

# CS367 Lecture 15

Wednesday 9 July 2014

## Announcements/Reminders:

- HW2, P1 feedback should be visible.
- Midterm logistics
- Readings

## Last class:

- Recursion (cont'd)

## Today:

- Recursion (end)
- Search
- Trees (intro)

## Recursion Example: Palindromes

Write a recursive method to determine if a given input String is a palindrome.  
Palindrome examples:

eye  
kayak  
racecar  
Was it a rat I saw?  
Never odd or even!  
Amy, must I jujitsu my ma?  
Are we not drawn onward to new era?

Assume: input String is not null, all spaces and punctuation removed, all lowercase.

Useful String methods:

```
char charAt(int index)
int length()
String substring(int begin, int end)
```

# Analyzing Complexity of Recursive Methods

## Recursion Examples: Matrix Multiplication

## Recursion Example: Fibonacci Sequences and Towers of Hanoi

How bad is  $2^n$  anyway?

n	$n^2$	$2^n$
5	25	32
10	100	1024
15	225	32,768
20	400	1,048,576
40	1600	1,099,511,627,776
50	2500	1,125,899,906,842,624

## Search techniques

Linear/Sequential Search

Binary Search

## Another way to categorize ADTs

Linear

Non-linear

# Tree Data Structures



# Tree Terminology

## Implementing Trees (general)

(Tree) Nodes:

```
_____ class TreeNode<E> {  
    private E data;  
    private _____ < _____ > children;  
    ...  
}
```

Tree:

```
public class Tree<E> {  
    private TreeNode<E> root;  
    ...  
  
    public Tree() {  
        root = null;  
        ...  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

## Working with Trees: Example

Write a method to determine the height of a general tree.

```
public int height() {
```