## CS 536 Announcements for Monday, February 26, 2024

#### **Last Time**

- Java CUP
  - specification format
  - handling precedence and associativity
  - translating lists
  - handling unary minus

#### Today

review for Midterm 1

#### **Next Time**

- approaches to parsing
- bottom-up parsing
- CFG transformations

# Midterm 1 Thursday, February 29, 7:30 – 9 pm S429 Chemistry

#### **Covers**

- lectures through 2/19
- programming assignments 1 & 2

#### **Additional practice**

- Homeworks 0, 1, & 2
- sample midterm (esp questions 1, 3a, 3b, 4)

#### **Format**

- closed-book, closed-notes
- paper and pencil/pen
- question formats
  - multiple-choice
  - short-answer
  - written questions

Make sure to bring your student ID

See also Exam Information page

### **Midterm 1 Topics**

#### **Scanning**

- general:
  - what does a scanner do
  - how does it fit into the design of a compiler
- underlying model:
  - FSMs, DFAs vs NFAs
  - translating regex → NFA
  - translating NFA → DFA
- specification of a scanner :
  - regular expressions, JLex specifications\*
     \*you do not need to know all of JLex's special characters

#### **Context-Free Grammars**

- specification of a language's syntax via a CFG
- derivations (left-most, right-most)
- parse trees
- expression grammars (precedence, associativity)
- list grammars
- ambiguous grammars
- recursive grammar (left recursive, right recursive)

#### **Syntax-Directed Translation**

- "plain" translations
  - writing rules of the form "s1.trans ="
- being able to define translations of any types (integer, AST nodes, etc.)

# Translating a regular expression into a DFA

Example: ab|c

Translate regex  $\rightarrow$  NFA (with  $\epsilon$ -transitions)

## Removing ε-transitions from NFAs

Let M be an NFA with  $\epsilon$ -transitions. Goal: construct  $\epsilon$ -free NFA M\* that is equivalent to M **Recall: eclose(s) =** set of all states reachable from s using 0 or more  $\epsilon$  - transitions **Overview**:

- 1) determine eclose(s) for each state  $s \in M$
- 2) initialize M\* to M
- 3) determine additional final states of M\*
- 4) add edges to M\*
- 5) remove ε-transitions

Final states of M\*: If eclose(s) contains a final state in M, then s is a final state in M\*

Adding edges to M\*: If there is edge s  $-a \rightarrow t$  in M (a  $\neq \epsilon$ ), then add edge s\*  $-a \rightarrow t$ \* in M\*

- for each s\* such that s ∈ eclose(s\*) and
- for each t\* ∈ eclose(t)

# Translate NFA w/ $\epsilon$ -transitions $\rightarrow$ NFA w/o $\epsilon$ -transitions

# NFA w/o $\epsilon$ -transitions $\rightarrow$ DFA

# **Optimize DFA**

# **Syntax-directed translation**

<u>CFG</u> <u>Translation rules</u>

expr  $\rightarrow$  expr + term

| term

term → term \* factor

| factor

factor → INTLIT

( expr )

Write a syntax-directed translation for the CFG given above so that the translation of a sequence of tokens is numeric value of the expression (i.e., the expression evaluated).