Bisection Method

Newton's Method

Secant Method

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CS368 MATLAB Programming Lecture 13

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Based on lecture slides by Michael O'Neill and Beck Hasti

April 27, 2022

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Lecture 14

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Algebraic Equations

• An algebraic equation, also called a polynomial equation, are ones in the form,

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} a_i x^i = 0.$$

- Root finding is the process of numerically finding one or all x's that satisfy the above equation.
- There are in general *n* solutions or roots (possibly complex or repeated) to the above equation.

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Non-linear Equations Math

- In general, non-linear equations in the form f (x) = 0 are solved using iterative methods.
- Start with a random guess x_0 , and compute a sequence $x_1, x_2, ...$ with the property that $x^* = \lim_{n \to \infty} x_i$ satisfies $f(x^*) = 0$.

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Intermediate Value Theorem

- Intermediate Value Theorem says given a continuous function f, for any u between f (a) and f (b), there exists an x ∈ [a, b] such that f (x) = u.
- IVT implies that if $f(a) \ge 0$ and $f(b) \le 0$, then there exists an $x \in [a, b]$ such that f(x) = 0.
- Bisection method uses this observation to iteratively reduce the interval [a, b] that contains the root by a half until a and b are close enough.

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Intermediate Value Theorem Diagram

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Bisection Method Step 1

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Bisection Method Step 2

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Bisection Method Step 2

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Search Math

 Bisection method can be used to find a root of f (x) = 0 in an interval x ∈ [x₀, x₁].

• Start with
$$[x_0, x_1]$$
 and $x = \frac{1}{2}(x_0 + x_1)$.

- If f (x) and f (x₀) has different signs, the solution is between x₀ and x, use bisection method on [x₀, x].
- If f (x) and f (x₁) has different signs, the solution is between x and x₁, use bisection method on [x, x₁].
- Stop when f(x) = 0 or x_0 and x_1 are close enough.

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Bisection Diagram

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Search

- Code for bisection search.
- function x = bisection(f, x0, x1)
- 2 x = 0.5 * (x0 + x1); % Find midpoint.
- if $x_1 x_0 < 0.0001$ % Solution is close to x.

eturn

• elseif f(x0) * f(x) <= 0 % Solution is in $[x_0, x]$.

• else % Solution is in
$$[x, x_1]$$
.

$$x = bisection(f, x, x1);$$

🧿 end

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Newton's Method Step

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Newton's Method

- Newton's method can be used to find a root of f (x) = 0, given f'(x), starting from initial guess x₀, preferably close to the solution.
- Start with the initial guess $x = x_{0.}$
- **2** Repeat using Newton's formula $x = x \frac{f(x)}{f'(x)}$.
- Stop when f (x) is close enough to 0 (or the number of iterations is too large).

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Newton's Method Diagram

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Newton's Method

- Code for Newton's Method
- function x = newton(f, fp, x0)
- 2 if abs(f(x0)) < 0.0001 % Solution is close to x_0

- else % Newton's update
 - x = newton(f, fp, x0 f(x0) / fp(x0));
- 6 end
- end

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Non-Convergence Math

- Newton's method could get stuck when f'(x) = 0.
- In that case, start with a different random initial guess.
- Newton's method could also diverge around an unstable root.
- In that case, a variation of Newton's method need to be used.

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Secant Method Step Quiz

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Secant Method Math

- Secant method is used instead of Newton's method when the derivative function is unknown or costly to compete.
- Two initial guesses are required, x₀ and x₁, and the Newton's update is replaced by

$$x = x - \frac{f(x)}{\frac{f(x) - f(x')}{x - x'}} = \frac{x'f(x) - xf(x')}{f(x) - f(x')}, \text{ where } x' \text{ is the } x$$

in the previous iteration.

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Secant Method Diagram

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Secant Method

- Code for Newton's Method
- function x = secant(f, x1, x0)
- 2 if abs(f(x1)) < 0.0001 % Solution is close to x_1

- else % Secant update
- x2 = (x0 * f(x1) x1 * f(x0)) / (f(x1) f(x0))

- 🛛 end
- end

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Comparison with Newton's Method

- Secant method is not the same as Netwon's method with the numerical derivative computed using finite differences, but when x and x' are close, a step using Secant method does approximate a step using Newton's method.
- In general, Newton's method usually takes fewer iterations.
- If it is costly to evaluate f'(x), the secant method could be faster than Newton's method.

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MATLAB Solver

- *fzero* (*f*, [x0, x1]) searches for the solution of f(x) = 0 between x_0 and x_1 , assuming $f(x_0) f(x_1) \leq 0$.
- fzero (f, x0) starts at x₀ and search for the solution of f (x) = 0 using a variation of the secant method.

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Extension to System of Equations

Both Newton's method and Secant method can be extended to solving a system of non-linear equations F (x) = 0. The Jacobian matrix is used in place of the derivative. The updates are given by x = x - J_F⁻¹ (x) F (x).

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Course Evaluation

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