

Defin Complex fraction -

Types of Complex fractions

1. Single termed -

(a)

(b)

2. Multiplied term

(c)

(d)

Method Simplifying Single termed Complex fractions

1.

2.

3.

(Eg)
$$\frac{\frac{m^2 n^3}{P}}{\frac{m^4 n}{P^2}}$$

(1)
$$\frac{\frac{36x^4}{5y^4 z^5}}{\frac{9xy^2}{15z^5}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{\frac{x}{x+y}}{\frac{x^2}{2x+2y}}$$

Method Simplifying Multiple termed Complex fractions

Method 1

1.

2.

3.

$$\textcircled{\text{Eg}} \frac{\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{\frac{1}{a+1} + \frac{2}{b-2}}{\frac{2}{b-2} - \frac{1}{a+3}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x}}{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{\frac{3x}{y} - x}{\frac{y}{x} - 1}$$

Method 2

1.

2.

3.

$$\textcircled{\text{Eg}} \quad \frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{x^2}}{2 + \frac{1}{x^2}}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{4}{9} + \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{\frac{2}{a^2b} + \frac{3}{ab^2}}{\frac{4}{a^2b^2} - \frac{1}{ab}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{x-1}}{\frac{4}{x-1}}$$

Defin Rational Equation -

$$\textcircled{\text{Eg}} \quad \frac{2}{y} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2y}$$

Method Solving Rational Equations

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

$$\textcircled{\text{Eg}} \quad \frac{2}{y} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2y}$$

$$\textcircled{\text{Eg}} \quad 1 - \frac{2}{x+1} = \frac{2x}{x+1}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{2m-3}{5} - \frac{m}{3} = -\frac{6}{5}$$

①

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{82}{p^2-2p} = \frac{3}{p^2-p}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{8r}{4r^2-1} = \frac{3}{2r+1} + \frac{3}{2r-1}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \frac{1}{x-2} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{2}{5(x^2-4)}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \frac{6}{5a+10} - \frac{1}{a-5} = \frac{4}{a^2-3a-10}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \frac{2a-16}{4(a+1)} + \frac{a}{2a+2} = \frac{a-3}{a+1}$$

Method Solving for a given Variable

1.

2.

3.

4.

Eq) Solve for E:

$$I = \frac{KE}{R}$$

① Solve for q:

$$\frac{3}{K} = \frac{1}{P} + \frac{5}{q}$$

② Solve $z = \frac{x}{x+y}$ for y

Chapter 7.7 Applications of Real Numbers

Recall problem solving strategy

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6

Number Type problems

- 1
- 2

Eg. A certain number is added to the numerator and subtracted from the denominator of $\frac{5}{8}$. the new number equals the reciprocal of $\frac{5}{8}$. Find the number.

4,6,8

Motion Problem Types (Solving problems with $d=rt$)

- 1
- 2
- 3

Eg. At the 2002 Olympics, Casy Fitzgerald of the United States won the 500-m speed skating event for men in 69.23 sec. What was his rate (to the nearest hundredth of a second)?

Problem: In 1973, the Indianapolis 500 race was only 332.5 mi. Gordon Johncock won with a rate of 159.036 mph. What was his time (to the nearest hundredth of an hour)?

Eg. A boat can go 10 mi against a current in the same time it can go 30 mi with the current. The current flows at 4 mph. Find the speed of the boat with no current.

#20, 22, 24

Solving Work Type Problems:

Use the fact: the rate of work is $1/t$ job per unit of time

1

2

3

Eg. Al and Mario operate a small roofing company. Mario can roof an average house alone in 9 hr. Al can roof a house alone in 8 hr. How long will it take them to do the job if they work together?

#32, 34, 36

Chapter 7.8 Variation

Direct Variation

Means:

A.

B.

Definition:

Solve Direct Variation Problems:

1

2

3

4

5

Eg. If z varies directly as t , and $z = 11$ when $t = 4$, find z when $t=32$.

Class: The circumference of a circle varies directly as the radius. A circle with a radius of 7cm has a circumference of 43.96cm. Find the circumference if the radius is 11cm

Direct variation with Power

1

2

3

Eg. B varies directly as the cube of C . When $B = 12$, C is 2. What is the value of B when C is 6?

Indirect variation

Means:

A

B

Eg. A car travels 40mi.

Definition:

Solve Indirect Variation problems:

1

2

3

4

5

Eg. Z varies indirectly as a and when $a = 15$, $z = 6$. Determine what z is when $a = 4$.

Indirect Variation with a Power

1

2

3

Eg. Suppose y varies inversely as the square of x. If $y=5$ when $x=2$, find y when $x=10$.

1. B varies indirectly as the cube of C. when $B=12$, C is 2 What is the value of B when C is 6?

2. If the cost of producing pairs of rubber gloves varies inversely as the # of pairs produced, and 5000 pairs can be produced for \$.50 per pair, how much will it cost to produced 10,000 pairs?