

Corrections to *Numerical Optimization*, Second Edition
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1. p. 5, line –11. “from a a finite” → “from a finite”
2. p. 9, line 18. “n the 1940s” → “in the 1940s”
3. p. 23, line –5. “ ∇f ” → “ $\nabla^2 f$ ”
4. p. 25, line 1. “...,is” → “is, respectively, (6.25) and”
5. p. 26, line 8. “positive definite p_k ” → “positive definite”
6. p. 32, line 8. “ $k = 0, 1, \dots$ ” → “ $k = 1, 2, \dots$ ”
7. pp. 34-35, Figures 3.4 and 3.5. “desired slope” → “minimum acceptable slope”
8. p. 40, line –9. “will be able” → “will not be able”
9. p. 49, line 15. “For a proof this result” → “For a proof of this result”
10. p. 49, line 15. “For problems in which ∇f^* is close to singular” → “For problems in which $\nabla^2 f(x^*)$ is close to singular”
11. p. 55, Example 3.2. Replace formula (3.52) by

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{9} & \frac{2}{3} & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{2}{9} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{5}{7} & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{7}{9} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{45}{63} \end{bmatrix}.$$

Also, make the replacement “Note that both diagonal blocks in B are 2×2 ” → “Note that the leading diagonal block in B is 2×2 ”

12. p. 75, line –3. “In the latter case, we compute the appropriate” → “When $\|p^U\| \leq \Delta$, the appropriate value of τ is obtained from

$$\tau = \frac{\Delta}{\|p^U\|}.$$

Otherwise, when $\|p^U\| < \Delta < \|p^B\|$, we compute the appropriate”

13. p. 80, line –3. Delete “for some $t \in (0, 1)$,”.
14. p. 81, line 1. “to denote the Lipschitz” → “to denote half the Lipschitz”
15. p. 84, line –5. “ $\lambda \neq \lambda_j$ ” → “ $\lambda \neq -\lambda_j$ ”

16. p. 85, on the line after (4.40). “whcih” → “which”
17. p. 90, line 9. “global minimum” → “global minimizer”.
18. p. 93, line 9. “neighborhhod” → “neighborhood”
19. p. 99, line 1. “the sequence $\{\|g\|\}$ ” → “the sequence $\{\|g_k\|\}$ ”
20. p. 99, Exercise 4.6. “positive definite” → “symmetric positive definite”.
21. p. 145, lines 14-15. Item 2 should read “If $y_k = B_k s_k$, then the trivial updating formula $B_{k+1} = B_k$ satisfies the secant condition.”
22. p. 158, formula (6.57) should be

$$\tilde{M}_k = \frac{\|\tilde{y}_k\|^2}{\tilde{y}_k^T \tilde{s}_k} \leq \frac{(1 + \bar{c}\epsilon_k)^2}{1 - \bar{c}\epsilon_k}.$$

23. p. 158, formula (6.58) should be

$$\tilde{M}_k \leq 1 + \frac{3\bar{c} + \bar{c}^2\epsilon_k}{1 - \bar{c}\epsilon_k}\epsilon_k \leq 1 + c\epsilon_k.$$

24. p. 162, exercise 6.5 should read “Prove that if $y_k \neq B_k s_k$ and $(y_k - B_k s_k)^T s_k = 0$, then there is no symmetric rank-one updating formula that satisfies the secant condition.
25. p. 167, line 9. The first line of this displayed multiline formula should be

$$\nabla f_{k+1} = \nabla f_k + \nabla^2 f_k p_k + \int_0^1 [\nabla^2 f(x_k + tp_k) - \nabla^2 f(x_k)] p_k dt$$

(The quantities in the integral should be Hessians, not gradients.)

26. p. 171, line 8 of Algorithm 7.2. Remove “in (4.5)”.
27. p. 176, eq (7.14). “ Q_j ” → “ Q_j^T ”.
28. p. 192, line 5. “its area is q^2 ” → “its area is q^{-2} ”
29. p. 232, line 6. “ $k = 1, 2, \dots$ ” → “ $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ ”
30. p. 238, line 18. “toward this value” → “toward the best vertex”.
31. p. 238, line 19. “after some defining some notation” → “after defining some notation”.
32. p. 238, line -9. Should be

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i.$$

33. p. 239, line 12. “ $f_{-1/2} = \bar{x}(-1/2)$ ” \rightarrow “ $f_{-1/2} = f(\bar{x}(-1/2))$ ”
34. p. 239, line 17. “ $f_{1/2} = \bar{x}(1/2)$ ” \rightarrow “ $f_{1/2} = f(\bar{x}(1/2))$ ”
35. p. 239, line 23. “three-dimensional” \rightarrow “two-dimensional”
36. p. 240, caption of Figure 9.4. “simplex method in \mathbb{R}^3 ” \rightarrow “simplex method in \mathbb{R}^2 ”
37. p. 253, line -11 . “less sentitive to” \rightarrow “less sensitive to”
38. p. 255, line -3 . “can applied to study” \rightarrow “can be applied to study”
39. p. 260, lines 2 and 4. “ λI ” \rightarrow “ $\sqrt{\lambda}I$ ”.
40. p. 269, Exercise 10.1. Delete the phrase “, and let $y \in \mathbb{R}^m$ be a vector”
41. p. 269, Exercise 10.5. “Assume also that the r_j are bounded on \mathcal{D} , that is, there exists $M > 0$ such that $|r_j(x)| \leq M$ for all $j = 1, 2, \dots, m$ and all $x \in \mathcal{D}$.” \rightarrow “Assume also that the r_j and ∇r_j are bounded on \mathcal{D} , that is, there exists $M > 0$ such that $|r_j(x)| \leq M$ and $\|\nabla r_j(x)\| \leq M$ for all $j = 1, 2, \dots, m$ and all $x \in \mathcal{D}$.”

42. p. 276, formula (11.11) should be

$$w(x_k, x^*) = \int_0^1 [J(x_k + t(x^* - x_k)) - J(x_k)](x_k - x^*) dt. \quad (1)$$

43. p. 279, line 11. “at most $1/2$ ” \rightarrow “at most $3/4$ ”.
44. p. 294, line -7 . “ $\int_0^1 \beta_L \|p_k\|^2 dt$ ” \rightarrow “ $\int_0^1 t \beta_L \|p_k\|^2 dt$ ”.
45. p. 295, line -2 . “not be increased” \rightarrow “not be decreased”.
46. p. 303, line 1. “decreasing in λ ” \rightarrow “decreasing in $\lambda > 0$ ”
47. p. 314, line -7 . “it s easy to identify vectors d that satisfies” \rightarrow “it is easy to identify vectors d that satisfy”
48. p. 315, line -9 . “closed convex set” \rightarrow “closed set”
49. p. 317, line -2 . “sequence are $(d = (0, \alpha)^T$ ” \rightarrow “sequence are $(d = (0, \alpha)^T$ with $\alpha \geq 0$ ”
50. p. 324, line 14. “positive scalars such” \rightarrow “positive scalars such that”
51. p. 324, line -8 . “At $t = 0$, $z = x^*$, and the Jacobian of R at this point is” \rightarrow “At $t = 0$, we have $z = x^*$, and the Jacobian of R with respect to z at this point is”

52. p. 325, Replace the paragraph starting on line 1 and ending on line 10 (that is, “It remains to verify...” through “proof of (ii) is complete”) with the following paragraph:
In fact, the solution z of (12.40) is an implicit function of t ; we can write it as $z(t)$, and note that $z_k = z(t_k)$. The implicit function theorem states that z is a *continuously differentiable* function of t , with

$$z'(0) = -\nabla_z R(x^*, 0)^{-1} \nabla_t R(x^*, 0),$$

and we can use (12.40) and (12.41) to deduce that $z'(0) = d$. Since $z(0) = x^*$, we have that

$$\frac{z_k - x^*}{t_k} = \frac{z(0) + t_k z'(0) + o(t_k) - x^*}{t_k} = d + \frac{o(t_k)}{t_k},$$

from which it follows that (12.29) is satisfied (for $x = x^*$), Hence, $d \in T_\Omega(x^*)$ for an arbitrary $d \in \mathcal{F}(x^*)$, so the proof of (ii) is complete.

53. p. 325, line -11. “at which all feasible sequences” \rightarrow “at which all feasible sequences approaching x ”
54. p. 328, line 6. “ $2t$ ” \rightarrow “ 2α ” in the second equation of this line.
55. p. 329, formula (12.51). “ $A(x^*)^T \lambda^*$ ” \rightarrow “ $A(x^*)^T \lambda$ ”
56. p. 333, formula (12.63). replace the term

$$\frac{1}{2} t_k^2 w^T \nabla_{xx}^2 \mathcal{L}(x^*, \lambda^*)$$

by

$$\frac{1}{2} t_k^2 w^T \nabla_{xx}^2 \mathcal{L}(x^*, \lambda^*) w$$

57. p. 333, line -7. “condition (12.65) by” \rightarrow “condition (12.65) can be replaced by”
58. p. 336, line -3. The matrix in the formula should be

$$\begin{bmatrix} -0.8 & 0 \\ 0 & 1.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

59. p. 337, add after line 12: “ where $|\mathcal{A}(x^*)|$ denotes the cardinality of $\mathcal{A}(x^*)$.”
60. p. 341, statement of Lemma 12.9. “Then t the normal cone” \rightarrow “Then the normal cone”
61. p. 341, lines 16 and 19. In these two displayed formulae, replace \Rightarrow by \Leftrightarrow .
62. p. 344, line 3. “ $q : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ” \rightarrow “ $q : \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ”
63. p. 344, formula (12.84) should be

$$\max_{\lambda \in \mathbb{R}^m} q(\lambda) \quad \text{subject to } \lambda \geq 0. \quad (2)$$

64. p. 351, in formula (12.96), replace $x^6 \sin(1/x) = 0$ by $x^6 \sin(1/x)$.
65. p. 443, line 15. “from from” → “from”.
66. p. 444, line 14. “if does not” → “if it does not”.
67. p. 455, line 15. “to obtain \hat{y} ” → “to obtain \hat{z} ”.
68. p. 461, line 15. “the scaled $n \times n$ projection matrix” → “the $n \times n$ matrix”.
69. p. 468, line –6. “positive definite” → “positive semidefinite”.
70. p. 488, line –13. “else (ii) Δt^* ” → “else (ii) if Δt^* ”.
71. p. 600, line –6. “is a nonnegative multiple” → “is a multiple”
72. p. 602, line 16. “(i) the whole space \mathbb{R}^n ” → “the whole space \mathbb{R}^2 ”
73. p. 609, line 14. “set $x = P^T z$ ” → “set $x = Pz$ ”
74. p. 615. lines –12 to –9. Replace this sentence by the following: “By combining these expressions, we find that the difference between this result and the true value $x - y$ may be as large as a quantity that is bounded by $\mathbf{u}(|x| + |y| + |x - y|)$ (ignoring terms of order \mathbf{u}^2).”
75. p. 616, displayed formula on line –4. “ \approx ” → “ \leq ”
76. p. 617, formula (A.32). “ \approx ” → “ \leq ”
77. p. 618, line 7. This displayed formula should be
- $$\|x_k - \hat{x}\| \leq \epsilon, \quad \text{for some } k \geq K.$$
78. p. 620, line 16. “have $(1 + (0.5)^k) - 1 = (0.)^k$ ” → “have $|(1 + (0.5)^k) - 1| = (0.5)^k$ ”
79. p. 629, line –1. “ $1/\sqrt{13}$ ” → “ $1/\sqrt{3}$ ”

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