

Chapter 2.1 Addition Property of Equality

Equations -

Linear Equation in one variable

(Eg) -

Solutions -

[Method] To check the truth of an equation

1.

2.

3.

(Eg) Is $x=3$ a solution to the equation
 $3x-7=2$?

Solving an equation -

(Eg) $x-12=-3$

(Eg) $x-12=-3$

Note -

④ $3 \times 1 - 7 = 2$

Equivalent Equations -

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Algebra -

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Addition Property of Equality

④ $m - 4.1 = -6.3$

Additive Inverses -

④ 3 is the additive inverse of —

④ -3 is the additive inverse of —

Subtraction Property of Equality

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④ $-22 = x + 16$

① $\frac{7}{2}m + 1 = \frac{9}{2}m$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 9r + 4r + 6 - 2 = 9r + 4 + 3r$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad x + \frac{4}{7} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 4(r+1) - (3r+5) = 1$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{6}{7}r - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{4}{5} - \frac{1}{7}r + \frac{1}{6}$$

Chapter 2.2The Multiplication Property of Equality

Reciprocals -

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② Are 5 and $\frac{1}{5}$ reciprocals?

③ What is the reciprocal of $\frac{7}{9}$?

④ What is the reciprocal of 6?

⑤ What is the reciprocal of -1?

Multiplicative Property of Equality

$$\textcircled{Eq} \quad \frac{4}{7}x = 12$$

Division Property of Equality

$$\textcircled{Eq} \quad 9x = 12$$

Problem Types

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$$\textcircled{1} \quad 3x = 21$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 2.3x = 42$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{4}{7}x = 21$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \frac{P}{4} = -6$$

Summary -

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$$\textcircled{1} \quad 10y - 6y + 3y = -4$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad -5x + 4x - 8x = 0$$

Appendix C - Sets

Set -

Elements -

Set Braces -

⑧ Set of states I've lived in

⑧ Set of even natural numbers less than 10.

Note

Empty Set

⑧ $6 \notin \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

⑧ $7 \notin \{1, 3, 5, 7\}$

⑧ $\{7, 20, 4\} = \{7, 0, 20, 4\}$

Infinite

Finite

(Eq) List the elements of each set, if possible.
Determine if each is finite or infinite.

a) the set of whole numbers

b) the set of odd natural #'s between 10 & 20

List the elements of each set & determine if the set is finite or infinite

① The set of seasons

② The set of all living humans who are more than 200 years old.

③ The set of all multiples of 5.

Subset

(Eq) Let $A = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12\}$
 $B = \{2, 4, 8, 10\}$
 $C = \{4, 10, 12\}$

True or false

a) $B \subseteq A$

b) $C \subseteq B$

Venn Diagram

④ Eg $B \subseteq A$

④ Eg Let $U = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$

$$M = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$$

$$\text{then } M' = \{1, 3, 5, 7\}$$

Intersection

Union

④ if $M = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$

$$N = \{1, 3, 5, 7\}$$

$$\text{then } M \cup N =$$

$$M \cap N =$$

④ if $N = \{1, 3, 5, 7\}$

$$Q = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$\text{then } N \cup Q =$$

$$N \cap Q =$$

④ Let $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10\}$ then $B \cup C =$

$$A = \{1, 3, 4, 6\}$$

$$B = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10\}$$

$$C = \{2, 8\}$$

$$A \cap C =$$

$$A' =$$