

sizeof	endian	bits	logic	shift	set
<pre>int main(int argc, char *argv[]) { printf("%u\n", sizeof(char)); printf("%u\n", sizeof(short)); printf("%u\n", sizeof(int)); printf("%u\n", sizeof(long)); printf("%u\n", sizeof(float)); printf("%u\n", sizeof(double)); printf("%u\n", sizeof(long double)); printf("%u\n", sizeof(int *)); int x = 0; printf("%u\n", sizeof(x)); return x; }</pre>	<pre>unsigned int x = 0x12345678; void dump(void *in, int len) { unsigned char *p = (unsigned char *) in; for (i = 0; i < len; i++) { printf("addr: %p value: %x\n", p, *p); p++; } } int main(int argc, char *argv[]) { printf("&x = %p\n", &x); dump(&x, sizeof(int)); return 0; }</pre>	<pre>int main(int argc, char *argv[]) { unsigned char x = 0x69; unsigned char y = 0x55; printf("%hhx\n", x & y); printf("%hhx\n", x y); printf("%hhx\n", x ^ y); printf("%hhx\n", ~x); printf("%hhx\n", ~y); return 0; }</pre>	<pre>int main(int argc, char *argv[]) { unsigned char x = 0x69; unsigned char y = 0x55; printf("%hhx\n", x && y); printf("%hhx\n", x y); printf("%hhx\n", !x); return 0; }</pre>	<pre>int main(int argc, char *argv[]) { unsigned int x = 0x0; printf("%.8x\n", x); x = 0x1; printf("%.8x\n", x); x = x << 1; printf("%.8x\n", x); x = x << 32; printf("%.8x\n", x); x = x << 8; printf("%.8x\n", x); x = x >> 8; printf("%.8x\n", x); return 0; }</pre>	<pre>int main(int argc, char *argv[]) { unsigned int x; x = 0x0; x = x (0x1 << 12); //12 is member printf("set: %.8x\n", x); x = x (0x1 << 6); // 6 is member printf("set: %.8x\n", x); // test for membership printf("6 in set? %d\n", (x>>6)& 0x1); printf("7 in set? %d\n", (x>>7)& 0x1); // & is intersection, is union // ~ is complement, ^ is sym diff unsigned int y = 0x01010101; printf("set: %.8x\n", y); printf("set: %.8x\n", x y); printf("set: %.8x\n", x & y); }</pre>

twocomp	Binary	Unsigned	2's comp	examples	cast	security
<pre>int main(int argc, char *argv[]) { short int x = 12; short int y = -12; printf("%hhx\n", x); printf("%hhx\n", y); // just the same bits ... unsigned int a = 0x1 << 31; printf(" %u\n", a); int b = (int) a; printf("%d\n", b); return 0; }</pre>	<pre>0000b 0001b 0010b 0011b 0100b 0101b 0110b 0111b 1000b 1001b 1010b 1011b 1100b 1101b 1110b 1111b</pre>	<pre>0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15</pre>	<pre>Assume 4-bits: * 3 + -2 ? * 7 + 7 ? * -8 + -8 ?</pre>	<pre>int main(int argc, char *argv[]) { printf("%d\n", 0 == 0U); printf("%d\n", -1 < 0); printf("%d\n", -1 < 0U); return 0; }</pre>	<pre>#define KSIZE (1024) unsigned char kbuf[KSIZE]; void mcopy(void *dst, void *src, unsigned int n) { printf("copying %u bytes to dst\n", n); // does the copy of n bytes ... } void copy_from_kernel(void *ubuf, int maxlen) { int len = maxlen; if (len > KSIZE) { len = KSIZE; } printf("len: %d\n", len); mcopy(ubuf, kbuf, len); } int main(int argc, char *argv[]) { char mybuf[512]; copy_from_kernel(mybuf, 512); return 0; }</pre>	

signextend	fastmul
<pre>int main(int argc, char *argv[]) { short int x = 15; // also try: -15 int ex = (int) x; dump("short x::", &x, sizeof(short int)); dump("just x ::", &ex, sizeof(int)); return 0; }</pre>	<pre>int main(int argc, char *argv[]) { int x = 3; printf("%d\n", x << 3); printf("%d\n", x * 8); printf("%d\n", (x << 5) - (x << 3)); // printf("%d\n", x * ??); x = 24; printf("%d\n", x >> 3); // printf("%d\n", x / ??); return 0; }</pre>