

Adding More Languages Improves Unsupervised Multilingual Tagging

A Bayesian Non-Parametric Approach

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MIT

- Languages exhibit variations in patterns of ambiguity
- Multilingual cues as natural supervision

בראשית ברא אלהים את השמים ואת הארץ
في البداء خلق الله السموات والارض

(acl 2008)

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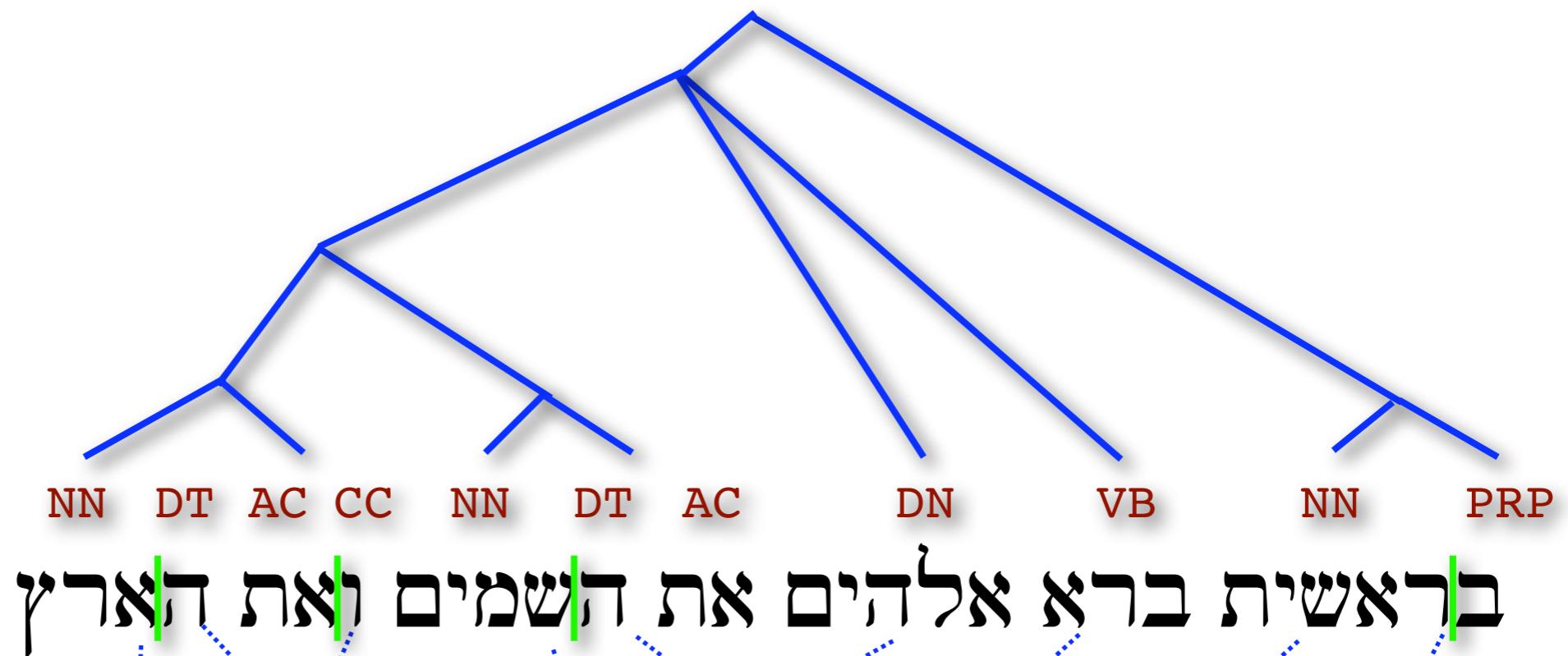
בראשית ברא אלהים את השמים ואת הארץ
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NN DT AC CC NN DT AC DN VB NN PRP
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(acl 2008)

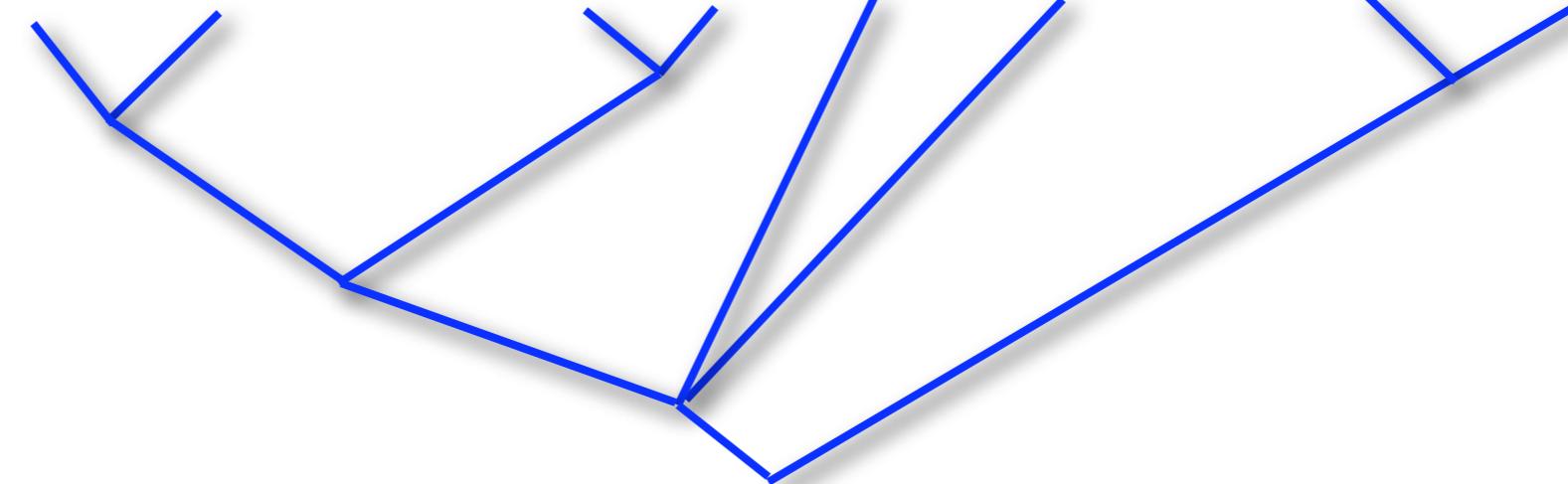
(emnlp 2008)

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في البداء خلق الله السموات والارض

NN DT CC NN DT DN DT VB NN DT PRP



This talk

בראשית ברא אלהים את השמים ואת הארץ
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בראשית ברא אלהים את השמים ואת הארץ
בזב,ה בזב אלכְאָה,ה,ה בזב,ה,ה בזב,ה
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NN DT AC CC NN DT AC DN VB NN PRP

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בראשית ברא אלהים את השמים ואת הארץ
בזאת בזאת אלתנאה, אלהים אלהים

In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

فِي الْبَدْءِ خَلَقَ اللَّهُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ

NN DT CC NN DT DN DT VB NN DT PRP

In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth

начале сотворил Бог небо и землю

ରେଣ୍ଡିକ୍ ହିନ୍ଦୁ ରେଣ୍ଡିକ୍ ହିନ୍ଦୁ

فِي الْبَدْءِ خَلَقَ اللَّهُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ

NN DT CC

NN DT DN DT VE

NN DT PRP

NN DT AC CC NN DT AC DN VB NN PRP

בראשית ברא אלהים את השמים ואת הארץ

בָּזְבָּזָה מִנְמָרָה בָּזְבָּזָה בָּזְבָּזָה בָּזְבָּזָה

Au commencement, Dieu créa le ciel et la terre

આદિએ દેવે આકાશી તથા પૃથ્વી ઓસ્પાત કર્યો

In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth

начале сотворил Бог небо и землю

ໃນປຸງມາລ ພຣະເຈທຽງແນຮມືສ່າງພາ

ରଧିକା ହୀନ ରମେଶ ହୀନ ରଜାର୍ଯ୍ୟଙ୍କ ରାଜୁ ହୀନ

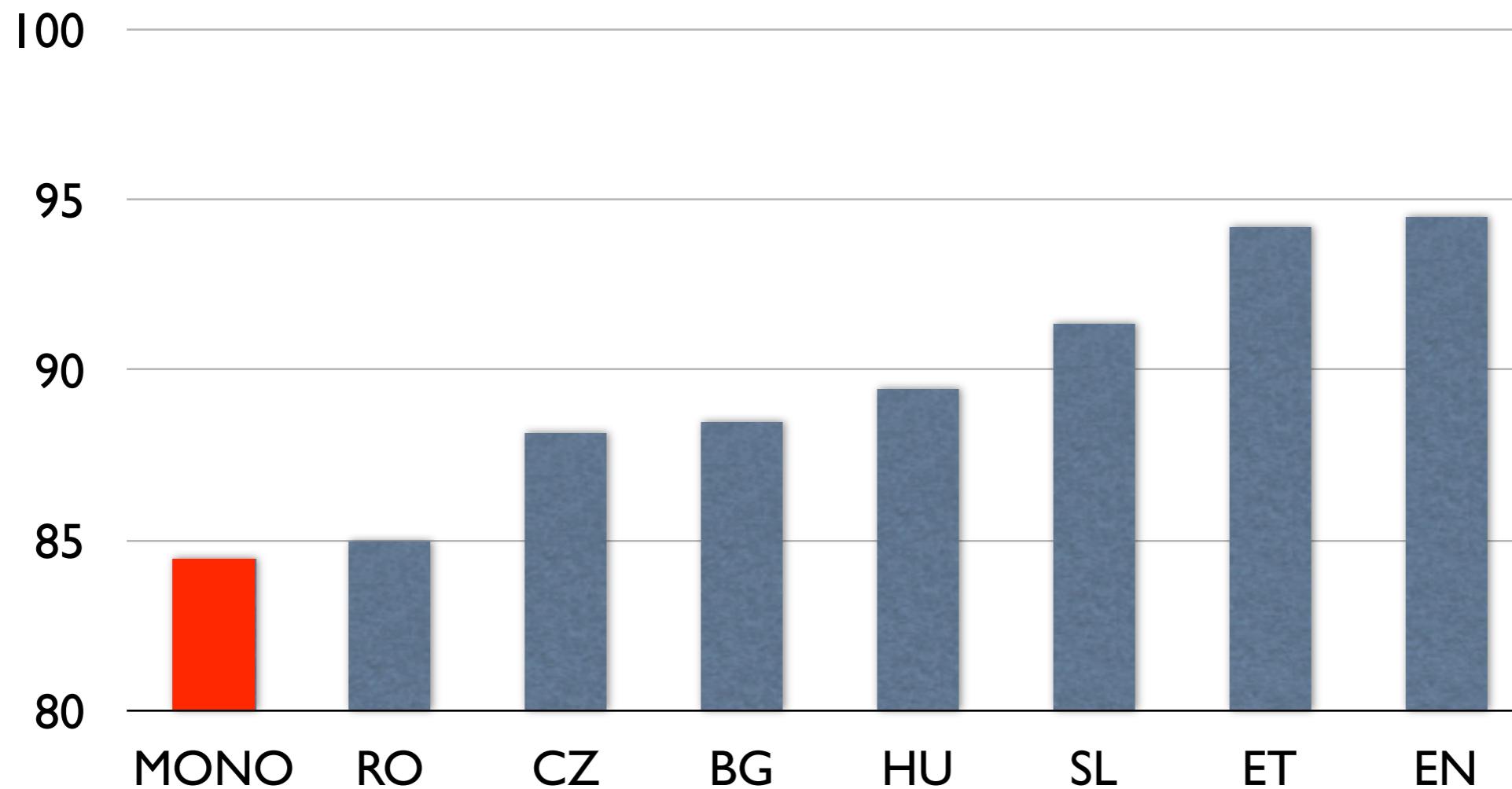
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NN DT CC

NN DT DN DT VB

NN DT PRP

Serbian, paired with...



Bilingual Model [Snyder et al 2008]

Multilingual Models

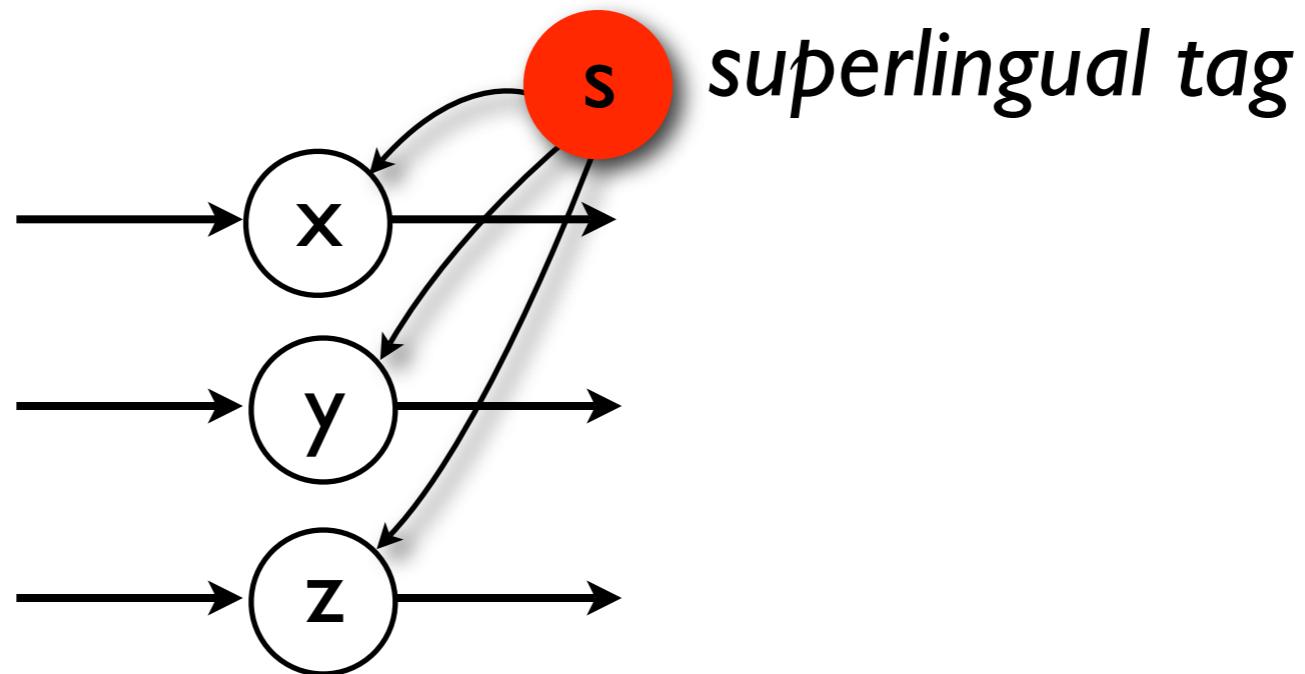
Benefits:

- Fully exploit large multiparallel corpora
- Benefit from richer set of multilingual cues

Challenges:

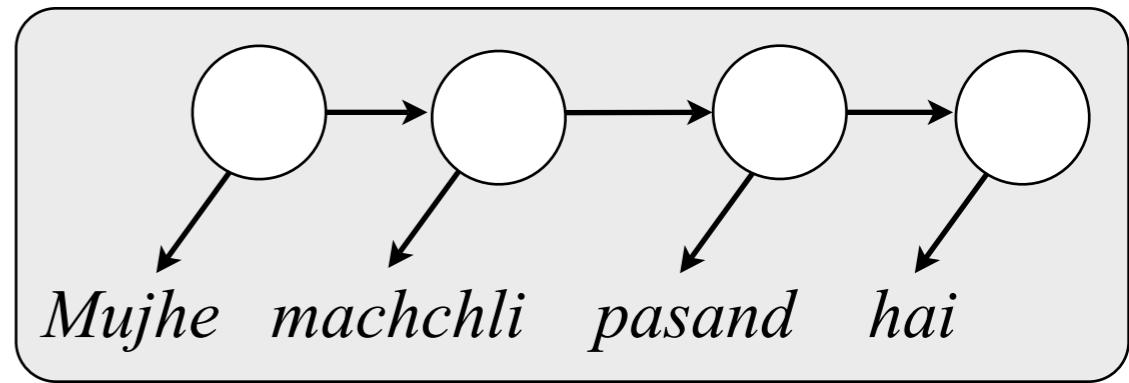
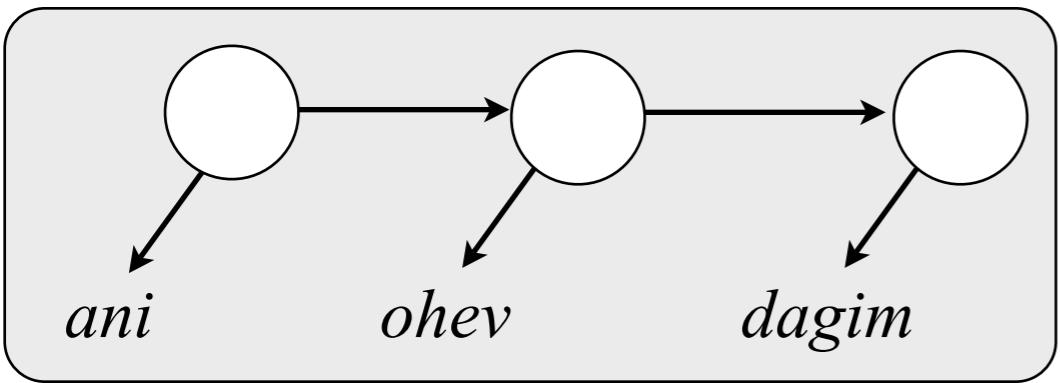
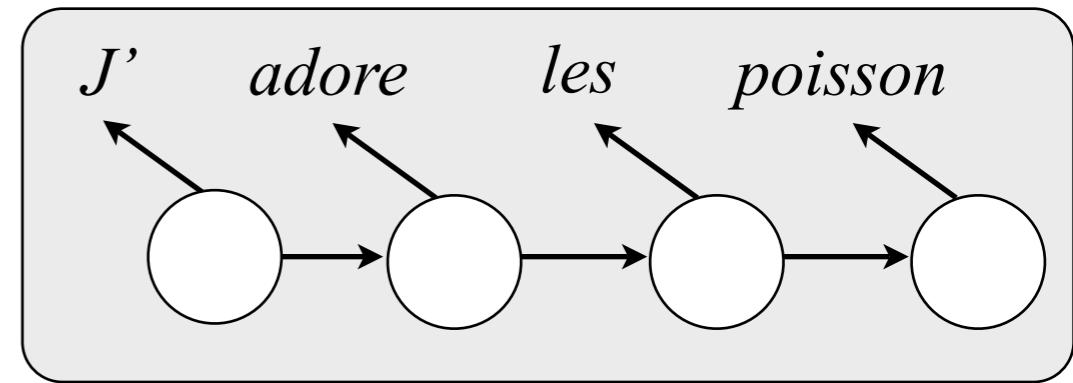
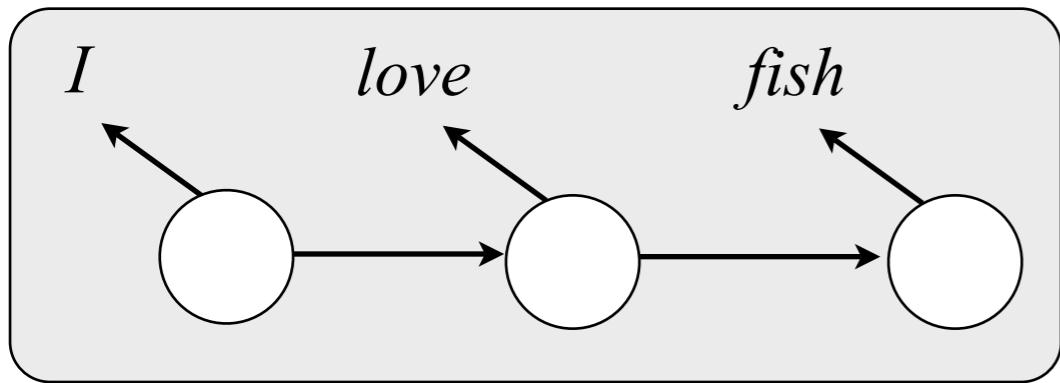
- Must allow for full diversity of language variation
- Must scale well with number of languages

Latent Variable Parameterization

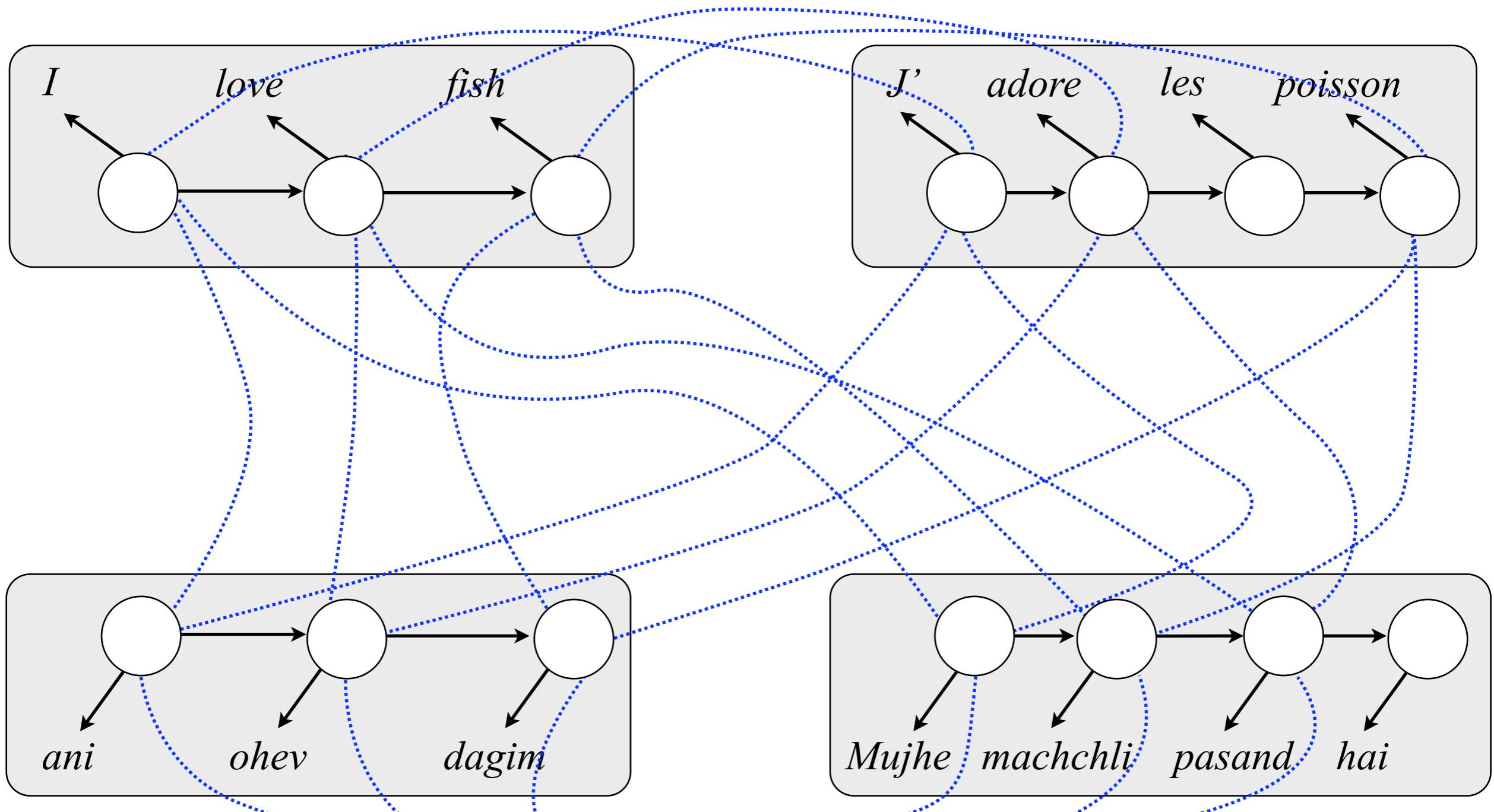


- *Scales linearly with number of languages*
- *Trade off between language-specific and multilingual cues*

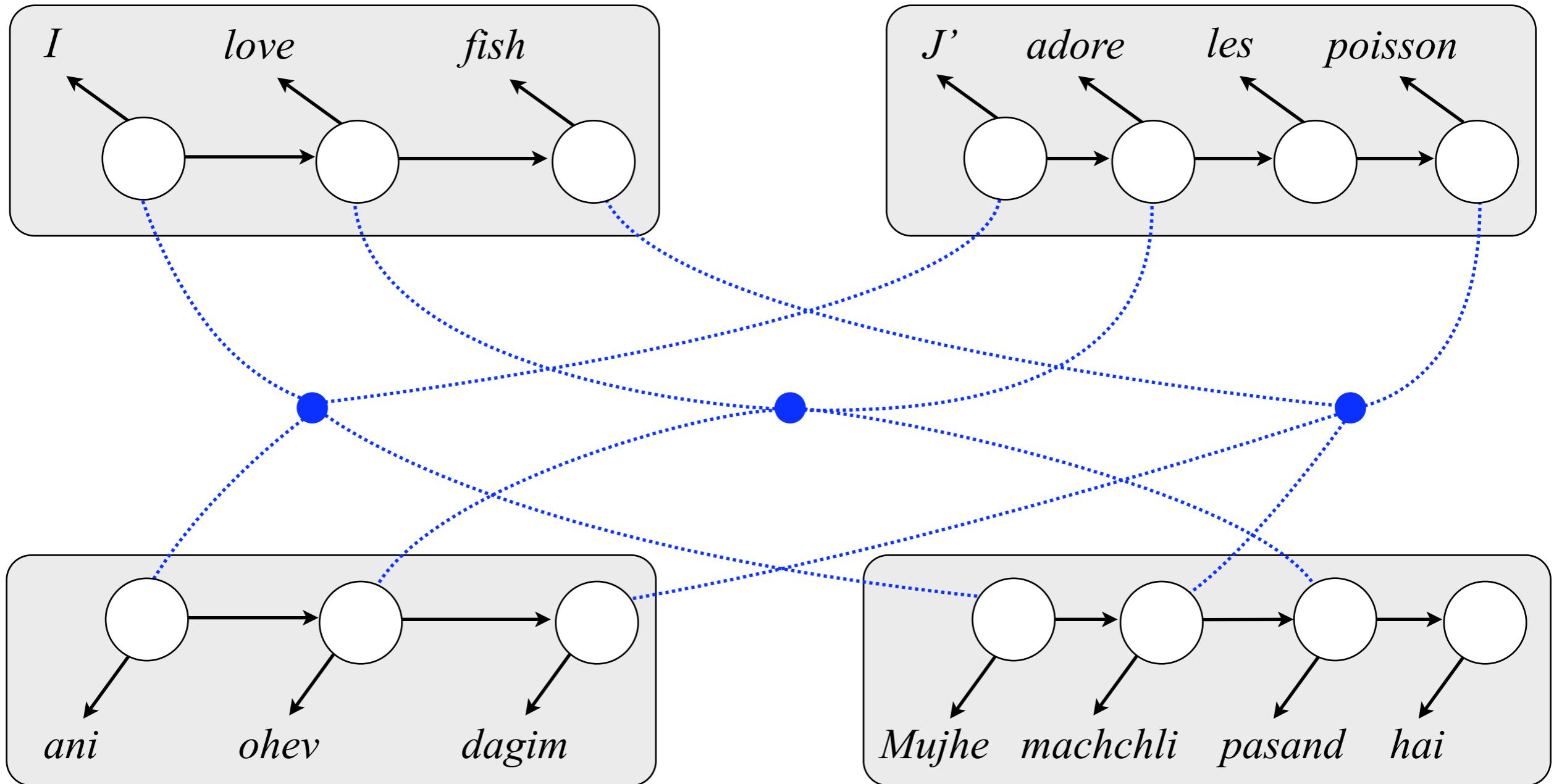
Constructing the Model



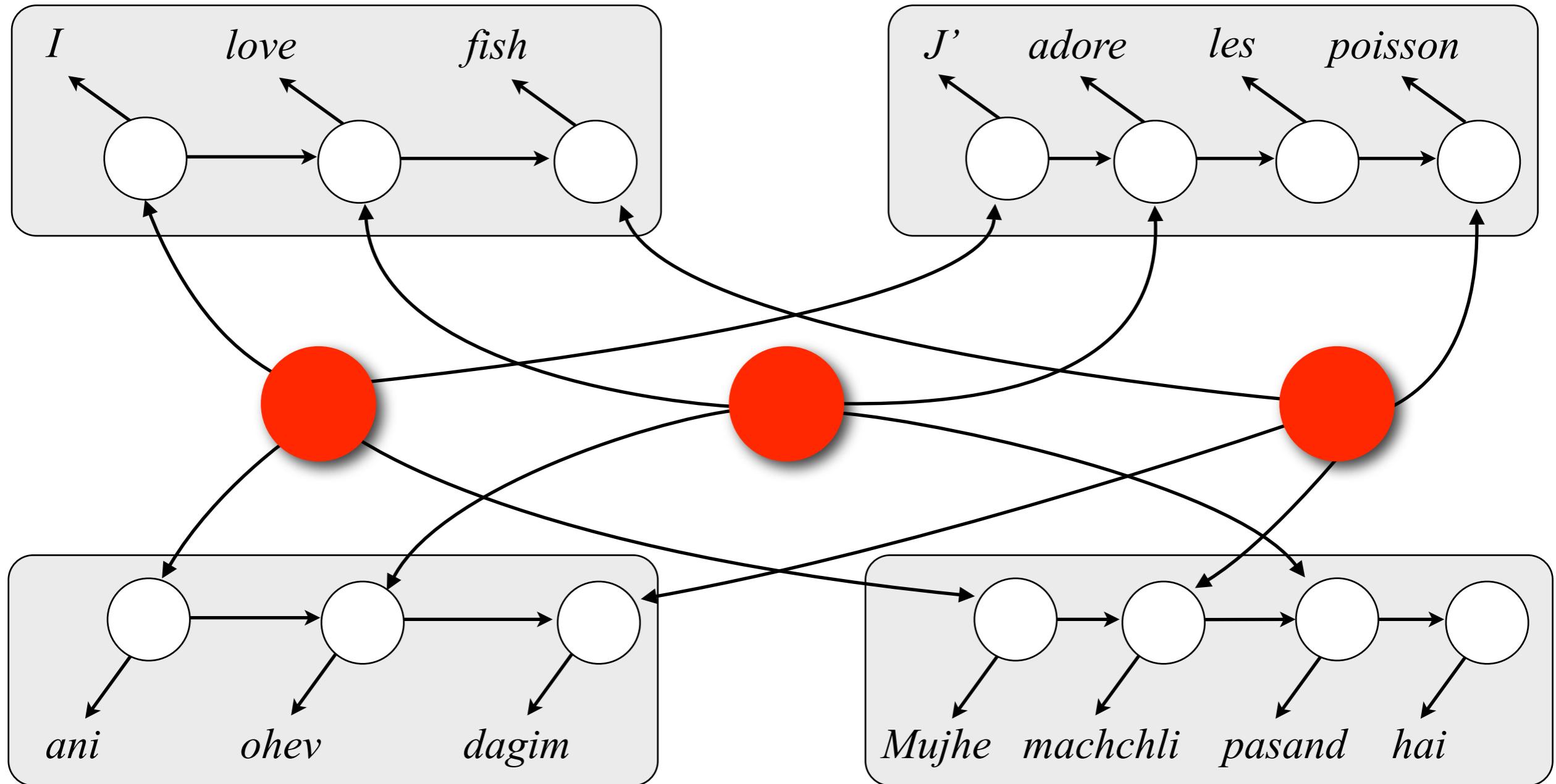
I. Gather lexical alignments (giza++)



2. Aggregate lexical alignments



3. Place *superlingual tag* on each clique



Superlingual Tags

- Each superlingual tag value s :
 - captures a multilingual context
 - indexes tag distribution for each language

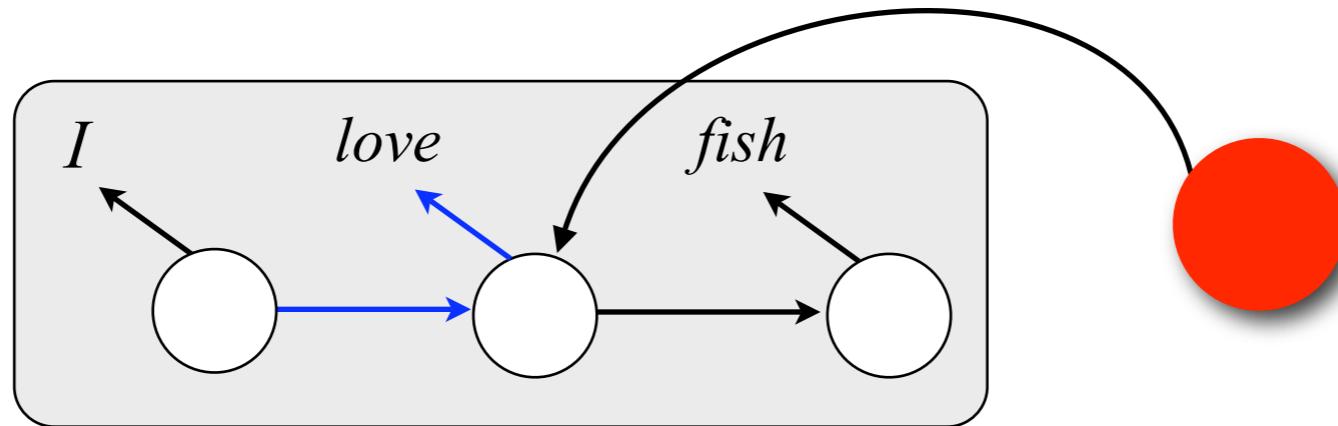
$$\Psi_s = \{\psi_s^1, \dots, \psi_s^\ell\}$$

e.g. *Superlingual tag value “2” may index distributions which prefers nouns across languages*

- *Infinite* number of superlingual tag values
 - Dirichlet Process prior to find clusters of repeated multilingual patterns

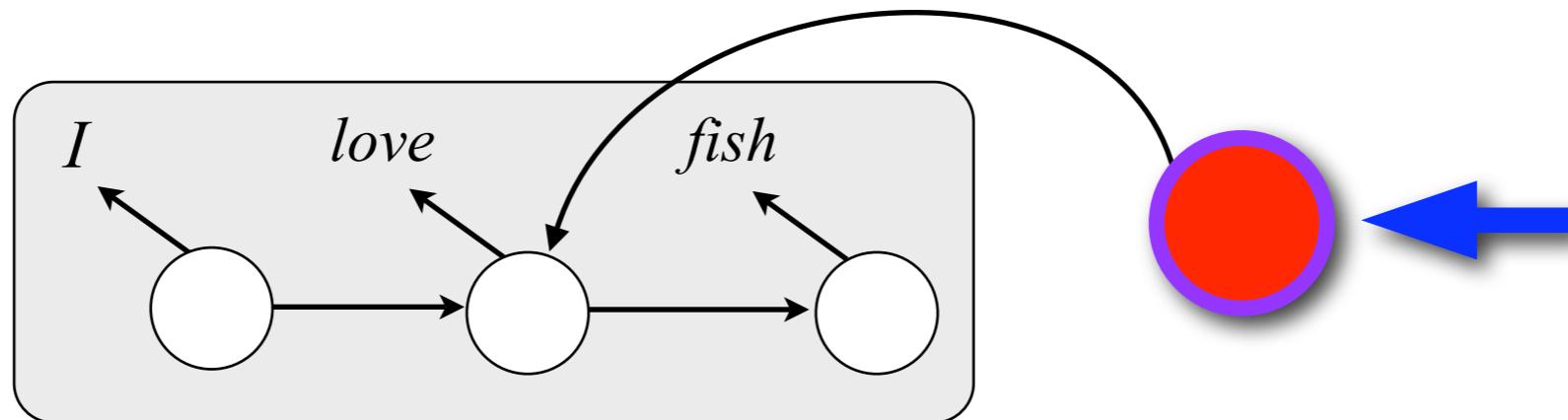
The Generative Story

Generative Story: parameters



- HMM *transitions* and *emissions* from Dirichlet priors

Generative Story: parameters

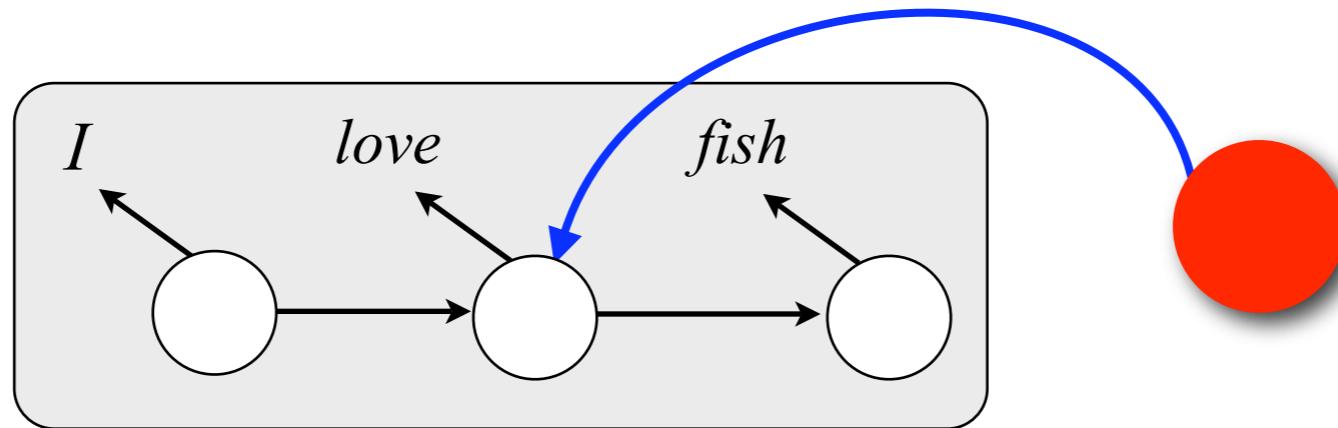


- HMM *transitions* and *emissions* from Dirichlet priors
- *Superlingual tag probabilities*: infinite sequence of mixing parameters π_1, π_2, \dots from stick breaking process

$\pi_{\textcolor{red}{S}}$: prob of superlingual tag $\textcolor{red}{S}$



Generative Story: parameters



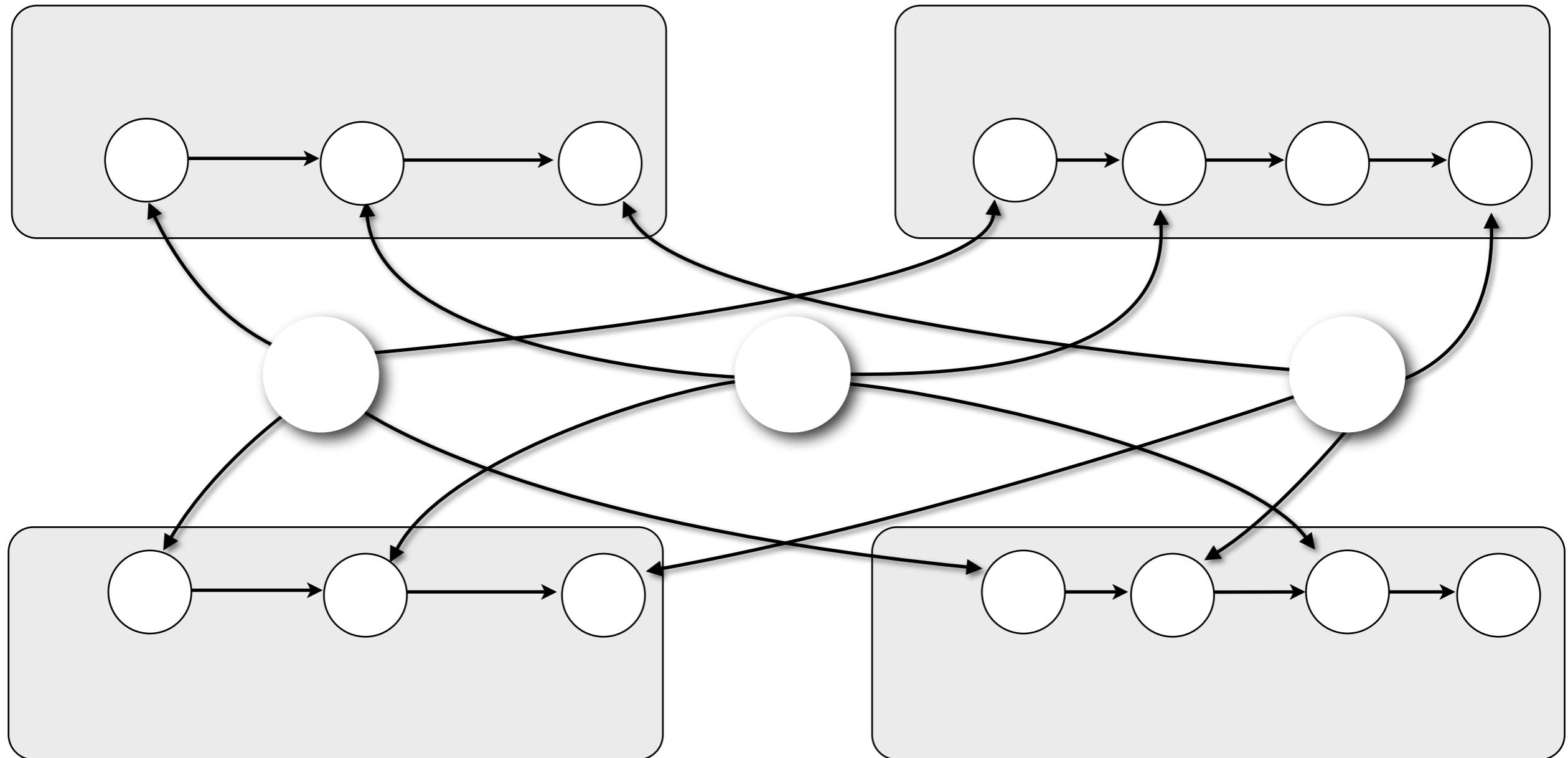
- HMM *transitions* and *emissions* from Dirichlet priors
- *Superlingual tag probabilities*: infinite sequence of mixing parameters π_1, π_2, \dots from stick breaking process
- Infinite sequence of *sets of tag distributions* from Dirichlet priors: Ψ_1, Ψ_2, \dots

for superlingual tag \mathbf{s} : $\Psi_{\mathbf{s}} = \{\psi_{\mathbf{s}}^1, \dots, \psi_{\mathbf{s}}^\ell\}$
tag dist. for each lang.

Generative Story: sentences

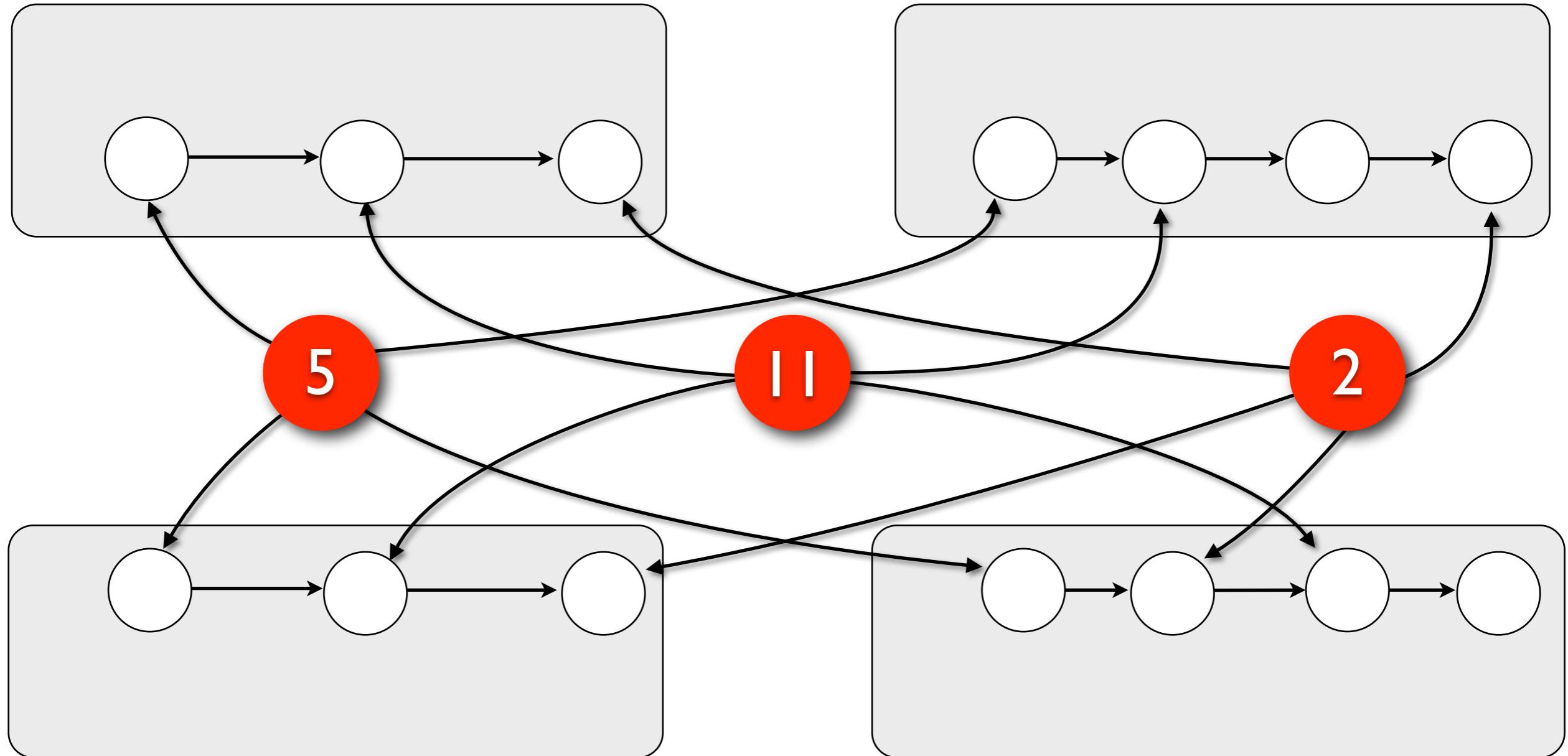
I. Draw *alignment template*:

[1,1,1,1]
[3,3,2,4]
[2,2,3,_]



Generative Story: sentences

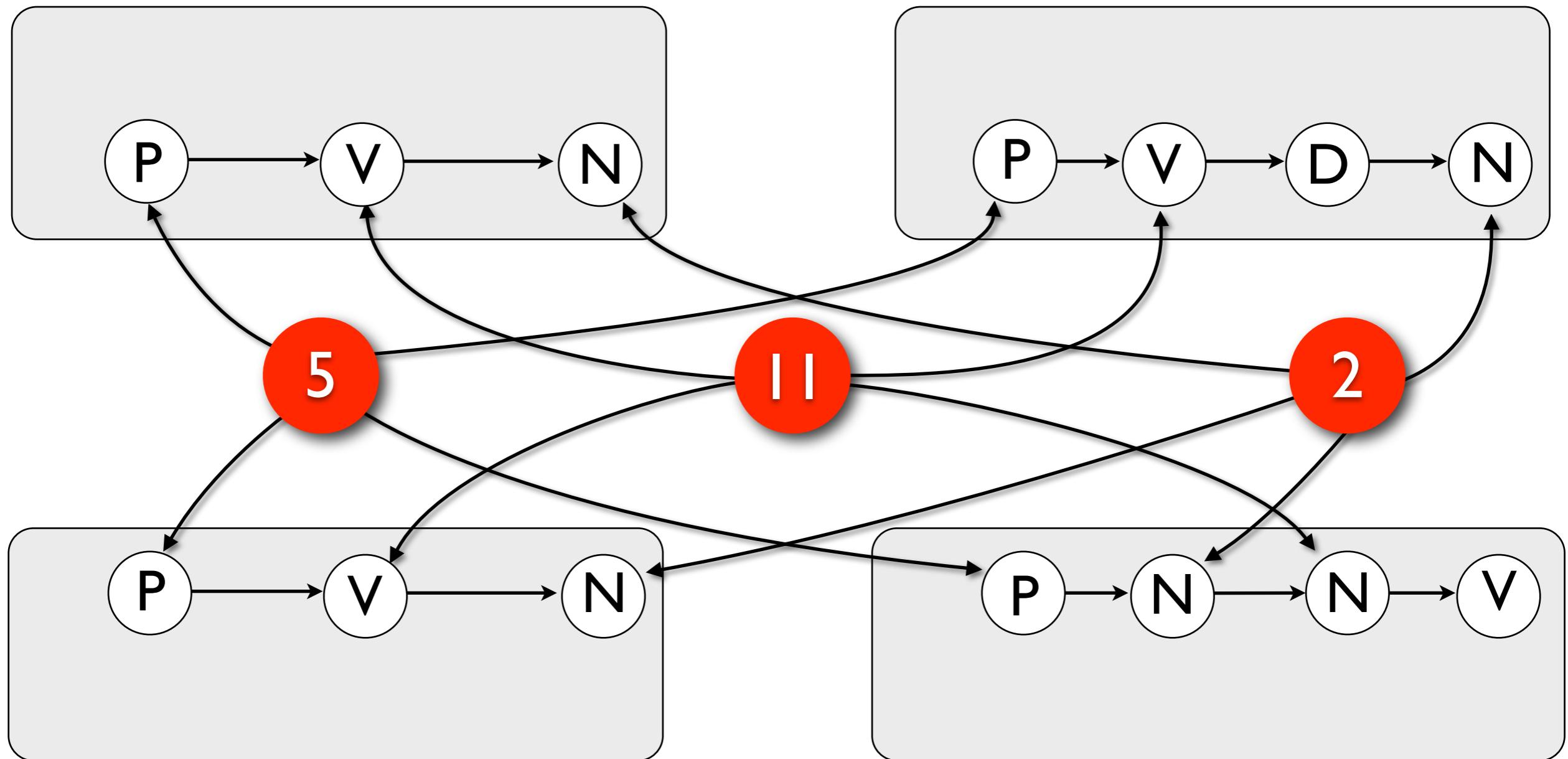
2. Draw superlingual tags: $s_i \sim \pi$



Generative Story: sentences

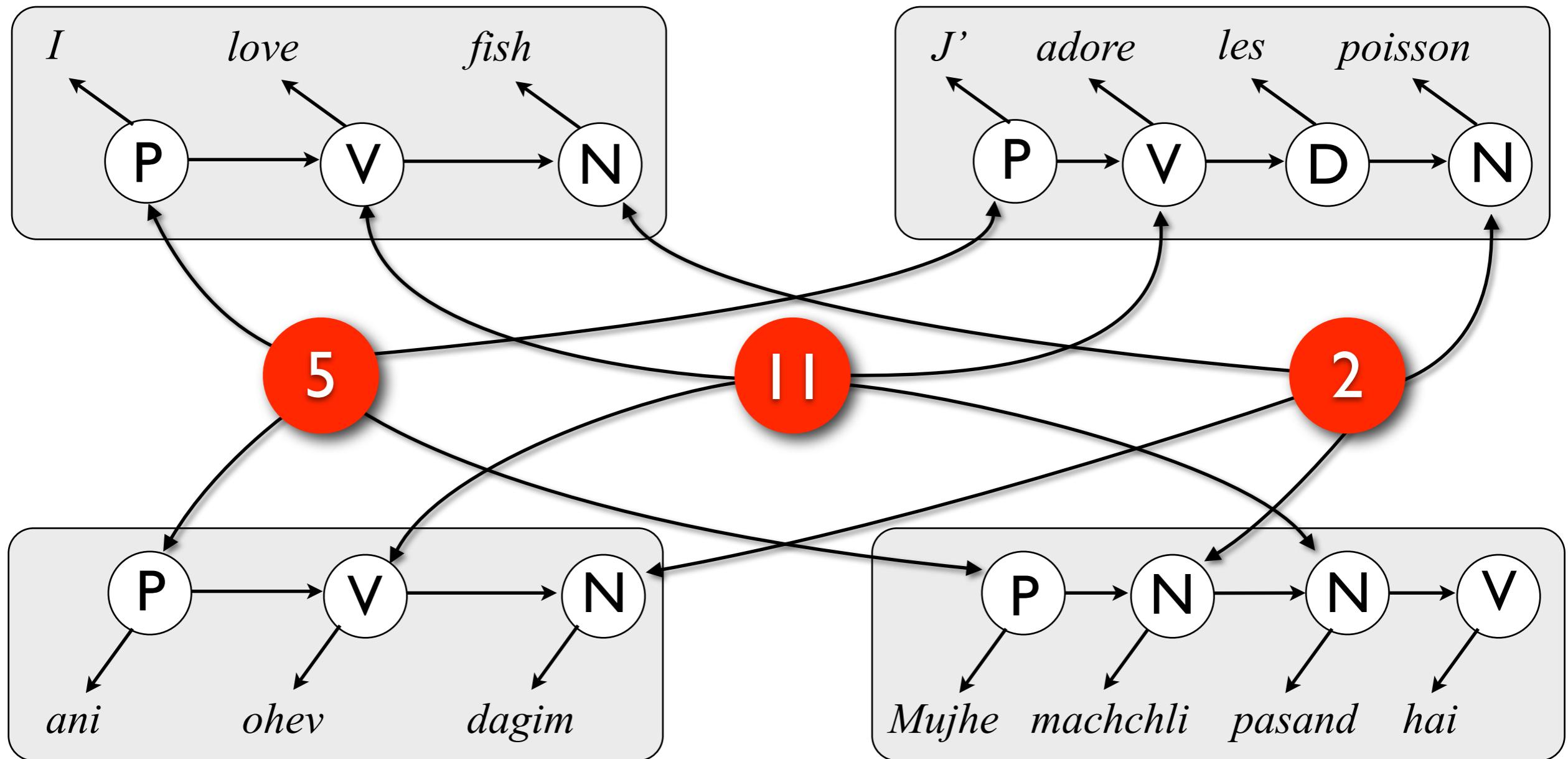
3. Draw POS tags:

$$y_i \sim \frac{\text{trans}(y_i|y_{i-1}) \cdot \psi_s^\ell(y_i)}{Z}$$



Generative Story: sentences

4. Emit words: $x_i \sim \text{emit}(x_i|y_i)$



Inference: Gibbs Sampling

- Marginalize over emission, transition, and superlingual tag distributions using standard closed forms.
- Explicitly sample each *POS tag* and *superlingual tag*, conditioned on others

Sampling POS Tags

$$P(y_i^\ell | \mathbf{y}_{-(\ell,i)}, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{s}) \propto$$

$$P(x_i^\ell | \mathbf{x}_{-i}^\ell, \mathbf{y}^\ell) P(y_{i+1}^\ell | y_i^\ell, \mathbf{y}_{-(\ell,i)}, \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{s}) P(y_i^\ell | \mathbf{y}_{-(\ell,i)}, \mathbf{a}, \mathbf{s})$$

Posteriors proportional to:

1. Emission probability of word
2. Probability of next tag
(given superlingual tags and current tag)
3. Probability of current tag
(given superlingual tags and previous tag)

Sampling Superlingual Tags

$$P(s_i | \mathbf{s}_{-i}, \mathbf{y}) \propto \prod_{\ell} P(y_i^{\ell} | s_i, \mathbf{s}_{-i}, \mathbf{y}_{-(\ell,i)}) \cdot \begin{cases} \frac{1}{k+\alpha} count(s_i, \mathbf{s}_{-i}) & \text{if } s_i \in \mathbf{s}_{-i} \\ \frac{\alpha}{k+\alpha} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Posteriors proportional to:

- I. Probabilities of aligned POS tags
2. Chinese Restaurant Process [Antoniak '74]

Corpus



- Orwell's Nineteen Eighty Four (~100k words)

Bulgarian, Czech, Serbian, Slovene

Hungarian, Estonian

Romanian

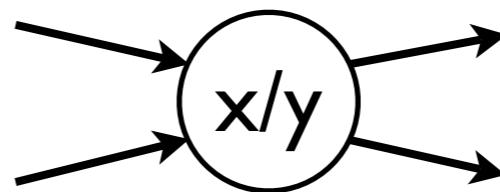
English

- 14 coarse POS tags (Multext v3)
- Train on parallel data, evaluate on *monolingual*

Experiments

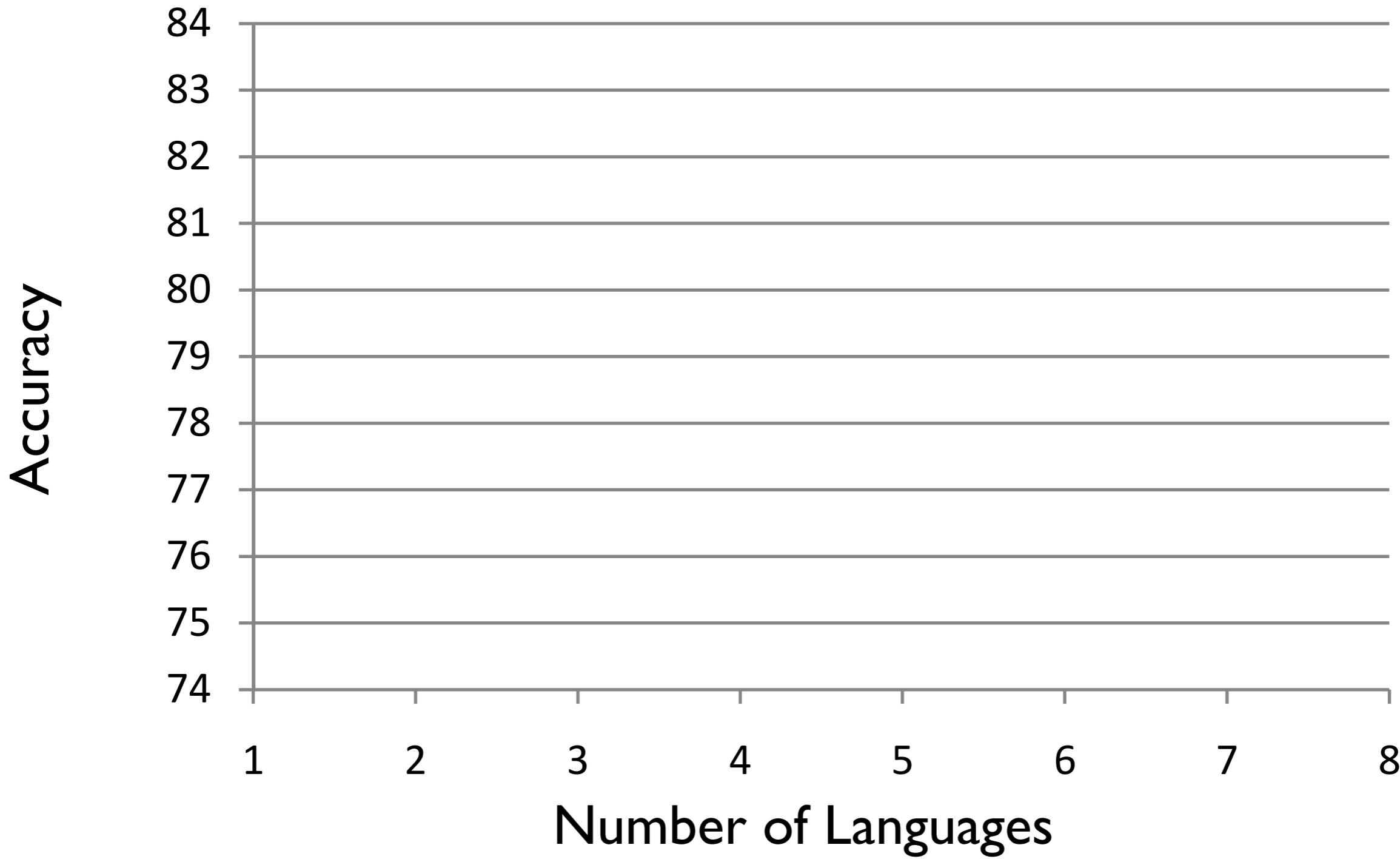
- Baselines:
 1. Monolingual BHMM [Goldwater & Griffiths 2007]
 2. Bilingual model [Snyder et al 2008]

- a. Avg
- b. Oracle

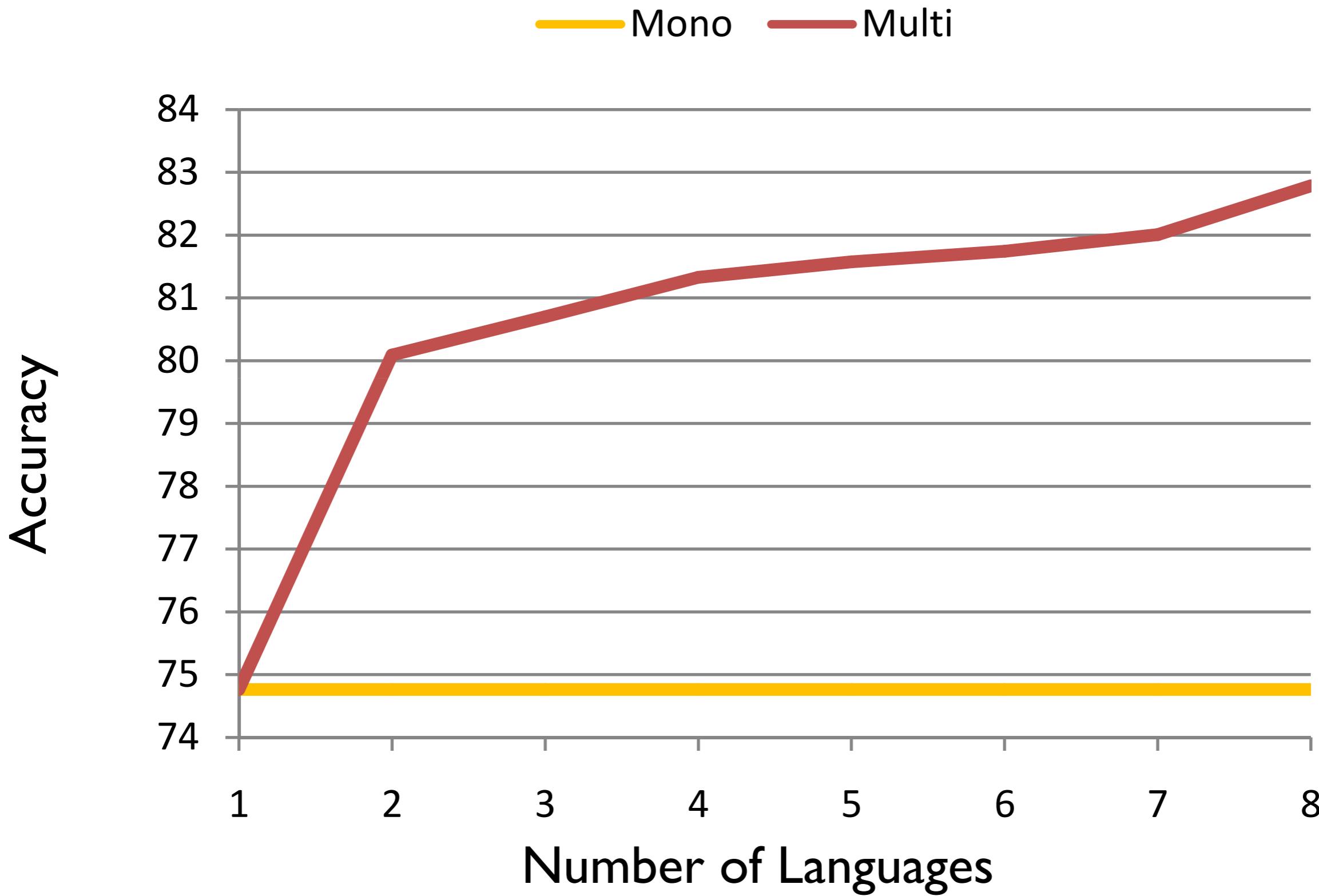


- Three scenarios:
 - Full lexicon
 - Reduced lexicon: count > 5
 - Reduced lexicon: count > 10

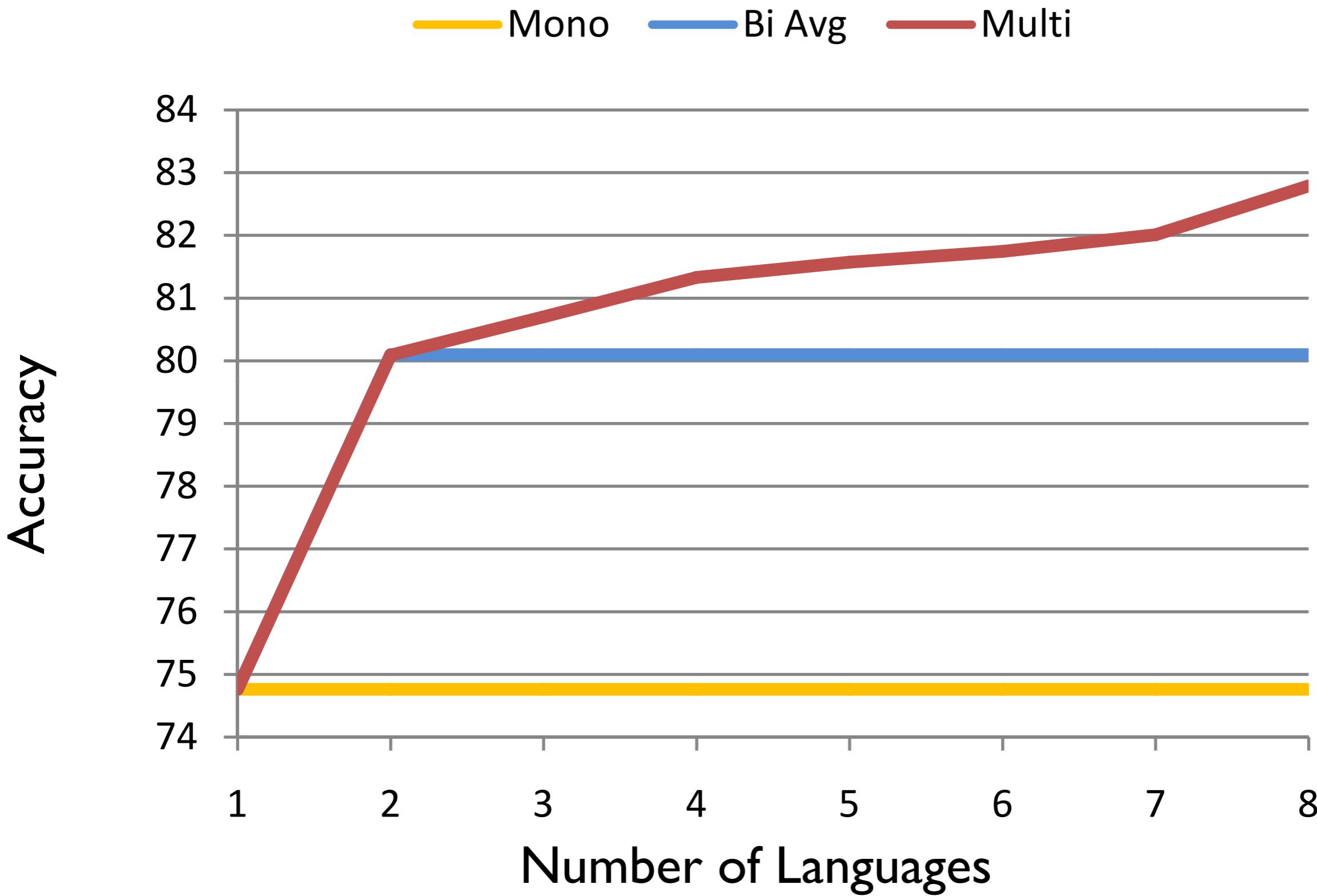
Reduced Lexicon: $n > 5$



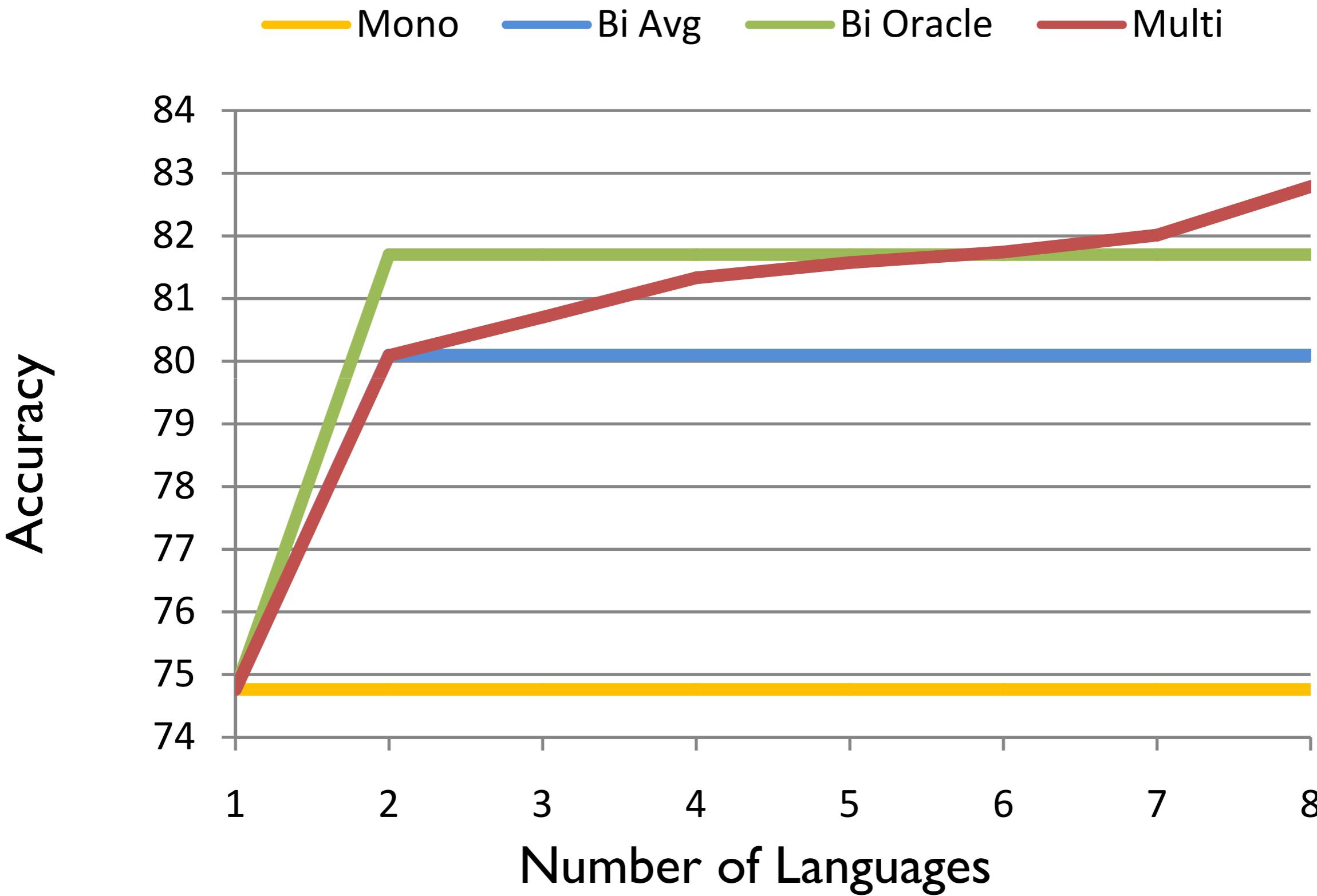
Monolingual vs Multilingual



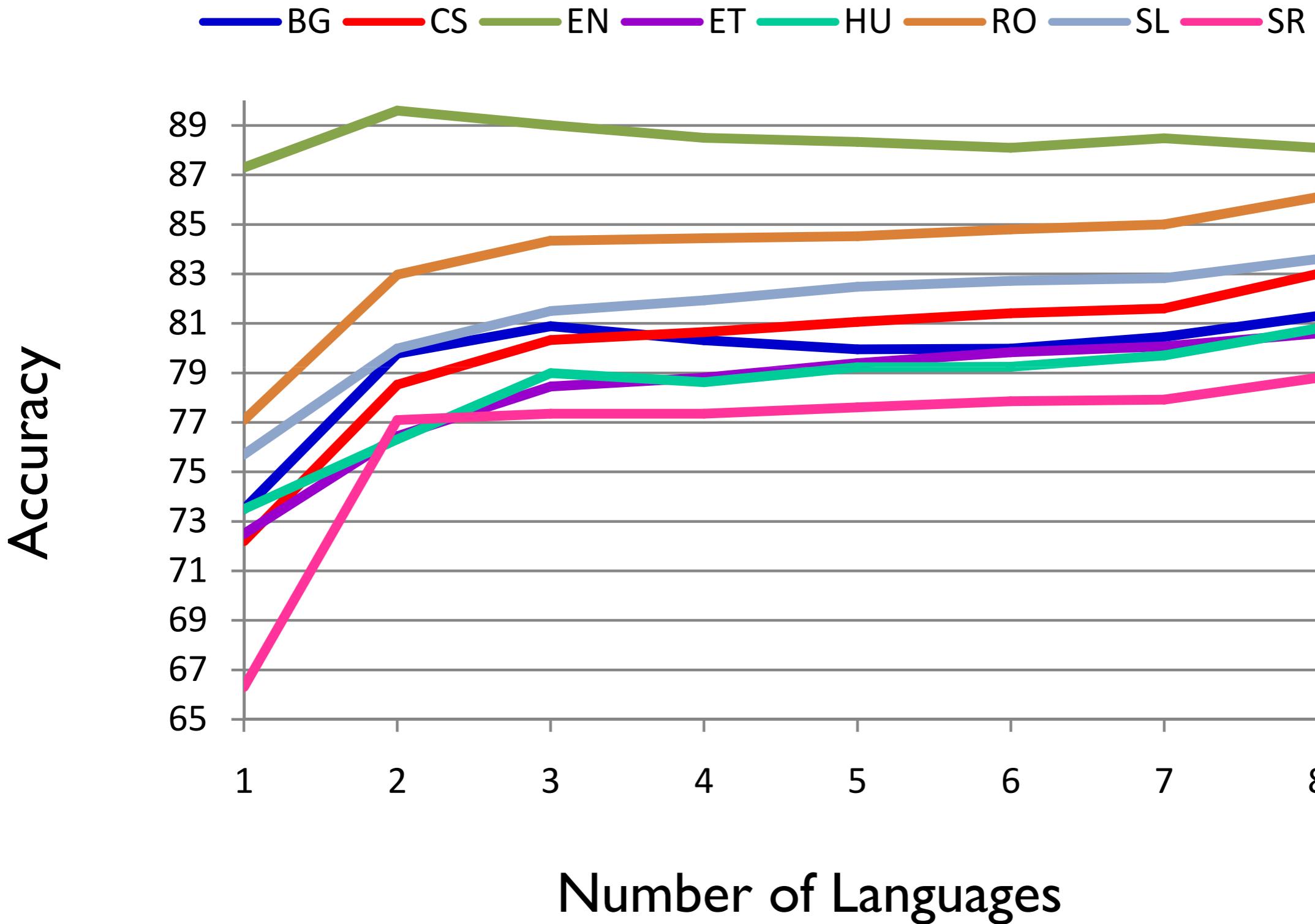
Bilingual Avg vs Multilingual



Bilingual Oracle vs Multilingual



Breakdown by Language...



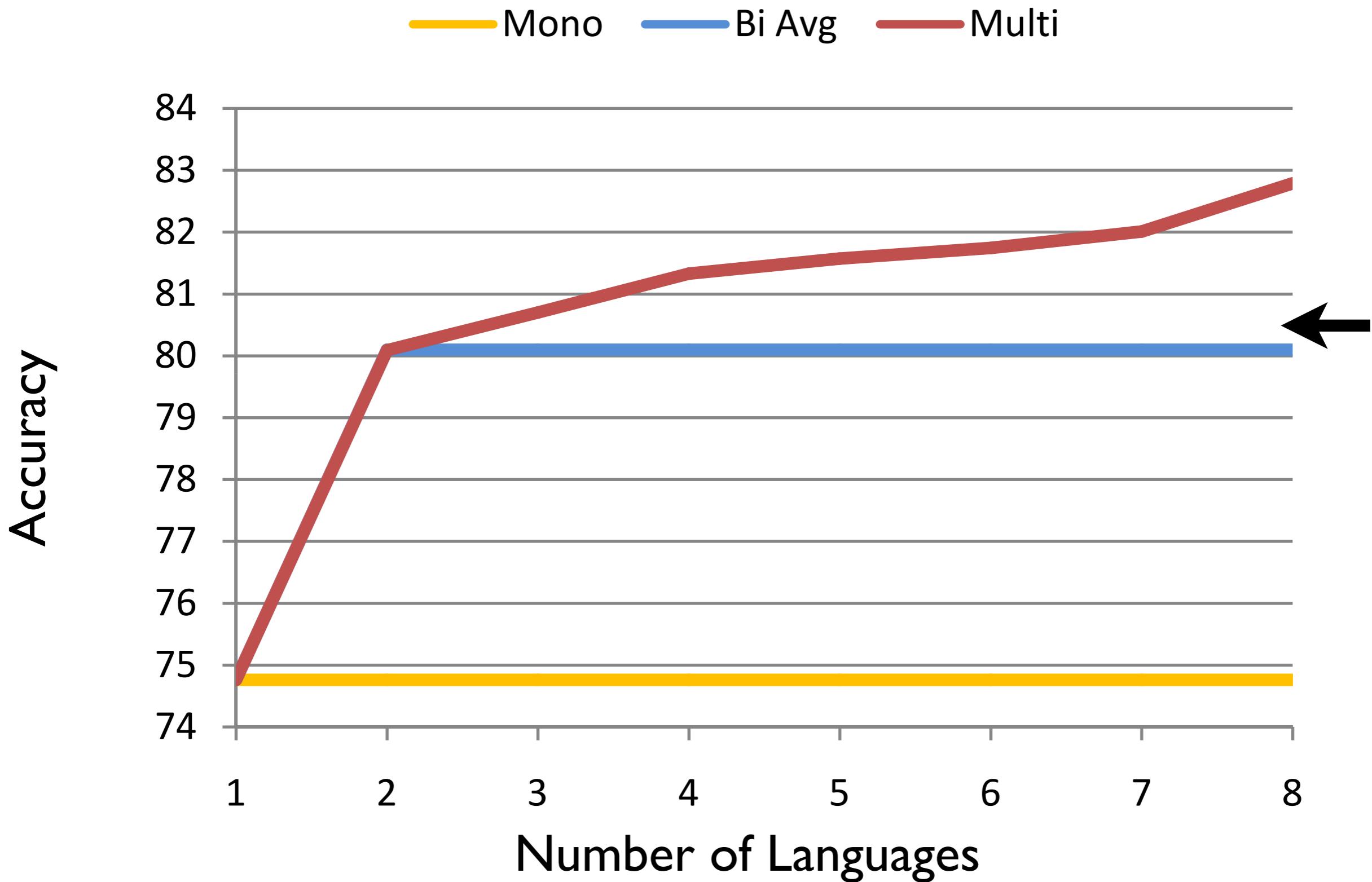
Related Work

- Multi-source MT
[Och & Ney 2001; Utiyama & Isahara 2006; Cohn & Lapata 2007;
Chen et al 2008; Bertoldi et al 2008]
- Multilingual lexicon induction
[Genzel 2005]

General Trend: *Combining bilingual models*

Our Approach: *Joint multilingual model*

Bilingual: Voting



Analysis: Superlingual Tags

- As languages added, number of superlingual tags increases: 11 (*pairs*) → 20 (*8 languages*)
- Most superlingual tags model a single dominant POS:

$s = 6$

bg	N=.91	A=.04	...
en	N=.98	V=.01	...
hu	N=.85	A=.07	...
sl	N=.94	A=.04	...

Analysis: Superlingual Tags

- But some superlingual tags model more complex multilingual patterns

$s = 14$

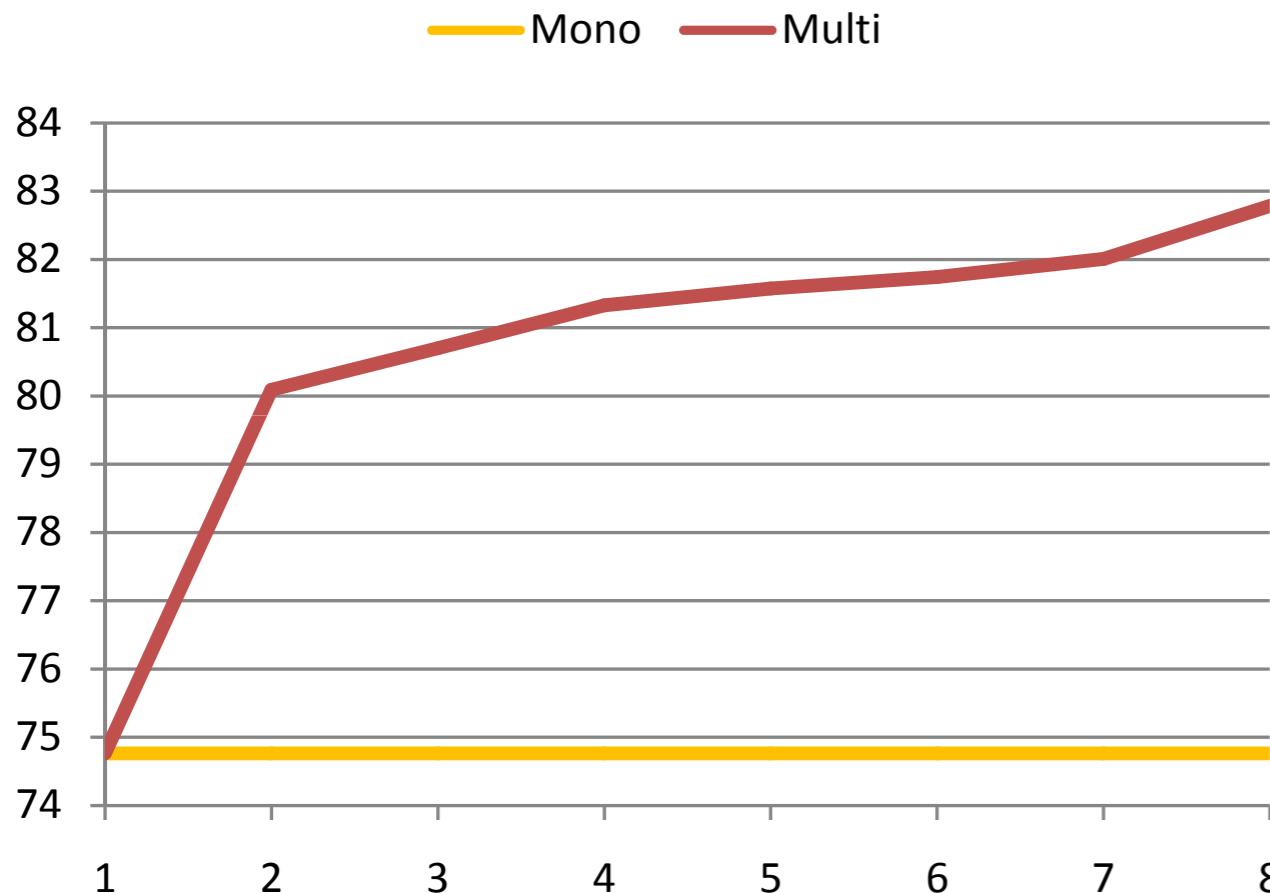
bg	V=.66	N=.21	...
en	V=.55	N=.25	...
et	N=.52	V=.30	...
hu	N=.44	V=.34	...

$s = 15$

cs	PRN=.61	...
en	DT=.99	...
sl	V=.96	...
sr	V=.89	...

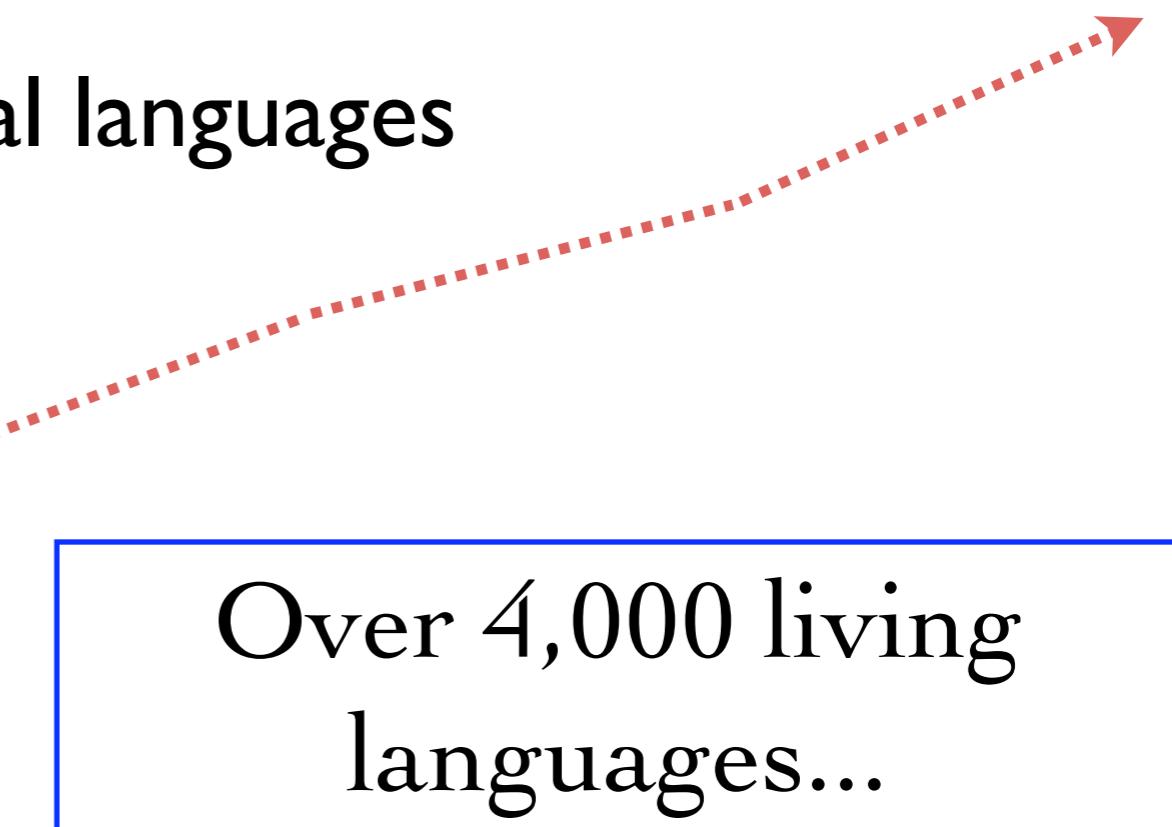
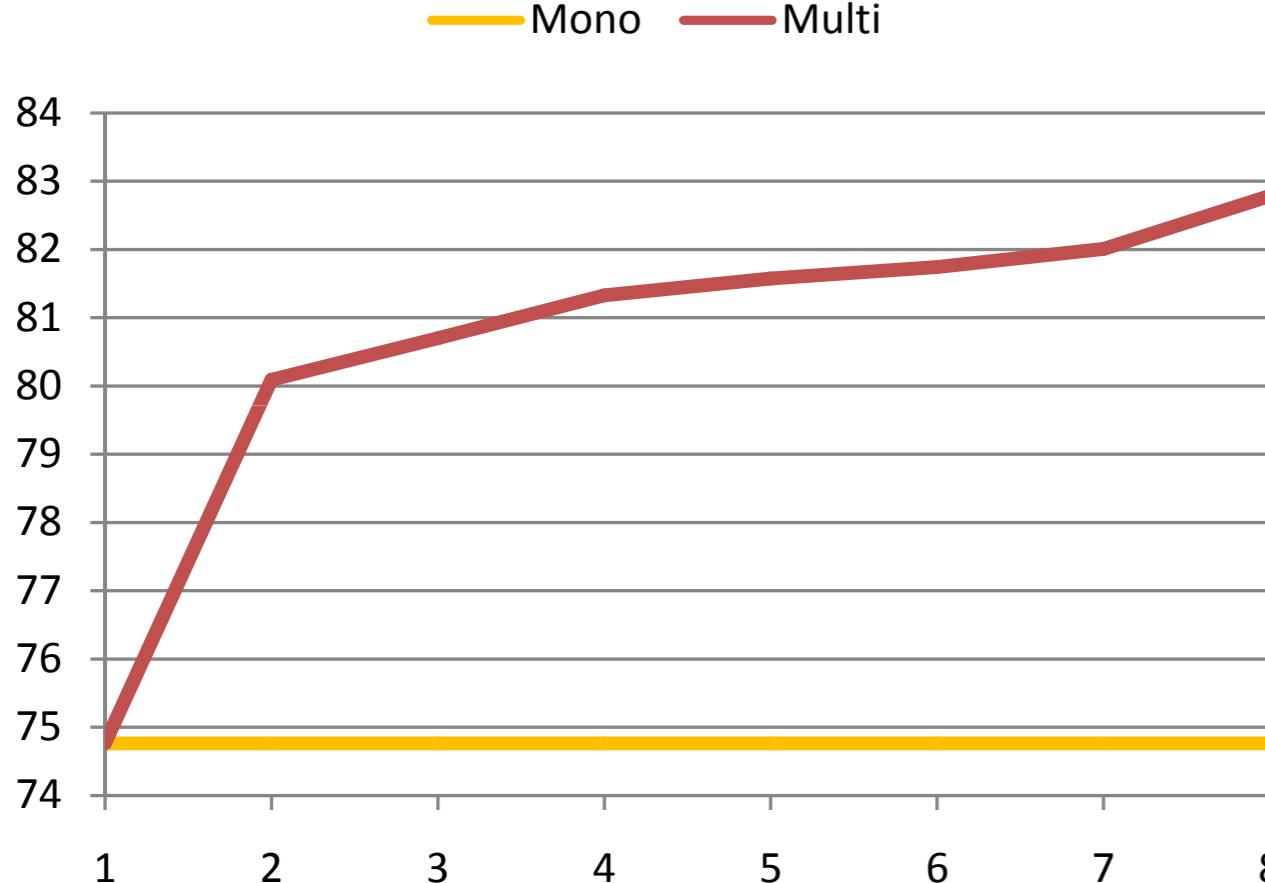
Conclusions

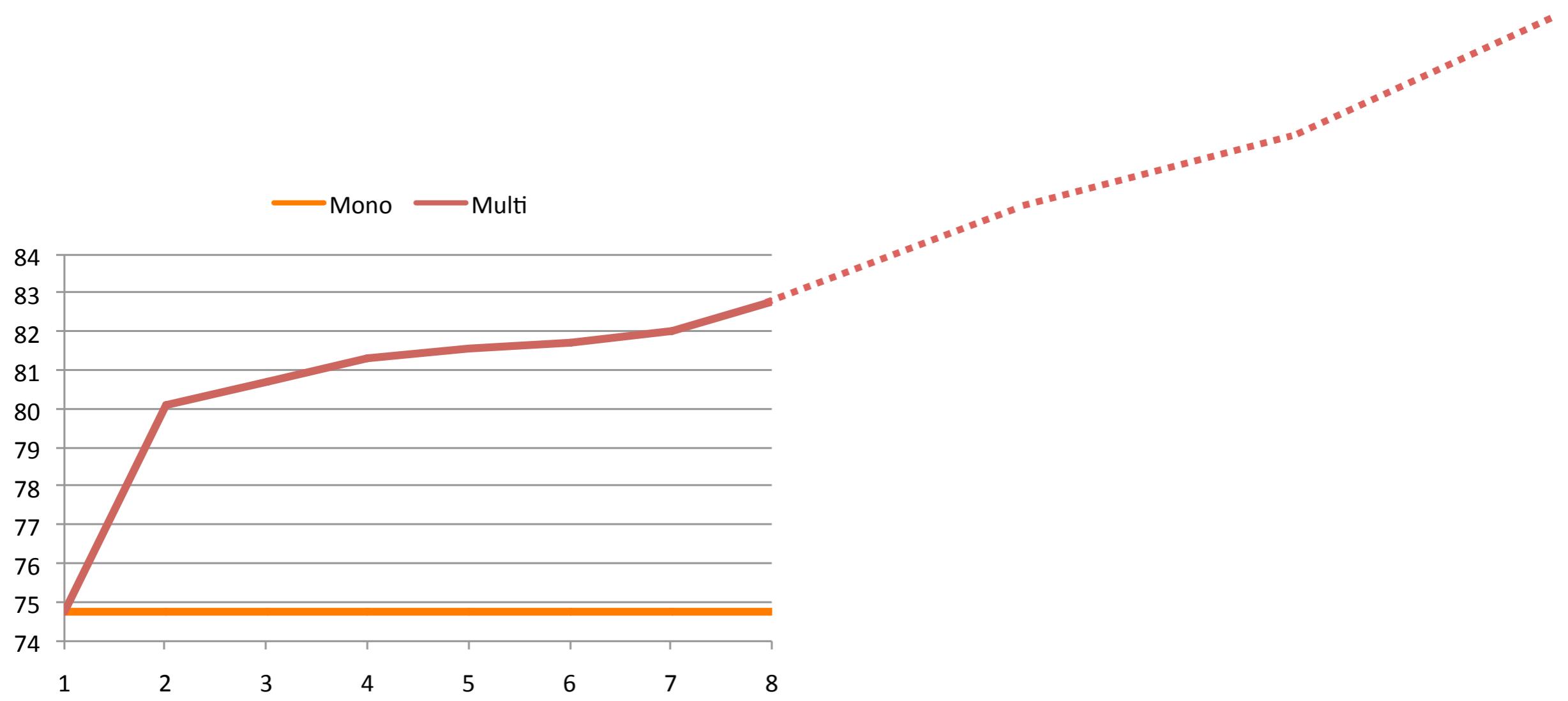
- Capture multilingual patterns using non-parametric latent variables
- Scale gracefully with additional languages



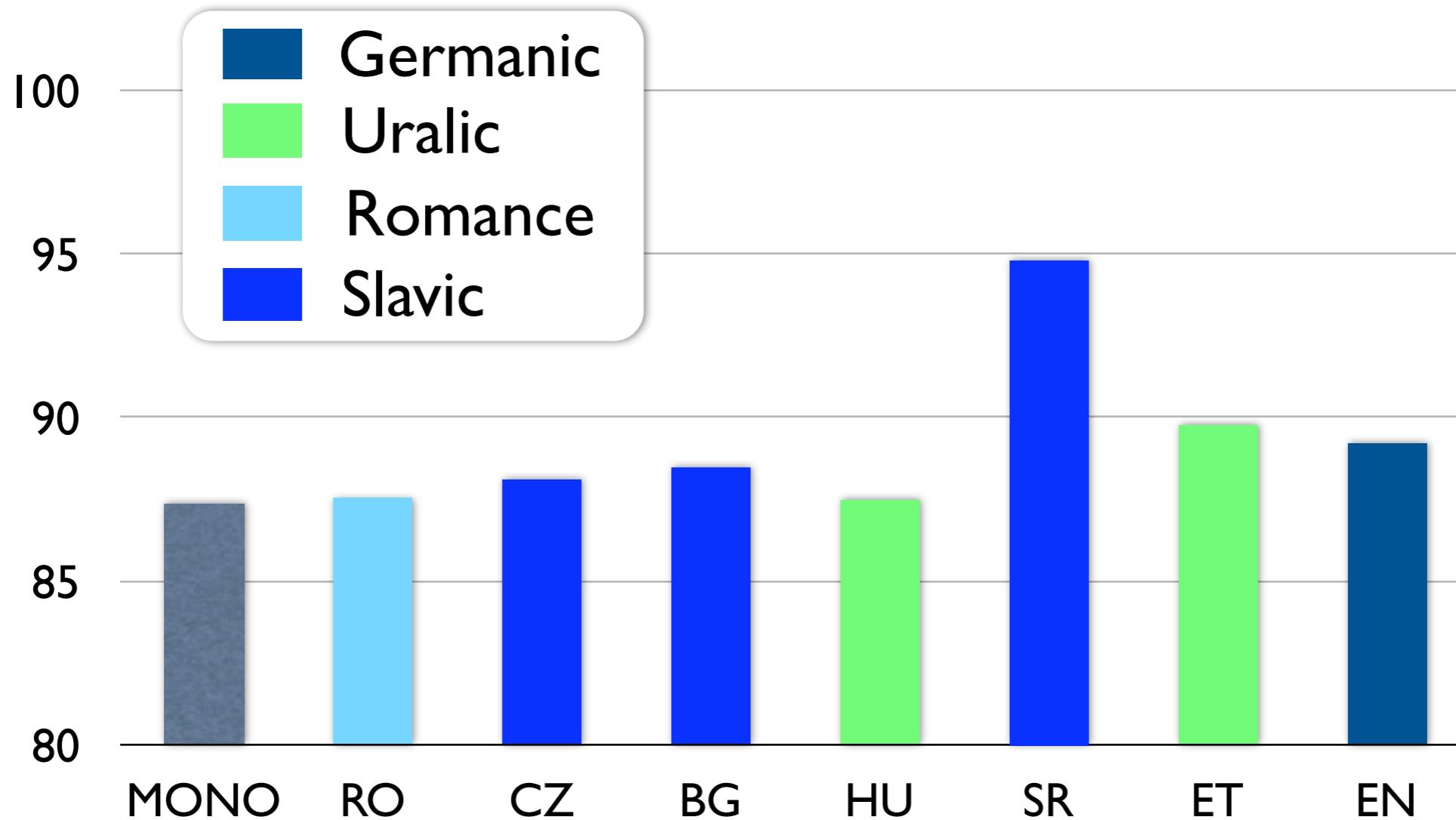
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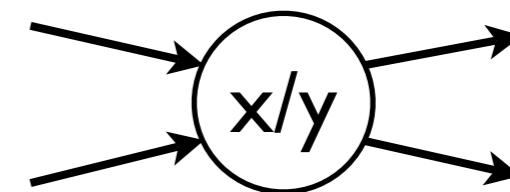




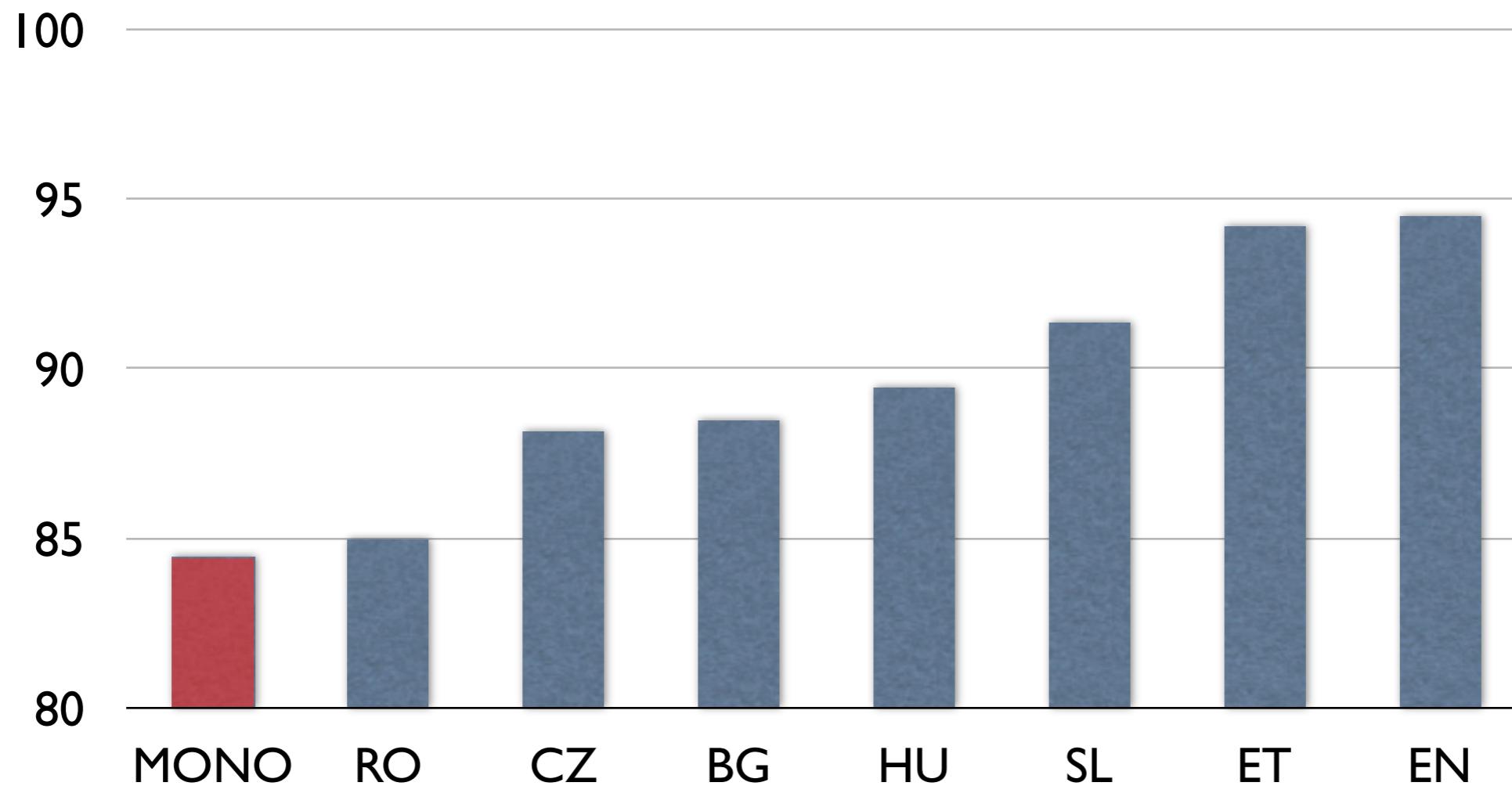
Slovene, paired with...



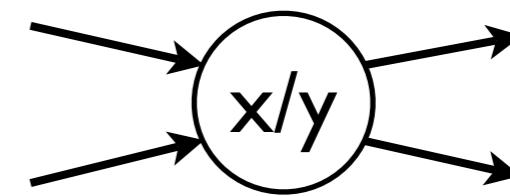
Bilingual merged-node Model
[Snyder et al 2008]



Serbian, paired with...



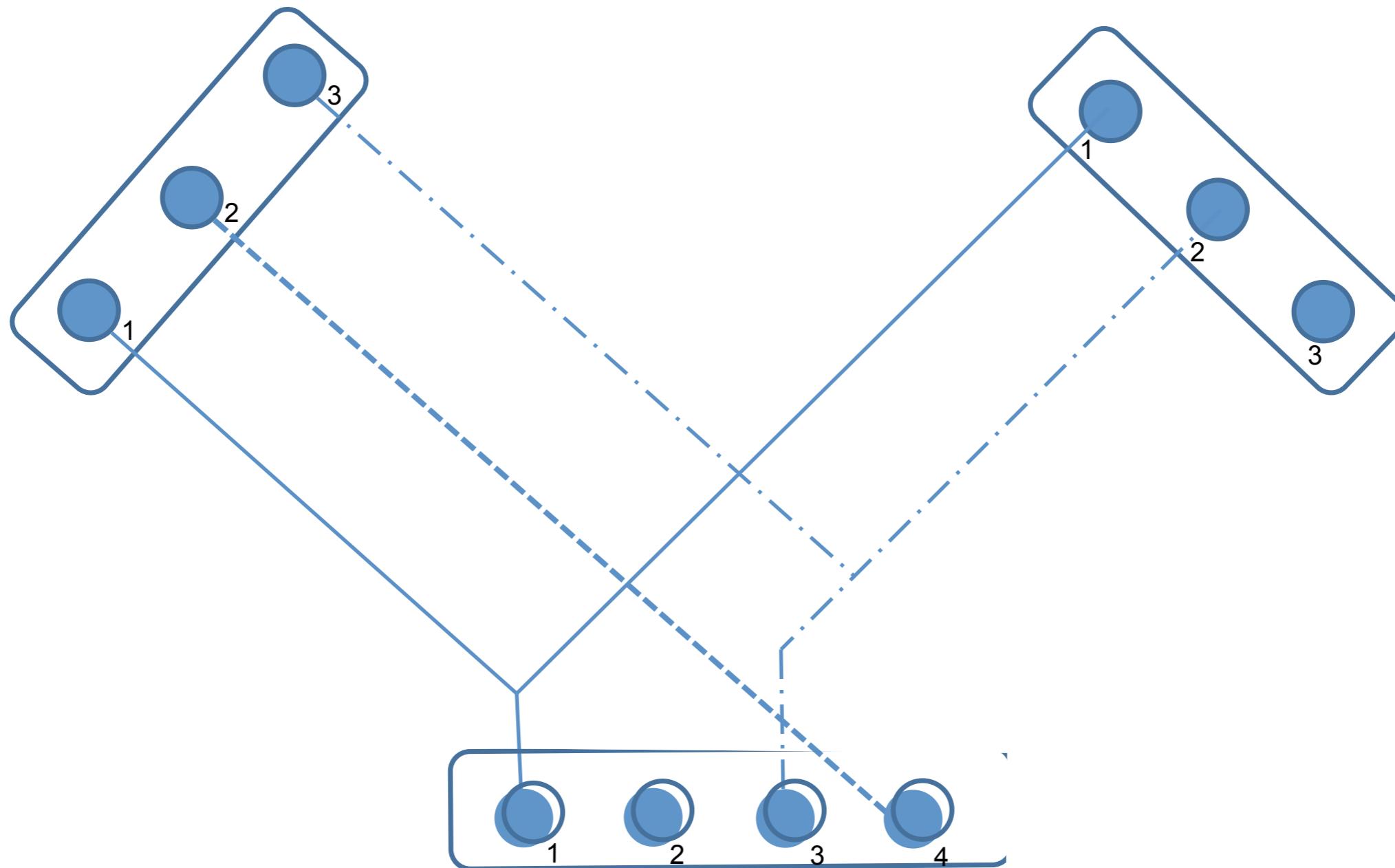
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Generative Story: sentences

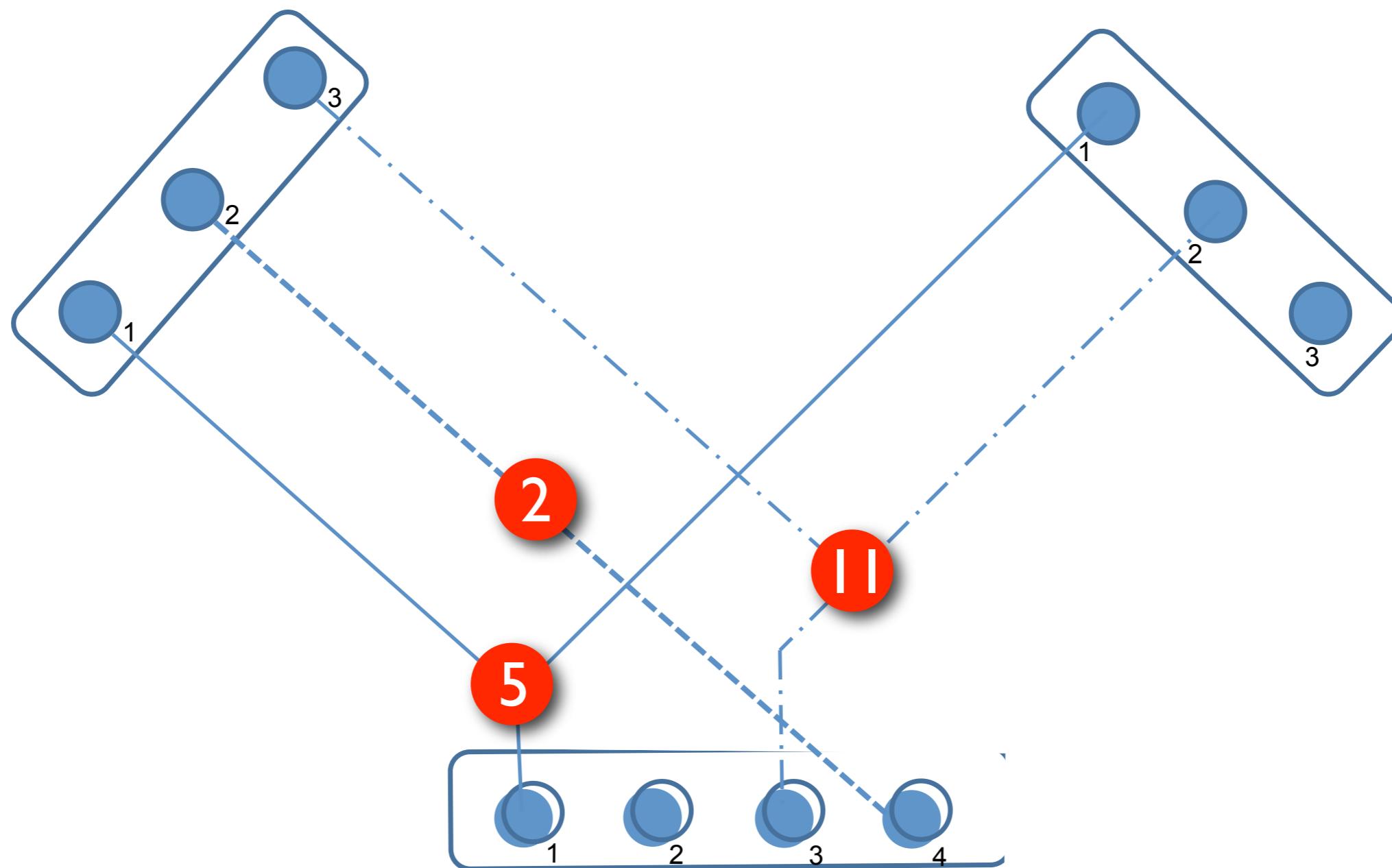
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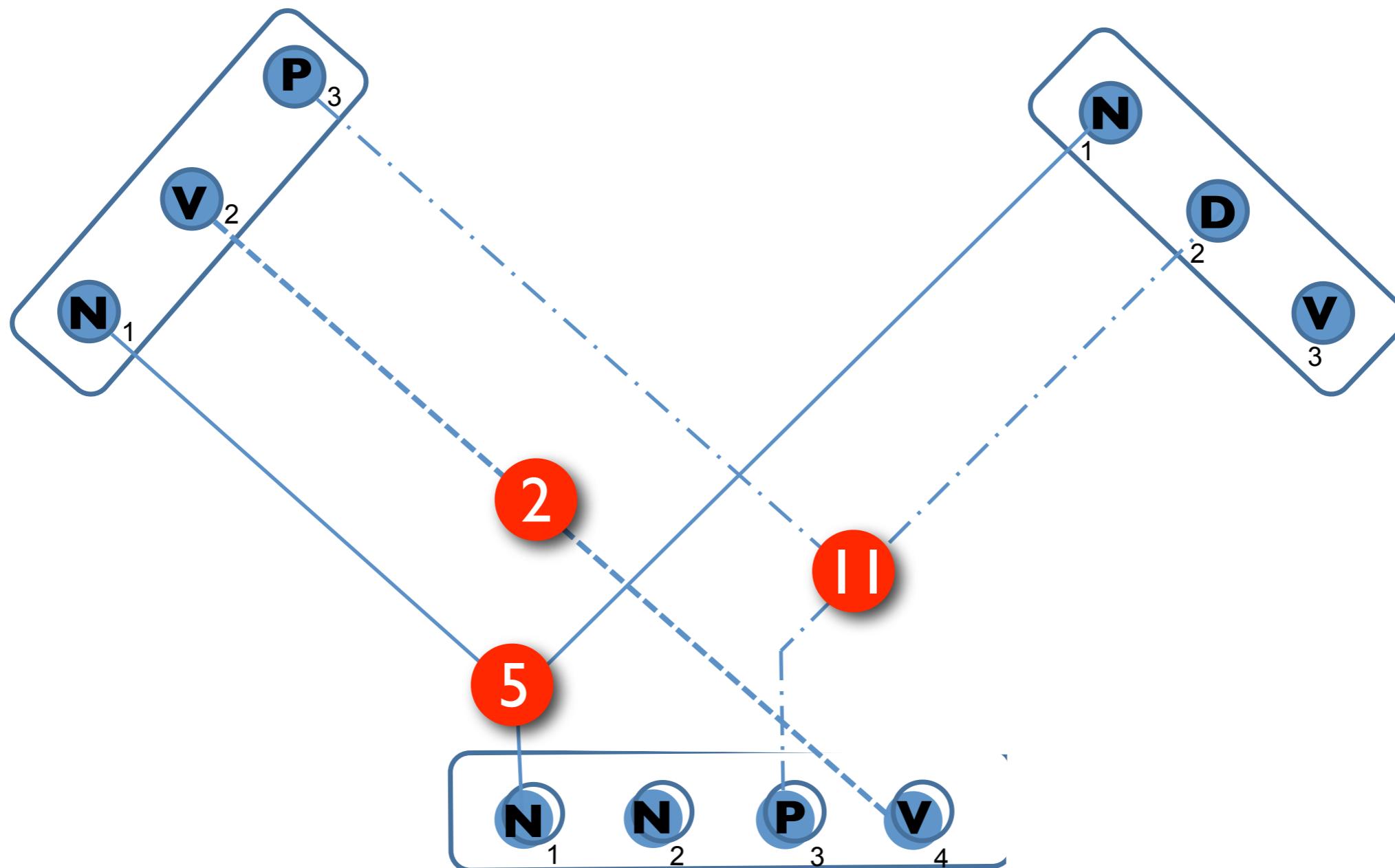
Generative Story: sentences

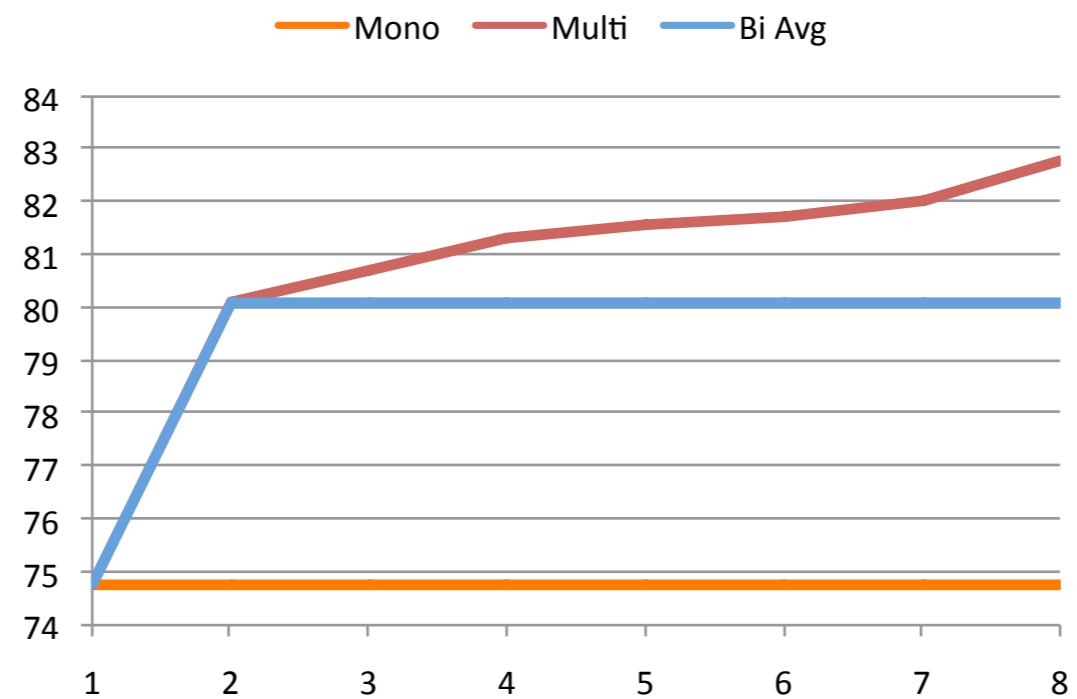
2. Draw *superlingual tags*: $s_i \sim \pi$

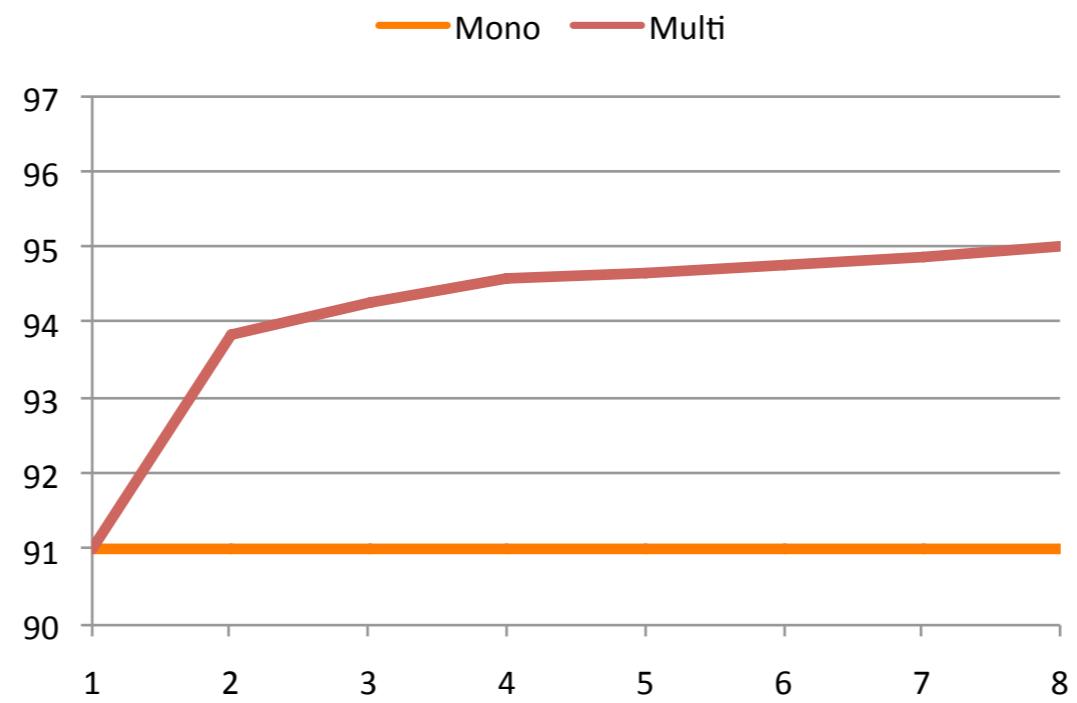


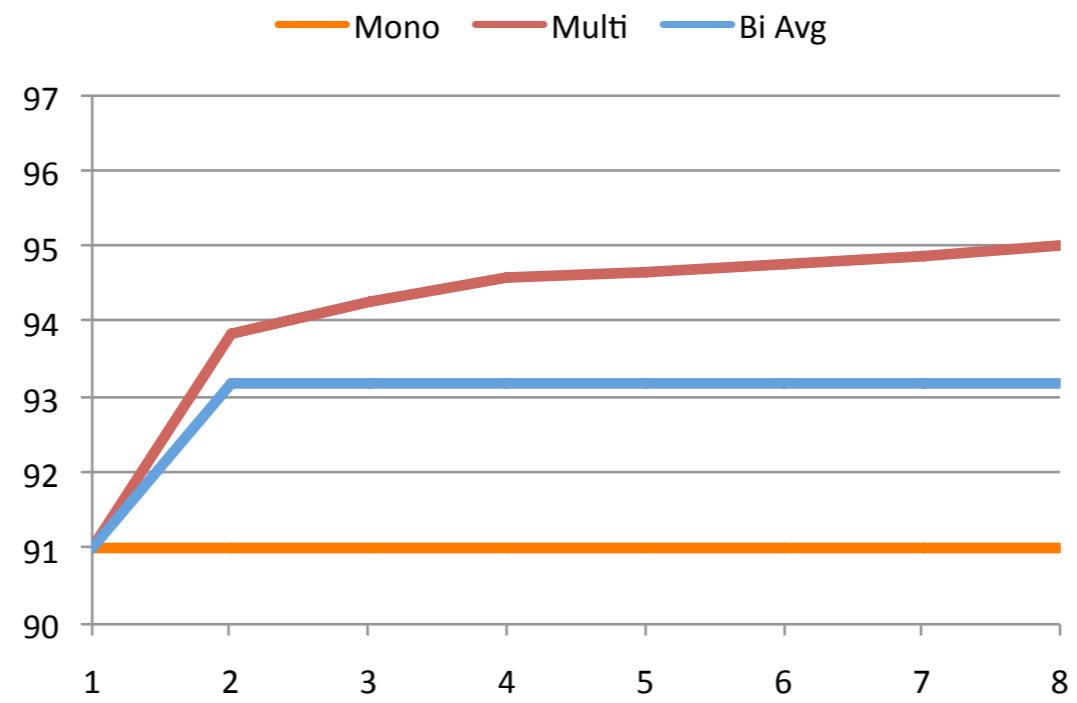
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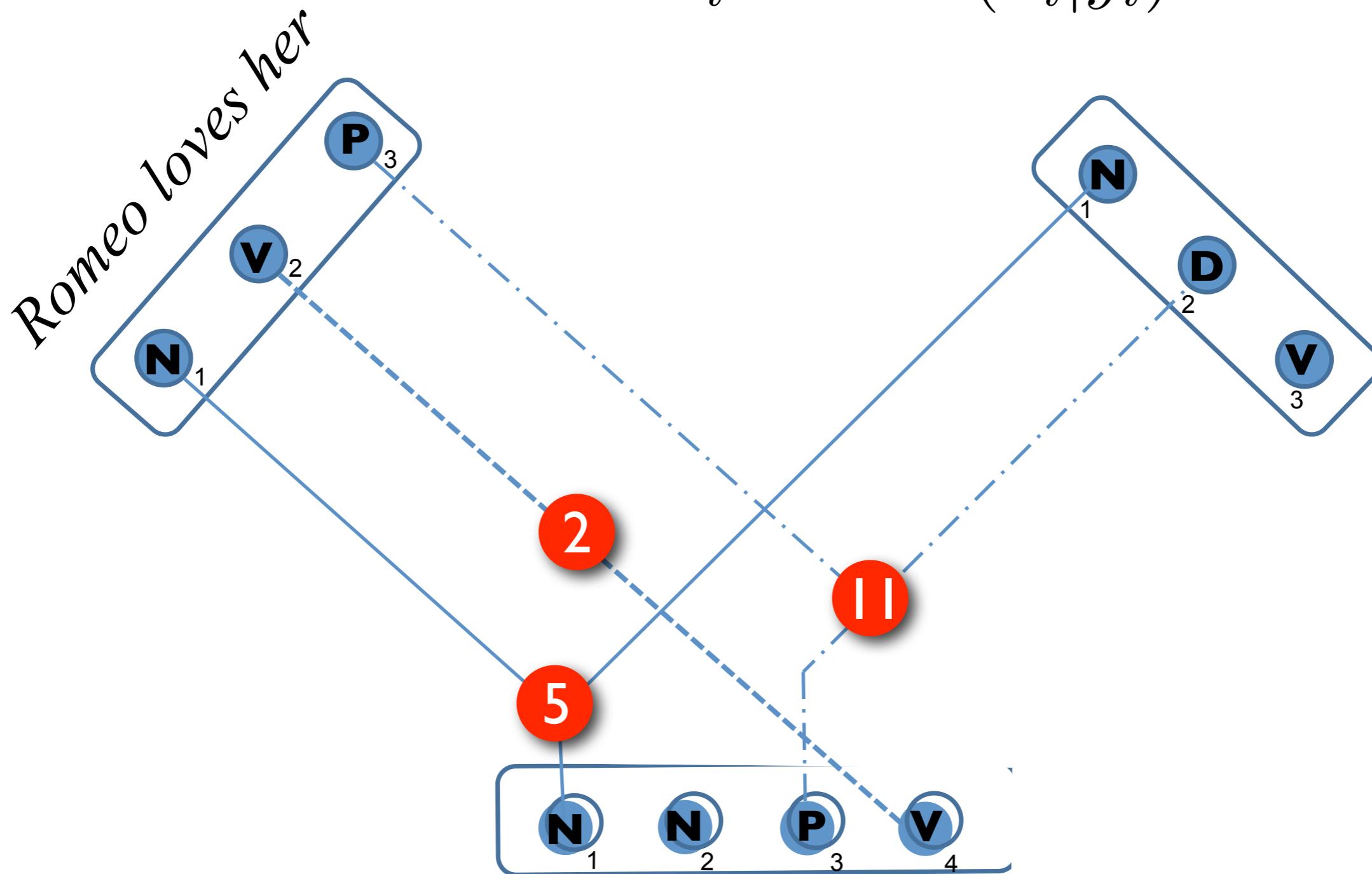




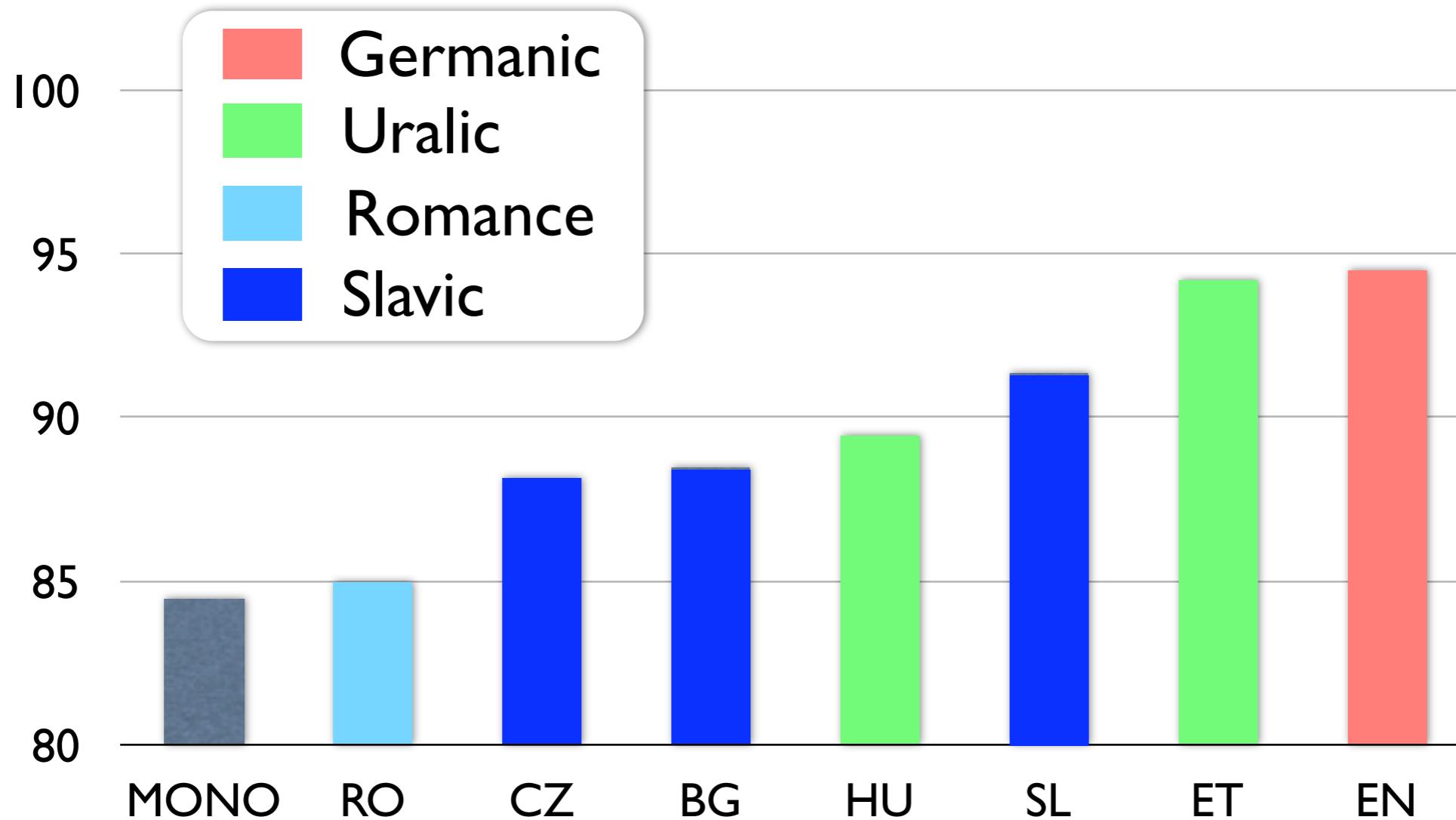
Generative Story: sentences

4. Draw words:

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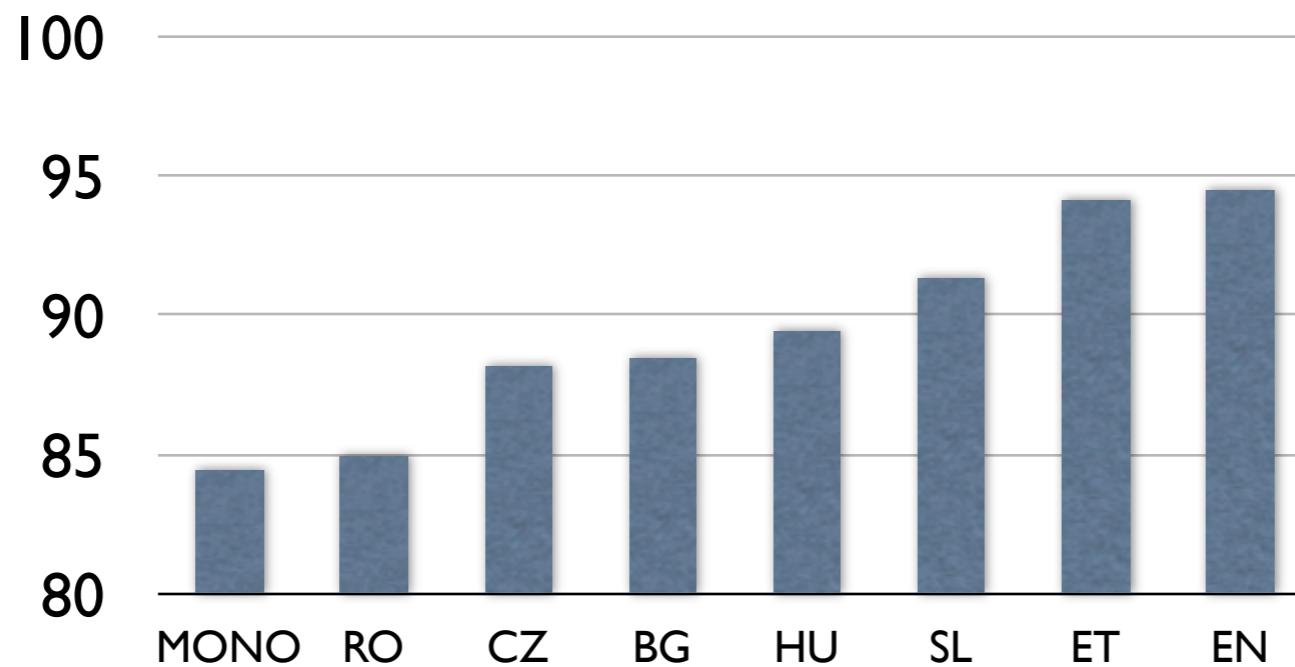


Serbian, paired with...



Bilingual Model [Snyder et al 2008]

Multilingual Performance Goals



Minimum: Beat avg bilingual performance

Ideally: Beat *best* bilingual performance