People have been inventing new ideas in computer systems for nearly four decades, usually driven by Moore’s law. Many of them have been spectacularly successful: virtual memory, packet networks, objects, relational databases, and graphical user interfaces are a few examples. Other promising ideas have not worked out: capabilities, formal methods, distributed computing, and persistent objects. And the fate of some is still in doubt: parallel computing, RISC, and software reuse. The most important invention of the last decade, the World Wide Web, was not made by computer systems researchers. In the light of all this experience, I will talk about the topics that I think will be exciting to work on in the next few years.
The computer revolution has only just begun

Outline

- Context
- History
- Motivation
- Challenges
Context: Moore’s Law

- 100X performance / decade
- Will it last?
  - Room-temperature single-electron memory
  - Cell size 7 nm square
  - 1 cm² of these is 250 GB
  - Moore’s law for 2018 predicts
    \[ 8\text{MB} \times 10^4 = 80\text{ GB} \]
Moore’s Law: Qualitative Changes

- 100 processors/chip in 10 years
  - Or
    - Reconfigurable logic
    - 100K tiny processors

- RAM on-chip

- Chip-network bandwidth: 50 GB/sec

- (Long-distance latency 100 ms → 25 ms = no change)
Computer Science vs Engineering

- Science
  - Describe
  - Explain

- Engineering
  - Build
    “An engineer can do for a dime what any fool can do for a dollar.”

- Today mostly engineering

- Things take time
History: What Worked?

**YES**
- Virtual memory*
- Address spaces*
- Packet nets*
- Objects / subtypes
- RDB and SQL
- Transactions*
- Bitmaps and GUIs*
- Web
- Algorithms

**NO (Not Yet?)**
- Capabilities*
- Fancy type systems*
- Functional programming
- Formal methods*
- Software engineering
- RPC (except for Web)*
- Distributed computing*
- Persistent objects
- Security*
History: What Worked?

MAYBE

Parallelism
RISC
Garbage collection
Interfaces and specifications
Reuse

Works for Unix filters
Big things (OS, DB, browser)
Flaky for Ole/COM
The Failure of Systems Research

- We didn’t invent the Web

- Why not? Too simple
  - Old idea
    » But never tried
  - Wasteful
    » But it’s fast enough
  - Flaky
    » But it doesn’t have to work

- Denial: It doesn’t scale
  - Only from 100 to 100,000,000
What are Computers For?

- Simulation
- Communication among people
  - Storage = communication across time
- Control
  - Get physical
  - Get real (time)
  - Get mobile
Applications

- Simulation
  - Models of the real world (e.g., clothing, cities)

- Communication among people
  - Information at your fingertips
  - Telepresence
  - Home

- Control
  - Robots
  - MEMS
Motherhood Challenges

- Correctness
- Scaling
- Parallelism
- Reuse
- Trustworthiness
- Ease of use
Challenges: Programming

- **Concurrency**
  - Using 100 processors/chip
  - Matching biological concurrency
    » What can you do in 100 cycles?

- **Declarative**
  - SQL, spreadsheets the only successes so far

- **Intelligence**
  - Data models/class hierarchy/knowledge rep

- **Uncertainty**
  - Real-world input: speech, vision, ...
  - Adapting to environment
Challenges: Systems

- Systems that work
  - Meeting their specs
  - Always available
  - Adapting to changing environment
  - Evolving while they run
  - Made from unreliable components
  - Growing without practical limit

- Credible simulations or analysis

- Writing good specs

- Testing

- Performance
  - Understanding when it doesn’t matter
Challenges: Information

- **Personal Memex**
  - Remember everything a person hears or sees.
- **Telepresence**
  - Simulate being somewhere else
- **Memex**
  - Collect everything in the world’s libraries
  - Retrieve from it as well as a person can
Challenges: Physical World

- Seeing, hearing, speaking better than people
  - With real lighting, occlusion, noise, etc.
  - Recognizing speech and objects
  - In real time

- Self-organizing systems
  - Unreliable and changing components
  - Scale: molecules, cells, insects, cities

- Common sense
  - Requires good models of reality
Conclusions for Engineers

- Understand Moore’s law
- Aim for mass markets
  - Computers are everywhere
- Learn how to build systems that work