# CS354: Machine Organization and Programming

Lecture 19 Friday the October 16th 2015

### Section 2 Instructor: Leo Arulraj

© 2015 Karen Smoler Miller © Some examples, diagrams from the CSAPP text by Bryant and O'Hallaron

## Class Announcements

- 1. Collect your Midterm1 graded exams and Programming Assignment 1 grade sheet with feedback from me now if you have not already done so.
- 2. If you have not finished atleast 2 bombs already, this is high time you put more effort into Programming Assignment 1

### Class Announcements

# **Looking for Project Partners for P3?**

One Student I know who has got permission for extended deadlines is looking for Project Partners. Let me know after class if you want to pair up.

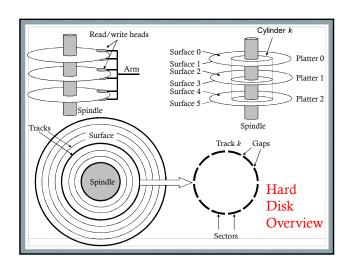
### Class Announcements

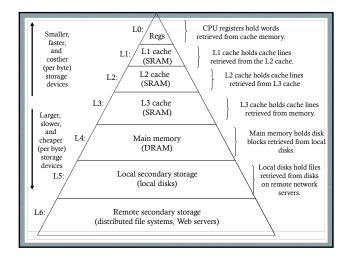
### Student Note Takers needed.

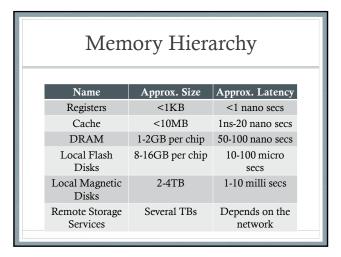
Students who are looking for an easy way to earn some extra money should read this email. The McBurney Center is recruiting a paid notetaker for your CS/ECE354 class. You'll receive a stipend of about \$30 per credit for notes provided for the entire duration and scope of the class. No extra time outside of class is required, except for a short orientation for new notetakers. Detailed instructions will be on the Notetaker Information Form you'll get from the McBurney student as soon as you are hired as you are hired.

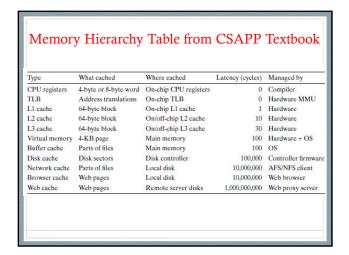
If interested, make copies of sample notes from the last lecture and email or submit them to me as soon as possible. Make sure you include your name, phone number and email address with your sample notes. If your notes are selected, you will be contacted directly by the student who needs the notetaker.

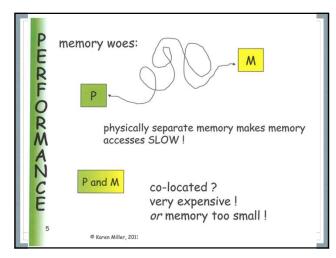
# Lecture Overview 1. Memory Hierarchy 2. Locality of Reference 3. Cache Organization





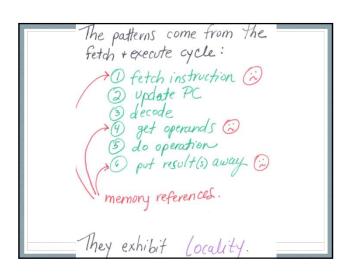


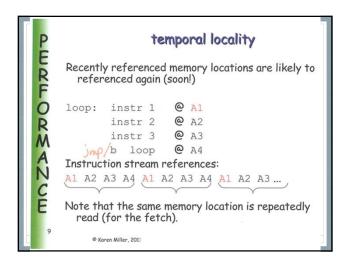


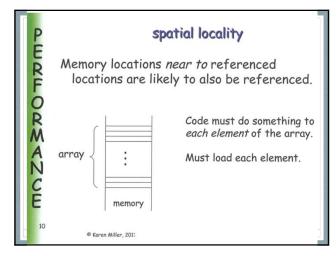


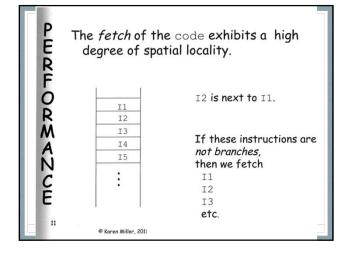
So, design the HW t
SW to make this problem
less bad.

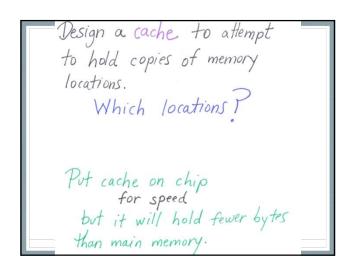
Look at memory reference
patterns. Design a special
memory stystem.

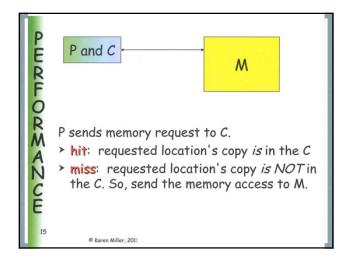


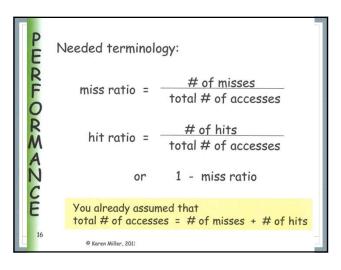












When a memory access causes a miss, place that location's bytes and its neighbors (spatial locality) into the cache. Keep the block of bytes there for as long as possible (temporal locality).

A statistic to measure how well this works:

To temporal (miss) (Tm)

Quick example.

Tc = I nsec

Tm = 20 nsec

hit ratio is .98
for measured program

AMAT = I + (.02)(20)

= I.4 nsec

Note: individual memory
access takes either
I nsec (hit)

or 21 nsec (miss).

# Example Programs

```
\begin{split} & \text{int sumvec(int } v[N]) \{ \\ & \text{int } i, \text{sum} = 0; \\ & \text{for}(i = 0; i < N; i + +) \{ \\ & \text{sum } + = v[i]; \\ & \text{return sum;} \end{split}
```

**Stride-k reference pattern:** accesses kth element of a contiguous array every time

Array Copy Example Program from  $1^{\rm st}$  lecture