

## Homework 8 CS/ECE 252: Sec 1 & 2 [Due 11:59AM on Wed, May 07]

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### Important Notes:

- Answers to questions 1, 2, 3 and 4 should be handed to your instructor in hard copy on the due date during your class time.
- Question 5 must be submitted electronically to the Learn@UW dropbox before 11.59 AM on the due date. Submit only one archive file, named exactly like: <lastname\_firstname>[.zip] to the dropbox folder homework8. You have to submit the .txt files (which contains the assembly code) for these problems and the files should be named hw8\_p#.txt, i.e, the file for problem 5 should be named hw8\_p5.txt. Since your code is tested automatically, it is important to stick to this naming convention, otherwise you will lose credit, even if your code is working correctly.
- The programs which you write should always start at address x3000 and end with a HALT instruction (HALT).
- You can submit your code for problem 5 as many times as you want, until 11:59 AM on Wednesday, May 07, 2014. We will consider your latest submission for grading.

### Problem 1 (3 points)

For the below code, if the label "START " is at address x4FFF, what are the addresses of the labels WORD, SENT and DATA?

```
START .FILL xABCD
WORD .BLKW 10
SENT .STRINGZ "Hurray!! My last homework"
DATA .FILL xBABA
```

### Problem 2 (4 points)

Suppose we define a new Interrupt service routine starting at the memory location 0x5000 as below.

```
.ORIG x5000
    ST R7 , TEMP_R7
    GETC
    OUT
    LD R7, TEMP_R7
    RET

TEMP_R7 .FILL x1234
```

The routine reads in a single character and echoes it to the screen. Assume the memory location 0x0045 contains the value 0x5000.

- (2 points) Identify the instruction that would invoke this service routine.
- (2 points) Does the service routine defined above work. If so explain what would happen to the registers when the service routine is executed ?

### Problem 3 (5 points)

An LC-3 program is provided below:

```
                .ORIG x3000
                LD   R0, ASCII
                LD   R1, NEG
LOOP            LDI  R2, DSR
                BRzp LOOP
                STI  R0, DDR
                ADD  R0, R0, #-2
```

```

ADD R3, R1, R0
BRp LOOP
HALT

```

```

ASCII .FILL x0050
NEG .FILL xFFBC
DSR .FILL xFE04 ; Address of DSR
DDR .FILL xFE06 ; Address of DDR
.END

```

**Note:** You can download the program from here [hw8\\_p3.txt](#)

a) (3 Points) Run the program on PennSim and give a brief explanation of what the program does. (ie, specify what will be the output of the program)

b) (1 Point) What value will be contained in R3 after the execution of the program?

c) (1 Point) What is the purpose of the Display Status Register (DSR) in the above program?

#### **Problem 4 (8 points)**

The following code reads two numbers from the memory and finds if they have the same absolute value. If the absolute values are equal, 1 is stored in R5; otherwise 0 is stored in R5. The subroutine starting at the label "FINDABS" finds the absolute value of the argument.

```

.ORIG x3000; Instructions start at x3000
; Initialization
AND R5, R5, #0
AND R7, R7, #0 ; Counter to hold number of times a negative value is passed to FINDABS.
LD R1, DATA1
LD R2, DATA2

_____ ; Prepare the arguments for DATA1
ST R5, SaveR5 ; Save R5 before calling subroutine
JSR FINDABS ; Call subroutine FINDABS
LD R5, SaveR5 ; Restore R5
_____ ; Store FINDABS(DATA1) in R3
ADD R0, R2, #0 ; Copy R2 to R0
ST R5, SaveR5
JSR FINDABS ; Call subroutine FINDABS
LD R5, SaveR5
NOT R0, R0
ADD R0, R0, #1
ADD R3, R3, R0 ; Find R3 - R0

```

```

BRnp  STOP
ADD   R5, R5, #1
STOP  HALT

; Subroutine for absolute value
; Argument is passed in register _____ (fill)
FINDABS  ADD  R0, R0, #0 ; Set condition code based on R0
          BRzp ENDABS
          NOT  R5, R0
          ADD  R0, R5, #1
          ADD  R7, R7, #1
ENDABS   RET   ; Value is returned in register _____ (fill)

; Values
SaveR5  .FILL x0000
DATA1   .FILL x000A
DATA2   .FILL xFFF6
        .END

```

- a) (4 points) Some of the lines in the code are missing. Fill in the missing lines. Also fill in the blanks in the two comment lines as indicated.
- b) (2 points) Identify whether FINDABS is a caller-save or callee-save subroutine. Give reasons to support your answer.
- c) (2 points) There is a problem with the above program. Identify the error and how to fix it.

### Problem 5 (10 points)

Write a program to take a sentence from the user ( not exceeding 30 characters ) and reverse the words in the sentence and display the reversed string. For example, if the user inputs as “ Done with my semester” , the output should be displayed as “semester my with Done”. Assume that the user terminates his/her input with an enter key and no punctuations are used except spaces. Also assume that the first character is not a space and all words are separated by a single space( no multiple spaces in the input) .

#### Note:

- You need to submit the program as hw8\_p5.txt
- Use this template for writing your code: [hw8\\_p5\\_template.txt](#)
- Use this script for running your code: [hw8\\_p5\\_script.txt](#)