Welcome to Comp Sci 368-4! Introduction to Scripting for CHTC

Overview, Course Mechanics, Introduction to Python

http://pages.cs.wisc.edu/~cs368-4/

Introductions

Instructor

Tim Cartwright

cat@cs.wisc.edu

or (26)2-4002 but email is best

Background

- B.S., UW–Madison & Ph.D., John Hopkins (Cognitive Science)
- Software developer, educator, consultant
- Staff on CHTC team (not Professor)
- Open Science Grid (OSG) software and education

Course Objectives

Write basic code in Python

Solve scientific computing problems with scripting

Use Center for High Throughput Computing (CHTC)

Automate common scientific computing workflows

Syllabus

Python	1: Overview; Intro to Python
•	2: Basic Syntax
	3: Collections
	4: I/O & Exceptions
	5: Data, Functions, and Classes
	6: Modules and the Standard Library
	7: Regular Expressions
	8: System Interaction
CHTC	9: Intro; Running Jobs
	10: More Complex Jobs
	11: Workflows with DAGMan
Python	12: Scripted Workflows I
for	13: Scripted Workflows II
CHTC	14: Wrapper Scripts
	15: Science Code in Python

Course Philosophy

Learn a new skill

Learn by doing

Learn to fish

My Suggestion:

Write code.
At least a little.
Every day.
Play around!

Course Mechanics

Credit and Homework

Credit

- Course offered as credit/no credit
- All points come from homework (no exam)

Homework

- Short coding or CHTC assignment
- Every day (except last day): 14 total
- Due by 1:30 p.m. of next class (email tolerated)
- No late assignments accepted at all
- Each homework given 0, 1, or 2 points
- Need 18 points (64%) to get credit for the course

Homework Points

Pts	Reason
2	 turned in on time, AND code runs, AND solution is correct or nearly so, AND demonstrates real effort
1	 turned in on time, AND partial solution, may not actually run, AND demonstrates some effort (my discretion)
0	 late, OR is plagiarized (= Academic Misconduct), OR does not demonstrate any real effort

Mailing List

compsci368-4-f12-hhh@lists.wisc.edu

- Goes to your @wisc.edu account
- Check spam filters
- Post questions, comments, and discoveries!
 - Except direct homework questions (see rules)
 - All else is fair game

Office Hours

Computer Sciences 4265 (Tim's office)

Days and times: Doodle poll today!

Other times available by appointment (email)

Python Resources

- Book: *Learning Python* (4th Ed.)
 - Available FREE online via MadCat
 - Not in the UBS textbook area
 - Note Python version info
- Python documentation
 http://docs.python.org/release/2.4.3/
- Python 2.4 Quick Reference
 http://rgruet.free.fr/PQR24/PQR2.4.html

Machines

- Computer Systems Lab (CSL) accounts
 - Old accounts may still be active
 - Otherwise, see login screen on instructional machines
 - Problems? Stop by CompSci 2350 (the CSL),
 or email lab@cs.wisc.edu
- Personal machine OK for Python, but check version
- Will get CHTC Linux account later

Scripting in Python

Why Scripting?

- Abstracts over low-level details
- Rapid development
- Easy to understand and change
- Pervasive

Why Python?

- Powerful: Has everything you need
- Clear: Modern, clean design
- Highly portable: Runs nearly everywhere
- Widely used in scientific computing

Python vs. C++: Print a File

Python

```
inStream = open("Data.txt", "r")
for line in inStream:
   print line
```

C++

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
int main() {
  ifstream InStream;
  string line;
  InStream.open("Data.txt");
  getline(InStream, line);
  while (! InStream.eof()) {
    cout << line << endl;
    getline(InStream, line);
  }
}</pre>
```

Python Versions

- ≤ **2.3** considered very old, not recommended
- **2.4 2.6** still very common
 - Red Hat Linux 5 has 2.4.3 (CHTC submit machine)
 - Red Hat Linux 6 has 2.6.6 (instructional machines)
 - Debian 6 ("squeeze") has 2.6.6
- 2.7 is current, but end-of-line for 2.x
 - Mac OS X 10.8 ("Mountain Lion") has 2.7.2
- 3.x is the future but is **not** backward compatible

http://wiki.python.org/moin/Python2orPython3

Running Python

Interactive Python

```
$ python
Python 2.4.3 (#1, Dec 11 2006, 11:39:03)
[GCC 4.1.1 20061130 (Red Hat 4.1.1-43)] on
linux2
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or
"license" for more information.
>>>
```

- Great for trying things out
- Cannot save state
- .: Not great for reuse

Running Python Scripts

- Linux / Unix
 - python filename.py
 - chmod 0755 filename.py
 ./filename.py
- Mac OS X
 - Use Terminal (built-in app), same as above

Windows

- Available from main Python website
- Not officially supported in the course

Python Bootcamp ... Starts Now!

Numbers

```
integers 42 -13 0 123456
    really long integers 12345678901234567890L
floating-point numbers -0.5 3.141 2.7182818
  exponential notation 2.998E8 6.022e23 6.626e-34
integers in octal (base 8)
                      0177
                             0377
integers in hex (base 16) 0x3A 0Xff 0x12ab
     complex numbers 3+4j -3.5+2.0j
                                       6J
```

(Some) Operations on Numbers

```
group 24 * (3 + 4)
                       abs (-24.33)
                        min(3, 4, 1, ..., 8)
             calculate
                       max(3, 4, 1, ..., 8)
                        round(1234.56)
                        round(1234.5678, 2)
               negate
                        - X
                       2 ** 8
exponentiate (power of)
                        pow(2, 8)
                       42 * 3.141
      multiply & divide 5.0 / 2 or 5.0 // 2.0
                        23 % 5
                        12 + 34
        add & subtract
                        2011 - 1970
```

Strings

```
string
                      'Hello, "world"!'
(single or double quotes) "Hello, 'world'!"
                        """Really long strings
      really long strings
                       can span multiple lines,
                       etc. Newlines are kept."""
                        'one line\nsecond line'
                       "tab\tseparated\tdata"
              escapes
                        "has \"quotes\" inside"
            raw string r'C:\new\test.txt'
```

(Some) Operations on Strings

```
concatenate 'Hello, ' + "world!\n" 'Hello, world!\n'
    repeat '-' * 15
                                     'e'
           "hello"[1]
     index
            "hello"[-1]
                                     0'
      slice "hello"[1:4]
                                     'ell'
            len('hello')
               hello \n'.strip()
                                     'hello'
            'CrAzY'.lower()
                                     'crazy'
  functions
            'Hello'.find('el')
            'hello'.endswith('lo') True
            '123.0'.isdigit()
                                     False
```

String Formatting

```
"... %d ... %f ... %s ..." % (42, 3.1, 'text')
```

```
integer 'Count: %d' % (123) 'Count: 123'

float 'Mean: %f' % (6.23 / 17) 'Mean: 0.366471'

string 'Hello, %s!' % ("Tim") 'Hello, Tim!'

%character 'C = %f%%' % (5 / 2.0) 'C = 2.500000%'

multiple 'L: %f%s' % (2.6, 'm') 'L: 2.600000m'

advanced '%6.2f' % (1.23456789) ' 1.23'
```

See book or online resources for lots more!

Strings ≠ **Integers** ≠ **Floats**

```
>>> 1 + '1'
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for +:
'int' and 'str'
```

Convert to *integer*

int('5')
int(5.1234)

Convert to *float*

float('5')
float(5)

Convert to *string*

str(5) str(5.1234)

Wrap Up

Homework

Part 1

- Visit course website, find homework #1 in syllabus
- Run script given there; print and turn in output

Part 2

- Run interactive Python session
- Play around with numbers and strings
- Print and turn in interesting discoveries
- See homework #1 for details

http://pages.cs.wisc.edu/~cs368-4/