**Q 1.1**: What is the projection of  $[1 \ 2]^T$  onto  $[0 \ 1]^T$ ?

- A. [1 2]<sup>T</sup>
- B. [-1 1]<sup>T</sup>
- C. [0 0]<sup>T</sup>
- D. [0 2]<sup>T</sup>

**Q 1.2**: We wish to run PCA on 10-dimensional data in order to produce *r*-dimensional representations. Which is the most accurate?

- A. *r* ≤ 3
- B. *r* < 10
- C.  $r \le 10$
- D.  $r \le 20$

**Q 2.1:** You see samples of X given by [0,1,1,2,2,0,1,2]. Empirically estimate  $E[X^2]$ 

A. 9/8

C. 1.5

- B. 15/8
- D. There aren't enough samples to estimate  $E[X^2]$

**Q 2.2:** You are empirically estimating P(X) for some random variable X that takes on 100 values. You see 50 samples. How many of your P(X=a) estimates might be 0?

- A. None.
- B. Between 5 and 50, exclusive.
- C. Between 50 and 100, inclusive.
- D. Between 50 and 99, inclusive.