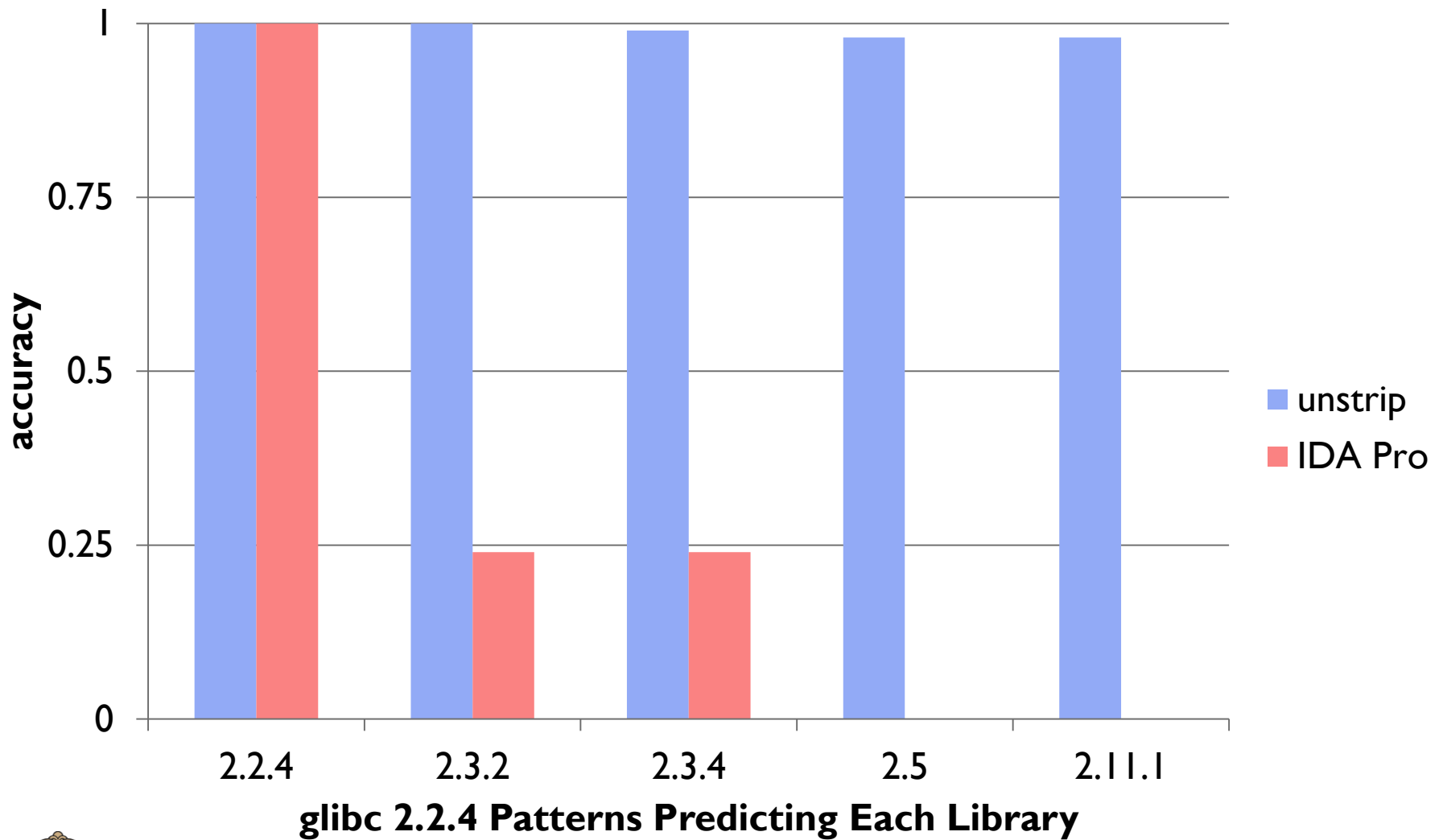
- To evaluate across three dimensions of variation, we constructed three data sets:
 - GCC version
 - glibc version
 - distribution vendor
- In each set, compile statically-linked binaries, build a DDB, compare unstrip to IDA Pro's FLIRT
- Evaluation measure is accuracy



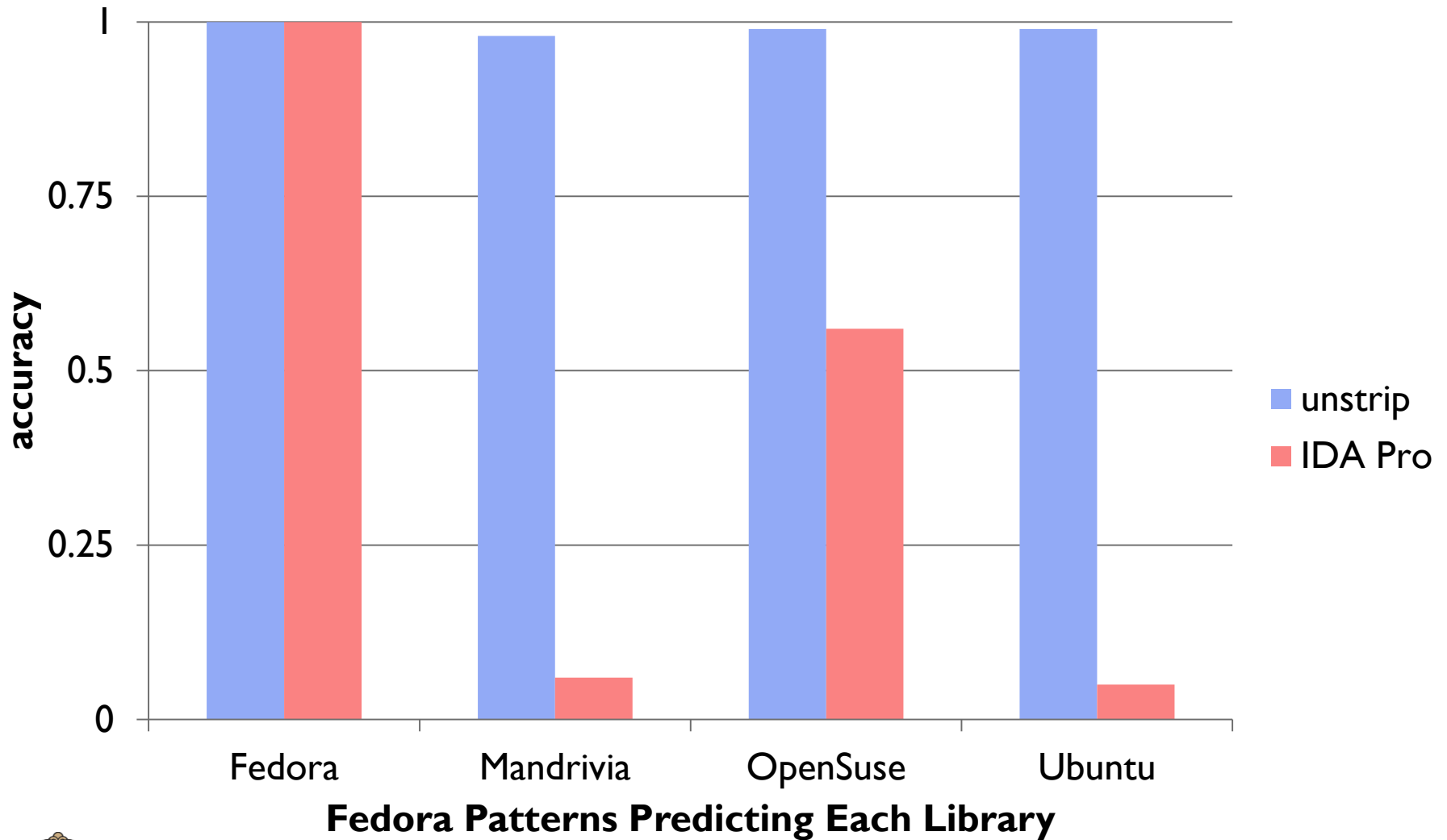
Evaluation Results: GCC Version Study



Evaluation Results: glibc Version Study



Evaluation Results: Distribution Study



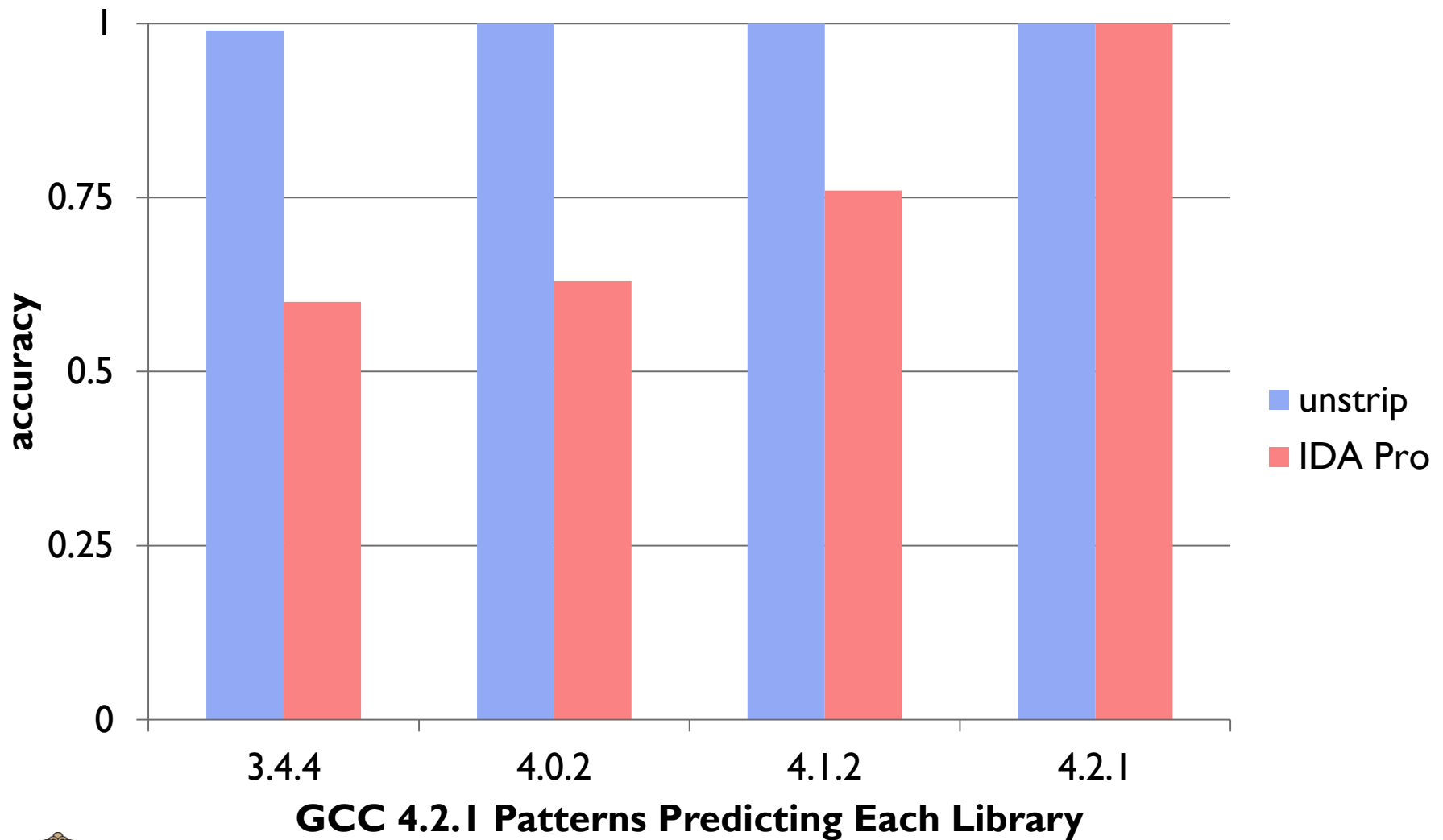
unstrip is available at

<http://www.paradyn.org/html/tools/unstrip.html>

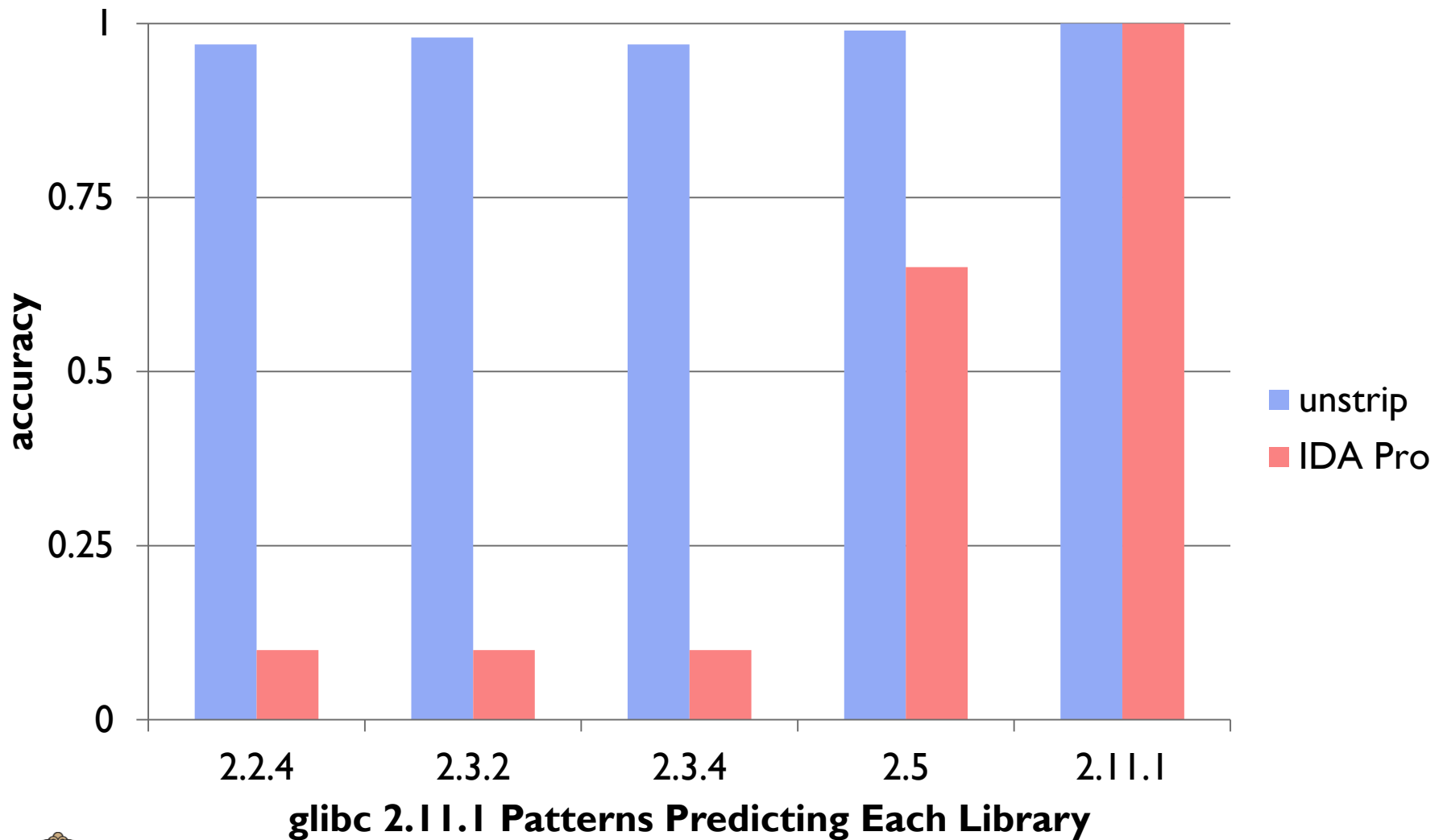


Backup slides follow

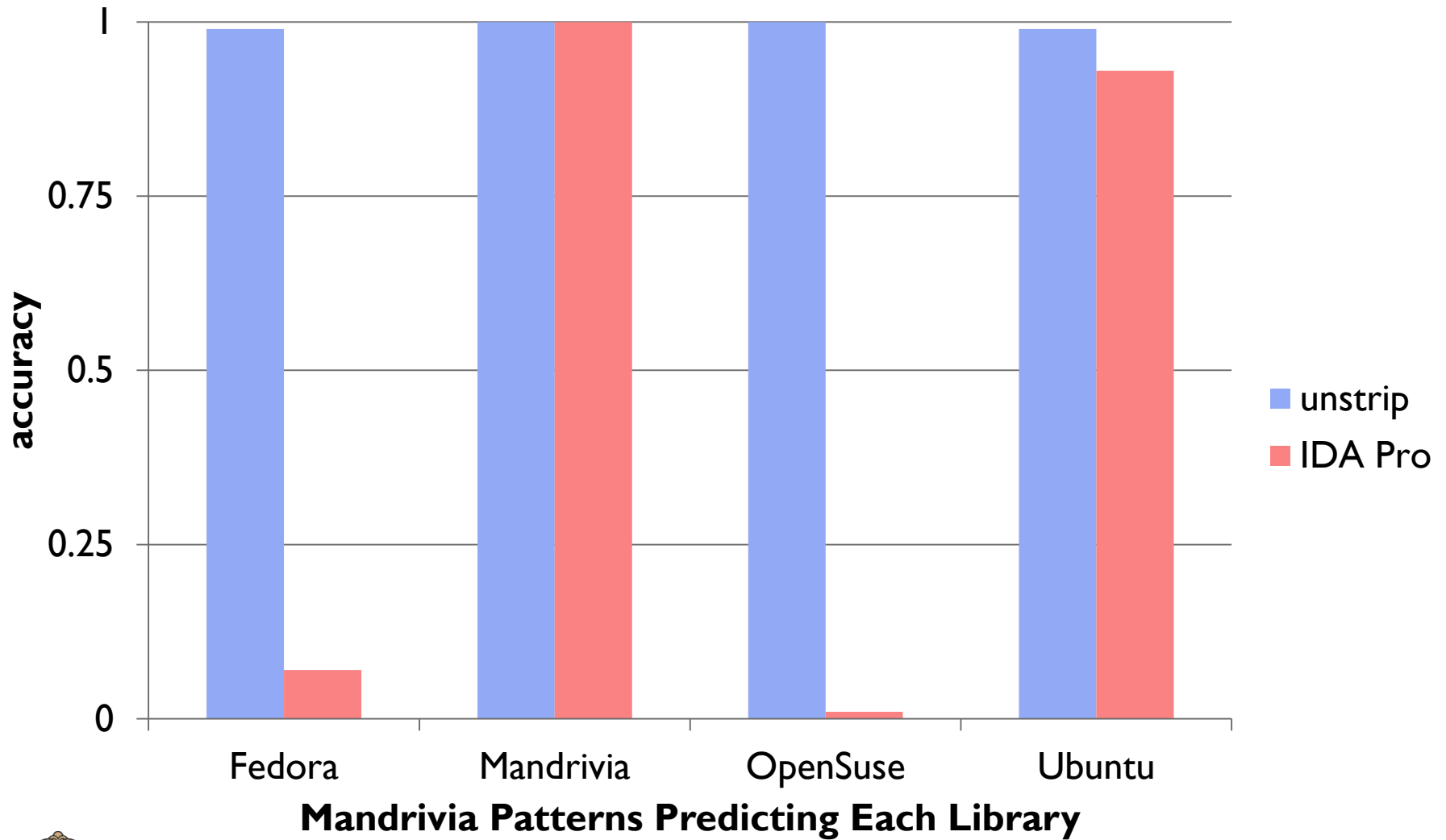
Evaluation Results: GCC Version Study (Temporal: backwards)



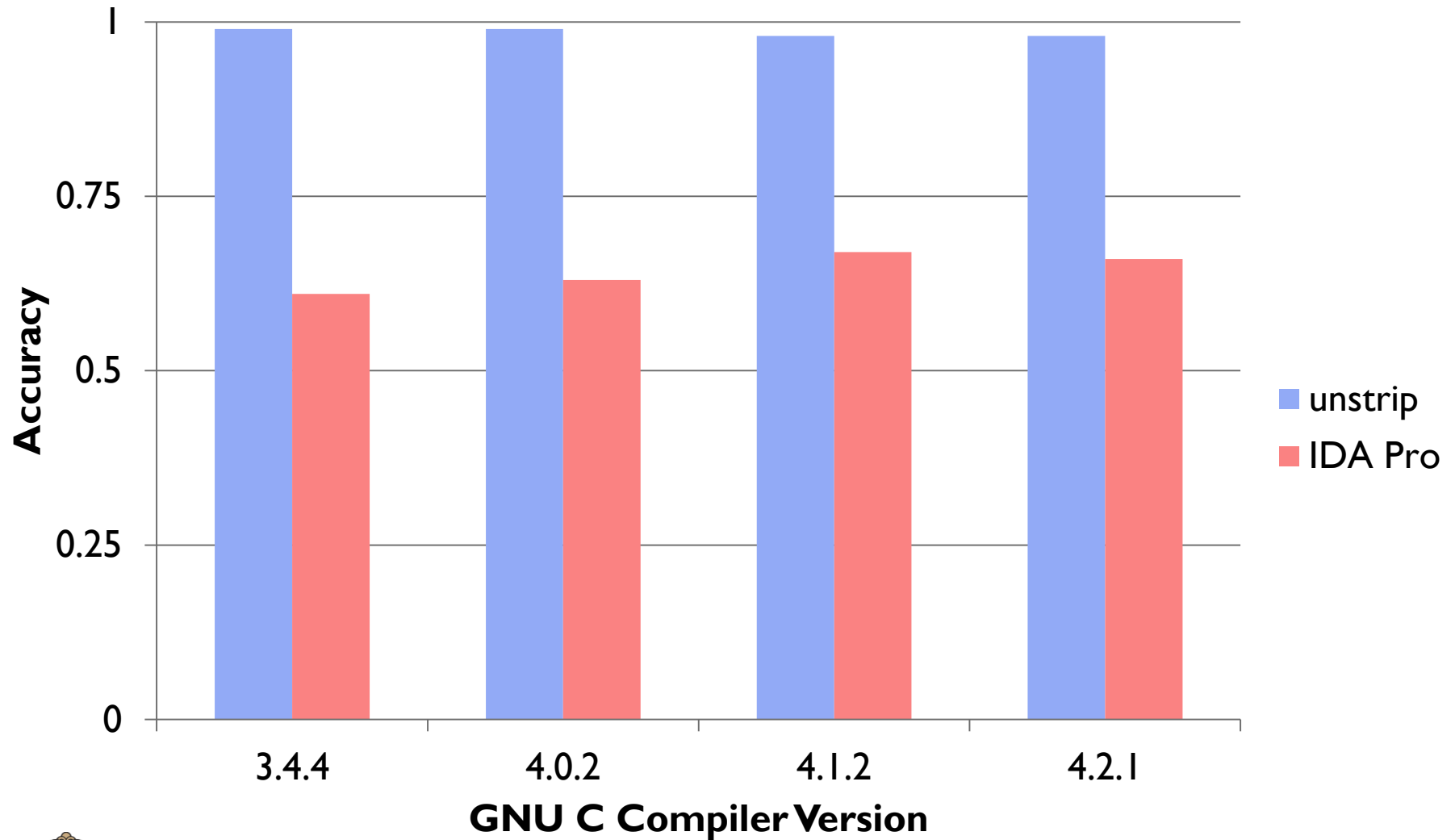
Evaluation Results: glibc Version Study (Temporal: backwards)



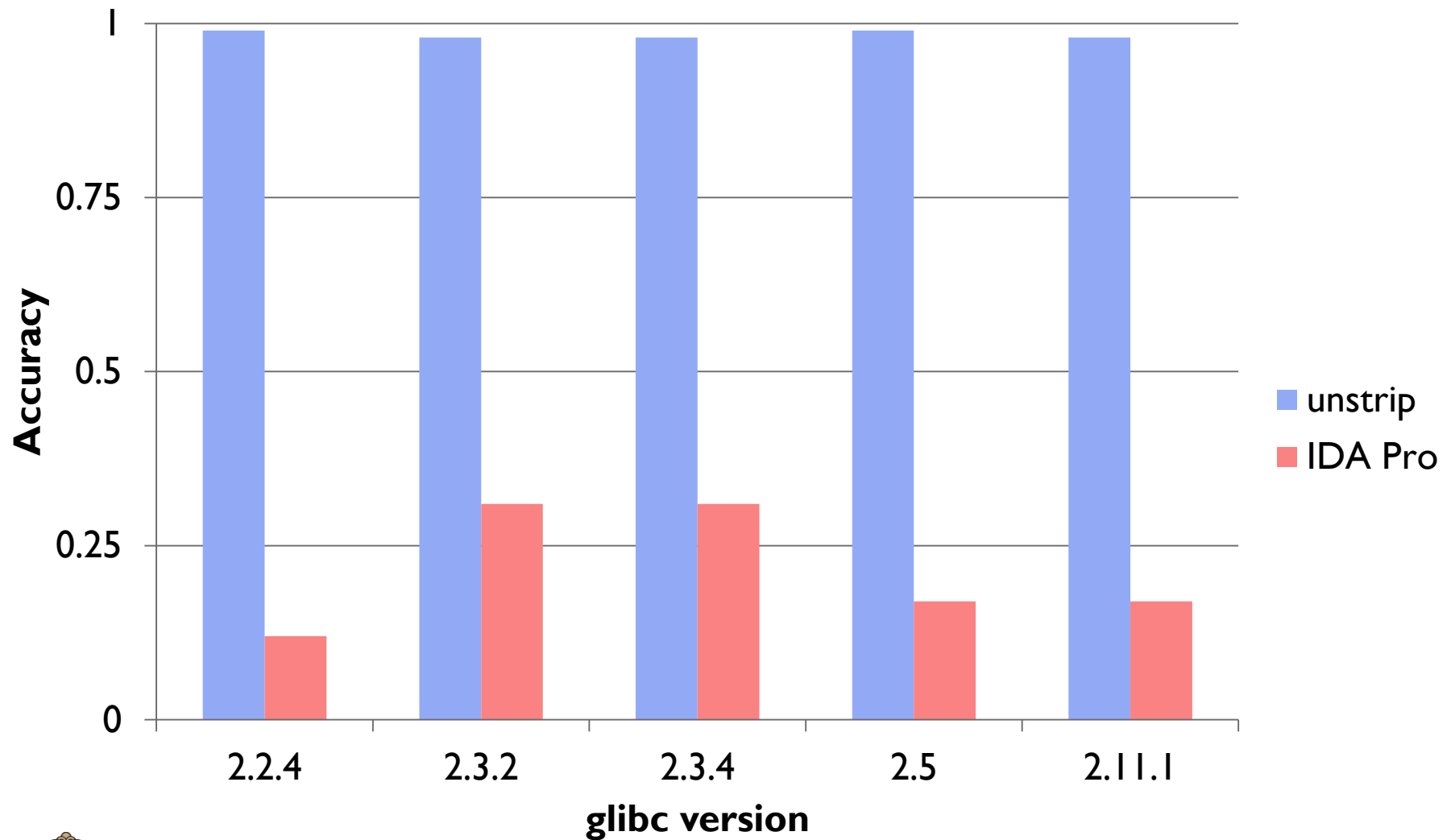
Evaluation Results: Distribution Study (one predicts the rest)



Evaluation Results: GCC Version Study (one predicts the rest)



Evaluation Results: glibc Version Study (one predicts the rest)



Evaluation Results: Distribution Study (one predicts the rest)

